Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended

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Local Unit of Go	iscal Year End Opinion Date				Local Unit Name		County	
☐County	□City	□Twp	□Village	⊠Other	City of Kalam	azoo	Kalamazoo	
Fiscal Year End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submitted to State		
December	31, 2006		June 28, 2	2007		June 29, 2007		

We affirm that:

We are certified public accountants licensed to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the

lan	agen	nent I	Letter (report of comments and recommendations).
	YES	9	Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)
1.	×		All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.
2.		×	There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.
3.	X		The local unit is in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury.
4.	×		The local unit has adopted a budget for all required funds.
5.	×		A public hearing on the budget was held in accordance with State statute.
6.	×		The local unit has not violated the Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, or other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division.
7.		X	The local unit has not been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.
8.	X		The local unit only holds deposits/investments that comply with statutory requirements.
9.		×	The local unit has no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the <i>Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> , as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).
10.	X		There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that has not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.
11.	X		The local unit is free of repeated comments from previous years.
12.	X		The audit opinion is UNQUALIFIED.
13.	×		The local unit has complied with GASB 34 or GASB 34 as modified by MCGAA Statement #7 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
14.	X		The board or council approves all invoices prior to payment as required by charter or statute.
15.	X	П	To our knowledge, bank reconciliations that were reviewed were performed timely.

If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.

We have enclosed the following:	Enclosed	Enclosed Not Required (enter a brief justification)							
Financial Statements	\boxtimes								
The letter of Comments and Recommendations	\boxtimes								
Other (Describe) Single Audit	\boxtimes								
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)		Telephon	Telephone Number						
REHMANN ROBSON		517.78	517.787.6503						
Street Address		City		State	Zip				
675 Robinson Road		Jackson			49203				
Authorizing CPA Signature	Prin	ted Name		License N	Number				
Statute Then of	S1	ephen W. Blann	, CPA, CGFM		24801				

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

City Commission

Hannah J. McKinney, Mayor Bobby J. Hopewell, Vice Mayor

Don Cooney
David Anderson
Mary Balkema
Barbara Hamilton Miller
Sean McCann

Prepared by: Management Services Department, Budget & Accounting Division

City Manager: Kenneth P. Collard, ICMA-CM, P.E.

Independent Auditors: Rehmann Robson

Cover design by: Ava Garrison Cover printed by: Allegra Print & Imaging

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OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER

241 W. South Street Kalamazoo, MI 49007-4796 Phone: (269) 337-8047 Fax: (269) 337-8182 www.kalamazoocity.org

June 28, 2007

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and Citizens of the City of Kalamazoo:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill the City of Kalamazoo's requirement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

This financial report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Kalamazoo. Therefore, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Kalamazoo's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

Rehmann Robson, Certified Public Accounts, have issued an unqualified opinion on the City of Kalamazoo's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial sections of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally-mandated "Single Audit" in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the separately issued City's Single Audit Report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Kalamazoo, incorporated in 1884, is located between Chicago and Detroit in the southwest corner of Michigan and encompasses an area of approximately 26 square miles. The current population of the City is approximately 77,145. The City, also the county seat, is home to Western Michigan University, a state-designated Research I university, as well as Kalamazoo College, a private liberal arts college, and Kalamazoo Valley Community College. As a municipality of the State of Michigan, the City of Kalamazoo is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City of Kalamazoo has operated under the commission-manager form of government since 1918. As required by the City Charter, the seven member commission is elected at-large on a non-partisan basis to serve two-year terms of office. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in an elected commission consisting of seven members, all serving part-time. The Commission member, who receives the highest number of votes becomes the Mayor, serves as the executive head of the Commission. The Commission member receiving the second highest number of votes becomes the Vice Mayor and performs the duties of the Mayor in his or her absence. The City Manager is the Chief Administrative Office of the City and is appointed by the Commission to serve at its pleasure. With the exception of the City's Assessor, Attorney, Clerk and Internal Auditor who are also appointed by the Commission, the City Manager is responsible is responsible for administering the policies and ordinances of the City Commission, for appointing the department heads of the City's various departments and overseeing day-to-day operations of the City.

City Services

The City of Kalamazoo provides a full range of traditional government services, including police and fire protection; economic and community development activities; recreational and cultural activities and the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure. Unique for a City of its size, the City operates its police and fire services under the public safety concept, in which members of the department are cross-trained to perform both police and fire services. In addition, the City of Kalamazoo operates water and wastewater systems. Both systems are regional in character, serving a large portion of the county outside of the City of Kalamazoo's corporate limits, and both are financially self-supporting. Both Utilities have significant excess capacity compared to current usage.

The City has three tax-increment-financed districts within its boundaries: a Downtown Development Authority for its downtown area, a Brownfield Redevelopment Authority to redevelop blighted properties within its boundaries, and a Local Development Financing Authority for a business and technology research park. A tax-increment financing ("TIF") district captures incremental increases in property tax revenues and reinvests them within that district. In addition to these TIF districts, a portion of the City has been designated as a Renaissance Zone by the State of Michigan, which allows residents and businesses within that zone to enjoy exemption from property taxes and certain state taxes. These districts are discretely presented component units of the City.

Citizens are also served by the City's Metro Transit System, a discretely presented component unit of the City of Kalamazoo, which provides mass-transportation services throughout the City, including Western Michigan University, and into outlying areas.

In addition, the City of Kalamazoo has four other legally separate component units, the Economic Development Corporation, Hospital Finance Authority, Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association and the Kalamazoo Building Authority, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Additional information on all seven of these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Budgeting Control

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Kalamazoo's financial planning and control. The City Charter requires that the City Manager submit to the City Commission an estimate of revenues and contemplated expenditures for the following fiscal year by December 1. An interim appropriation resolution is passed by January 1 to continue normal operations and by February 1 of each year the City Commission passes an annual appropriation resolution approving the estimated expenditures. The budget is adopted at the departmental level; Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the commission. Legislative actions by the City Commission to issue bonds, accept grants and authorize special assessment projects are considered authority to expend funds for those purposes. Unexpended capital project appropriations automatically carry forward to the next fiscal year. All other appropriations lapse at year-end, except for those specifically approved to be carried forward by the City Commission.

The City Commission adopts budgets for the General Fund and all special revenue funds, as required by Michigan statute. The Commission also adopts budgets for capital projects, enterprise funds, and the administrative portion of the pension fund, although not required by the State of Michigan.

The budget has been approved in accordance with GAAP for all governmental funds with the exception of property taxes, as the State of Michigan property tax calendar (which begins July 1) differs from the City's fiscal year (which begins January 1). The City Charter allows property taxpayers to pay their taxes in twelve (12) monthly installments. Property taxes are budgeted in the year levied, even though they are not fully available to finance operations in the current year. Because GAAP requires the recognition of only those property tax collections made during the fiscal year with a sixty-day accrual period, the City prepares dual statements for its General and Solid Waste funds, one in conformity with GAAP, and one on a "Non-GAAP, budgetary basis". Further discussion on this difference and its implication is provided in the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the note disclosures.

Cash Management Policies and Practices

The City's investments, managed by the City Treasurer, are guided by an investment policy adopted by the City Commission in compliance with statutory requirements for municipal investments. Due to their long-term nature, funds for the City's pension fund and Cemetery Perpetual Care fund maintain separate investment portfolios, as allowed by State law, and are managed by an Investment Committee appointed by the City Commission.

Risk Management

The City is predominantly self-insured for general liability, workers' compensation, life and health insurance. The City's policy is to recognize the cost of these claims at the time the liability is incurred in the Insurance and Benefits Fund. The estimated uninsured claim liability (both reported and incurred but not reported) has been recorded as a liability in the Insurance and Benefits Fund. Additional information on risk management can be found in the note disclosures.

Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits

The City sponsors a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for its employees. A five-member Board of Trustees is empowered to administer the system. A six-member Investment Committee appointed by the City Commission is responsible for the investment of the system's assets.

As of December 31, 2006, the City of Kalamazoo Employee Retirement System had 1,534 members. Each year, an independent actuary calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City must make to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retirees and beneficiaries on a timely basis. Due to the Plan's over-funded status, no contribution was required of the City for fiscal year 2006. The funded status, defined as the percentage of actuarial assets to actuarial liabilities, increased from 143.5% in 2005 to 148.4% as of December 31, 2006, due to favorable asset experience.

The City also provides post-employment health care benefits for certain retirees and their beneficiaries. These benefits are financed on a pay-as-you go basis. Current GAAP does not require governments to report a liability in the financial statements in connection with an employer's obligation to provide these benefits. Additional information on the City's pension arrangements and post-employment benefits can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

SEC Disclosure under Rule 15c2-12

Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15c2-12 requires that issuers of municipal securities undertake to provide certain annual financial information to various information repositories. In recognition that a CAFR is an appropriate disclosure document for providing information useful to existing and potential investors in the secondary market, and in order to meet our obligation to provide periodic disclosure for the secondary market, as required by Rule 15c2-12, the City of Kalamazoo has elected to include in this CAFR tables providing quantitative data on those activities which require such disclosure. Those tables can be found in the statistical section of the CAFR.

Local Economy

Kalamazoo has a diverse regional economy, anchored by major employers in the pharmaceutical (Pfizer), health care product (Stryker Corp.), health services (Bronson and Borgess regional hospitals), banking (National City), and higher education (Western Michigan University, Kalamazoo College, and Kalamazoo Valley Community College) industries. Kalamazoo's workforce is as diverse as its economy, ranging from those skilled in manufacturing to research scientists. At the same time, enrollment in local universities and colleges exceeds 45,000 students, creating a base of potential employees that is highly attractive to business and industry.

A long-time cultural and commercial center for the region, Kalamazoo has made tremendous strides over the past decade to revitalize its central business district, and downtown Kalamazoo has now become a dining and entertainment hub, with much of the new activity occurring in restored historic buildings. The Radisson Plaza Hotel, located in the heart of downtown, celebrated the completion of its \$33 million renovation, including a new façade, the addition of 71 rooms (including suites and long-term stay rooms), a new restaurant, and several upscale shops. Other major projects underway include the \$4.6 million renovation of the United Electric Building; the public-private \$27 million multi-screen movie theater, parking ramp and retail/residential project at 141 East South Street; continued progress on Bronson Healthcare Group's campus master plan and several smaller projects resulting in preservation of historic structures and creation of residential loft space. The Arcadia Commons project, the new \$180 million Bronson Hospital campus, improvements to the downtown mall, the \$33 million expansion of the Kalamazoo Gazette, the \$3.3 million project to renovate 2 buildings in the downtown into new entertainment and restaurant venues and projects discussed above account for more than \$450 million in total new investment downtown over the past 10 years.

In 2005, a group of anonymous citizens interested in the economic strength and quality of life in the City of Kalamazoo made a tremendous contribution on behalf of Kalamazoo Public School System students. All students who graduate from Kalamazoo Public Schools, are residing in the district, and have been students four years or more will be given funding for college tuition and mandatory fees. The amount of available dollars depends on years of residency and the number of grades attended in KPS, up to 100% of tuition and mandatory fees. The funds will be available to use at any public university or community college in the State of Michigan. The scholarships that now await graduates of Kalamazoo Public Schools go a long way toward making the school-improvement goal a done deal and in the process, could launch an unprecedented boon to business and economic development.

The City has completed plans for redevelopment along the Kalamazoo River on the eastern edge of downtown using \$2.9 million in state grant money for land acquisition and site preparation work leading to higher and better land uses, such as townhouses, unique commercial venues, and public amenities designed to draw people to the waterfront.

Western Michigan University's \$72.5 million College of Engineering opened its doors in 2003, and the adjoining Business, Technology and Research Park (BTR) saw new investment from life science, advanced engineering, and high technology companies. In its first five years of existence, 33 private-sector businesses have been attracted to the BTR Park: 18 life-science companies, 7 advanced engineering firms and 1 information technology company. Currently, 20 these businesses have laboratory and office space in the Southwest Michigan Innovation Center (SMIC). In addition, 103 acres of the 137-acre BTR site have been developed, are under construction, or are under option.

Pfizer, the area's largest employer, has reduced staff at its research and chemical storage facilities in the City and company officials have demolished approximately \$24 million of its downtown campus buildings. In addition, approximately \$15 million in new investment in the downtown has created an attractive, useful, and secure campus providing maximum flexibility for future growth.

The City continues to make progress in the area of affordable housing. The City also developed a 10-point affordable housing strategy used as the foundation for a countywide initiative.

The City of Kalamazoo initiated the creation of the countywide transit authority, which marks the first efforts to improving the transportation system throughout the County. Additionally, we completed \$13 million of facility renovations in August of 2006 to rehabilitate the historical Intermodal Transportation Center (bus/train station) and construct new transfer station for Metro Transit and inter-city buses.

Long-term financial planning

The City of Kalamazoo believes long-term financial planning has been and will continue to be a vital component to ensure the City's fiscal health. The City Commission identified six strategic focus areas which focus on: Economic Vitality, Neighborhood Development, Environmental Stewardship, Community Building, Responsive and Responsible Government, and Fiscal Stewardship.

Fiscal year 2007 is expected to be another difficult year as state-shared revenues and other revenues continue to lag behind expenditures. This situation is not unique to our community. A number of Michigan cities – especially those in urban centers – have been reducing government services in recent years.

The City's tax growth is limited by Proposal A, which caps growth in taxable value. This capping tax base growth has a negative affect on most communities in Michigan, but is a particular hardship for central city communities like Kalamazoo due to the built out nature of our community. Combined with a slow-growing economy, Proposal A hinders the ability of local government to address new service needs in the community without impacting basic municipal services.

In 2006, the City developed a five-year Fiscal Plan (The Plan) utilizing a methodology designed to identify and embrace new realities, strategies, and opportunities. The Plan embodies achievement of balanced annual budgets, establishment and maintenance of strategic prudent reserve funds, responsible reinvestment in capital infrastructure, and efficient use of resources. Expenditures will be primarily reduced through comprehensive analysis for cost containment, establishment of reserves and use of alternative funding sources, and non-head count efficiency improvements. Revenue will be increased through new or alternative funding.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officer's Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Kalamazoo for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. This was the eleventh consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual finance report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

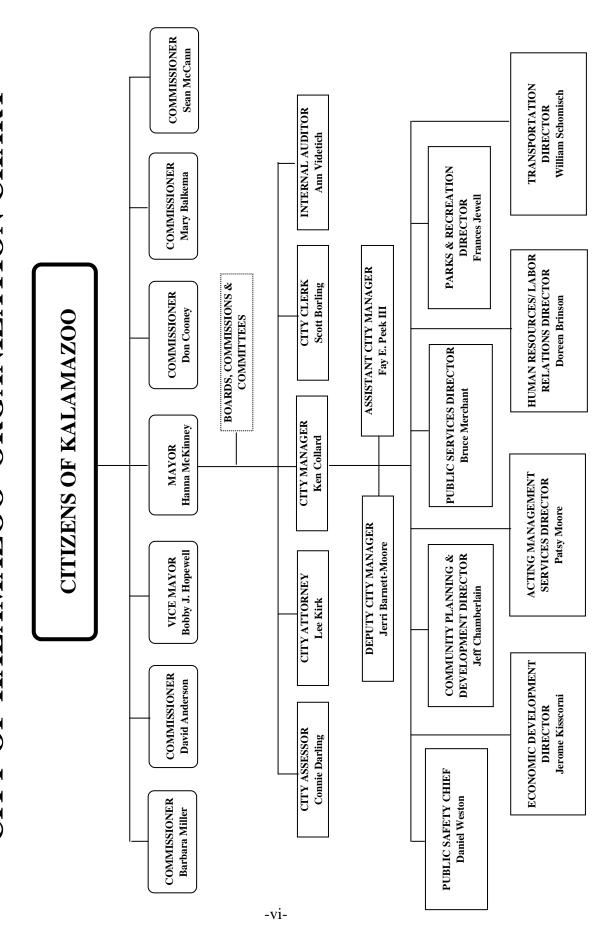
A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting in to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the City of Kalamazoo. We want to thank all involved in the financial monitoring and reporting of City activities, especially the Budget & Accounting Division and specifically Ms. Cathy Lawson, Budget & Accounting Manager. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing commission for their unfailing support to maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Kalamazoo's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Kenneth P. Collard City Manager

CITY OF KALAMAZOO ORGANIZATION CHART



CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

City Commission

Hannah J. McKinney, Mayor Bobby J. Hopewell, Vice Mayor

Don Cooney
David Anderson
Mary Balkema
Barbara Hamilton Miller
Sean McCann

CITY ADMINISTRATION

City Manager: Kenneth P. Collard, ICMA-CM, P.E.

Jerome Kisscorni, Acting Executive Director of Economic Development Corporation Jerri Barnett-Moore, Assistant City Manager
Doreen Brinson, Human Resources/Labor Relations Director
Daniel Weston, Chief of Public Safety
Patsy Moore, Budget and Accounting Director/Comptroller
William Schomisch, Transportation Director
Frances Jewell, Parks & Recreation Director
Duane Hettinger, Information Technology Director
Patsy Moore, Acting Management Services Director/Chief Financial Officer
Bruce Merchant, Public Services Director

MANAGEMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Patsy Moore, Budget & Accounting Director/ Comptroller Wade Carlson, City Treasurer Constance Darling, City Assessor

CITY COMMISSION APPOINTEES

Lee Kirk, City Attorney Scott Borling, City Clerk Ann Videtich, Internal Auditor Constance Darling, City Assessor Nick Lam, Purchasing Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Kalamazoo Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial
Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers
Association of the United States and Canada to
government units and public employee retirement
systems whose comprehensive annual financial
reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest
standards in government accounting
and financial reporting.

STATE OFFICE OF STATES OF

President

Executive Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 28, 2007

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kalamazoo, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan*, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Kalamazoo's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Downtown Development Authority and the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association, which represent 13.3% and 4.1% of the assets and 24.2% and 5.3% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units, respectively. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Downtown Development Authority and the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kalamazoo, Michigan, as of December 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2007, on our consideration of the City of Kalamazoo, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters, in a separately issued single audit report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-20 and the historical pension supplementary information for the Employees Retirement System listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and do not express opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Kalamazoo's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Rehmann Lohan

As management of the City of Kalamazoo, Michigan, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$333,503,345 (*net assets*). Of this amount, \$31,636,003 (*unrestricted net assets*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$8,800,375 or 2.71%. This net increase was a combination of a \$7.3 million increase in governmental activities net assets and a \$1.5 million increase in business-type activity net assets.
- The City's total bonded debt increased by \$3,390,000 during the current fiscal year; two General Obligation debt bonds and one Water System Supply Revenue bond and defeasance of debt net the scheduled repayment of bonded debt.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's *governmental funds* reported combined ending fund balances of \$30,096,822, an increase of \$3,387,070 in comparison of the prior year. Approximately 33% of the combined fund balances, or \$9,931,721, was available for spending at the government's discretion ("unreserved fund balance"). However of that amount, \$5,980,948 was attributable to special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds and permanent funds. Fund balances in those funds must be used for their intended purposes.
- The General Fund *non-GAAP*, *budgetary* (see explanation under the General Fund financial analysis) unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the general fund was \$8,354,647, or 15.8% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources. For the purpose of the City's policy, amounts designated as budgeted for use in the next year, \$1,856,812 for 2007 is added to the unreserved, undesignated fund balance, resulting in a fund balance of \$10,211,459, or 19.3%. The General Fund *GAAP* unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the general fund was \$2,771,305 or 5.2% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources.
- Combined business-type activities net assets increased \$1,510,058 in 2006. This increase included \$2.8 million increase to net assets in the Water Fund, due mainly to \$3.5 million capital contributions received (revenues for extensions and system improvements from an outside party) and a \$2.3 million operating loss in the Wastewater fund.

Overview and Analysis of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Kalamazoo's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation and sick leave)

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, highways and streets, parks and recreation, economic development and community development. The business-type activities of the City include wastewater, water and other enterprise operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Building Authority, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21-22 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains nineteen (19) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the City's general funds; solid waste, neighborhood and community development special revenue funds; and the Building authority debt service fund. Data from the other fifteen (15) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, special revenue and capital projects. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-30 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, *enterprise funds* and *internal service funds*. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater, water, and farmer's market. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate cost internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its equipment maintenance, self-insurance, engineering services, city-wide maintenance, and printing/mail services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the wastewater and water systems, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, all of the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-36 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found of pages 37-38 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41-75 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. This is limited to a schedule concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 76 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non major funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules can be found on pages 77-122 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Kalamazoo, assets exceeded liabilities by \$333,503,345 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets, \$261,491,151 or 78.4 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets, \$40,376,191 or 12.1 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Restricted net assets include amounts set aside for endowments, debt service, debt-financed projects, long-term advances, and externally mandated commitments. The remaining balance of *unreserved net assets*, \$31,636,003 or 9.5 percent may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

City of Kalamazoo's Net Assets

	Governmen	tal a	activities	Business-ty	pe a	ctivities		1	Total	
	2006		2005	2006		2005		2006		2005
			42 400 204	20.450.222		24 000 225				0.4.500.504
Current and other assets	\$ 65,112,763	\$	62,608,201	\$ 30,470,223	\$	31,900,325	\$	95,582,986	\$	94,508,526
Capital assets, net	 170,061,365		164,317,599	 175,817,594		170,911,106		345,878,959		335,228,705
Total assets	 235,174,128		226,925,800	206,287,817		202,811,431		441,461,945		429,737,231
Long-term liabilities outstanding	72,391,833		70,003,278	25,765,201		24,569,774		98,157,034		94,573,052
Other liabilities	6,259,575		7,690,119	3,541,991		2,771,090		9,801,566		10,461,209
Total liabilities	78,651,408		77,693,397	29,307,192		27,340,864	_	107,958,600		105,034,261
Not seed to										
Net assets:										
Invested in capital assets, net										
of related debt	109,408,557		105,799,049	152,082,594		148,221,106		261,491,151		254,020,155
Restricted	28,757,898		30,343,486	11,618,293		14,823,500		40,376,191		45,166,986
Unrestricted	18,356,265		13,089,868	 13,279,738		12,425,961		31,636,003		25,515,829
Total net assets	\$ 156,522,720	\$	149,232,403	\$ 176,980,625	\$	175,470,567	\$	333,503,345	\$	324,702,970

The government's net assets increased \$8,800,375 or 2.71% during the current fiscal year as compared to an increase of \$9,823,830 for the prior year. This net increase was a combination of a \$7.3 million increase in governmental activities net assets and a \$1.5 million increase in business-type activity net assets.

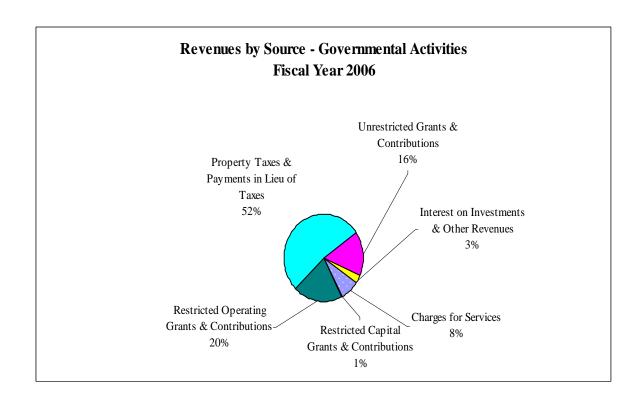
City of Kalamazoo's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmenta	al a	ctivities	Business-ty	pe a	ctivities	Tot		
	2006		2005	2006		2005	2006		2005
Revenue:									,
Program revenue:									
Charges for services	\$ 5,240,627	\$	6,496,443	\$ 28,975,685	\$	27,371,600	\$ 34,216,312	\$	33,868,043
Operating grants and contributions	13,439,433		18,002,937	1,010,733		1,422,097	14,450,166		19,425,034
Capital grants and contributions	393,565		479,577	3,618,003		6,316,121	4,011,568		6,795,698
General revenue:									
Property taxes	35,148,859		33,066,650	-		-	35,148,859		33,066,650
Grants and contributions not									
restricted to specific programs	10,967,559		10,461,886	8,645		(8,646)	10,976,204		10,453,240
Other	1,802,340		1,173,843	183,650		21,168	1,985,990		1,195,011
Total revenue	66,992,383		69,681,336	33,796,716		35,122,340	100,789,099		104,803,676
Expenses:									
General government	6,491,807		5,307,982	-		_	6,491,807		5,307,982
Public safety	29,898,894		30,897,982	-		-	29,898,894		30,897,982
Economic Development	527,345		902,612	-		-	527,345		902,612
Community Dev and Planning	5,051,199		6,193,305	-		-	5,051,199		6,193,305
Parks	894,120		905,279	-		-	894,120		905,279
Recreation	1,855,689		1,583,015	-		-	1,855,689		1,583,015
Public works	5,255,159		5,532,502	-		-	5,255,159		5,532,502
Streets	6,636,399		7,085,322	-		-	6,636,399		7,085,322
Interest on long-term debt	3,091,454		3,119,829	-		-	3,091,454		3,119,829
Wastewater	-		-	20,370,767		20,770,198	20,370,767		20,770,198
Water	-		-	11,875,242		11,392,060	11,875,242		11,392,060
Other	0			40,649		1,119,540	40,649		1,119,540
Total expenses	59,702,066		61,527,828	 32,286,658		33,281,798	91,988,724		94,809,626
Increase in net assets before transfers Transfers	7,290,317		8,153,508	1,510,058		1,840,542	8,800,375		9,994,050
Change in net assets	 7,290,317		8,153,508	 1,510,058		1,840,542	 8,800,375		9,994,050
Change in het assets	7,290,317		6,133,308	1,310,038		1,040,342	0,000,373		7,774,030
Net assets - beginning, as restated	 149,232,403		141,078,895	 175,470,567		173,630,025	 324,702,970		314,708,920
Net assets - end of year	\$ 156,522,720	\$	149,232,403	\$ 176,980,625	\$	175,470,567	\$ 333,503,345	\$	324,702,970

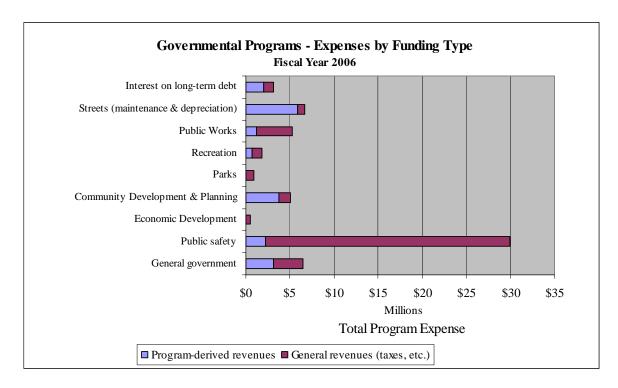
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets \$7.3 million, accounting for 82.8 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Property taxes increased by \$1,875,872 or 6.2%, on a non-GAAP, budgetary basis from 2005, primarily as a result of personal property tax audits resulting in increased collections.
- Interest earnings increased by \$500,940 from favorable investment activity.

While some revenue for governmental activities is derived from charges specific to programs, the majority of programs are generally subsidized by tax revenues and/or by intergovernmental aid. In total, for fiscal year 2006, 71% of governmental program expenses were funded by a combination of property taxes, revenue sharing from the State of Michigan, unrestricted grants and contributions, interest earnings, and reserves as depicted on the following chart.



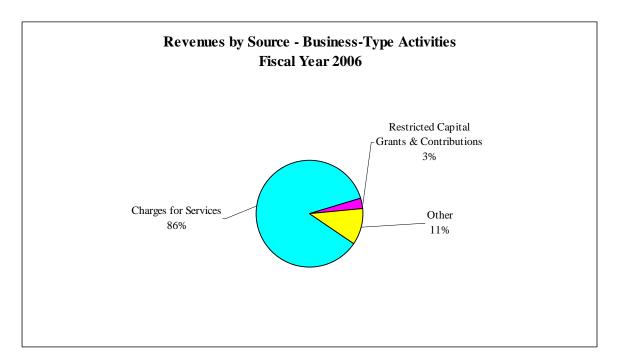
The following chart depicts the total expenses for each governmental program for the City of Kalamazoo and the degree to which they are self-supporting and/or subsidized.



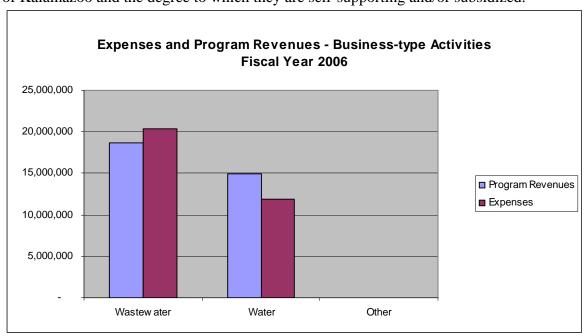
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increase the City's net assets by \$1.5 million, accounting for 17.2 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. The key element of this increase follows:

- Capital contributions emerged as a major revenue source for the Water fund during the current fiscal year, producing \$3.5 million in revenue.
- Interest earnings increased by approximately \$512,000 from favorable investment activity
- Decrease in various charges for services in the Water and Wastewater System.
- Inflationary increases in expenditures.

In contrast to governmental activities, business-type activities are funded through user fees and charges. Business-type activities of the City include wastewater, water, and a farmer's market. In 2006, 86% of business-type activity revenues were derived from charges for services, 3% were funded through capital grants and contributions, with the remaining 11% attributable to other revenue sources, as depicted in the following chart:



The following chart depicts the total expenses for each business-type activity for the City of Kalamazoo and the degree to which they are self-supporting and/or subsidized.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds.

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$30,096,822, an increase of \$3,387,070 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 33% of this total amount (\$9,931,721) constitutes *unreserved*, *undesignated fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved or designated* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) for encumbrances, inventories, and prepaid expenditures, 2) for advances to other funds and component units, 3) to generate income to pay for the municipal cemetery and future recreation programs, and 4) designated for use for next year's expenditures.

General Fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Kalamazoo. Because of the City's property tax installment payment option provided for in the City charter, some property tax collections, \$5,583,342 for 2006, are collected after the time period allowed for revenue recognition by Generally Accepted Accounting Principals (GAAP). As a result the City reports two fund balances in the fund financial statements, a "GAAP" fund balance and a "non-GAAP, budgetary basis" fund balance.

The City has a formal unreserved, undesignated fund balance policy target, using the *non-GAAP*, *budgetary* fund balance, of 13-15% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources. At the end of the current fiscal year, the non-GAAP, *budgetary unreserved*, *undesignated fund balance* for the general fund was \$8,354,647, or 15.8% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources. For the purpose of the City's policy, amounts designated as budgeted for use in the next year, \$1,856,812 for 2007 is added to the unreserved, undesignated fund balance, resulting in a fund balance of \$10,211,459, or 19.3%.

The GAAP unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the general fund was \$2,771,305 or 5.2% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources. This was a \$1.3 million increase from 2005 and resulted from a combination of a planned increase in the non-GAAP, budgetary fund balance; a \$261 thousand increase in property tax deferrals, which results in less property tax revenues being recognized; and a \$1.8 million designation of fund balance for operational uses in 2007.

The fund experienced a \$3,059,117 *non-GAAP*, *budgetary* fund balance increase during 2006. However, the increase was actually \$5,299,775, since fund balance was budgeted to decrease by \$2.2 million in 2006. Revenues and other financing sources came in \$2,799,038 more than the amended budget. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$2,500,737 below budget, resulting in the favorable variance. However, \$2,783,383 of the positive expenditure and other financing source variance is being carried forward for spending in 2007 (recorded as designations of fund balance on the balance sheet). The General fund experienced an overall positive variance of \$5,299,775 between final amended budgeted expenditures and actual final results on a *non-GAAP budgetary basis*.

Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund. The Solid Waste fund is used to account for funds provided by a special tax millage for the collection and removal of solid waste.

Like the General Fund, the Solid Waste fund balance is reported using two bases: the non-GAAP, budgetary basis and the GAAP basis. The fund's *non-GAAP*, *budgetary* unreserved, undesignated fund balance increased \$546,020 during the course of 2006 to \$1,395,323. The GAAP basis unreserved, undesignated fund balance is \$893,363 (the entire fund balance is being carried forward for use in 2007). The increase in the non-GAAP, budgetary fund balance was attributable mainly to inflationary increases in property tax revenues in 2006 and decreased expenditures.

Neighborhood and Community Development Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for a variety of federal award programs, most notably the City's Community Development Block, HOME, and Emergency Shelter Grants.

During 2006, the fund balance increased \$432,533 to \$765,587, which was mainly due to the change in classification of current properties held for resale.

Building Authority Debt Service Fund. This debt service fund is used to account for the debt service activity of the Kalamazoo Building Authority, a blended component unit. Resources consist of the collection of lease payments by the Downtown Development Authority, as well as transfers from other funds for Building Authority-related debt repayment. While this fund generally operates on a cash-in, cash-out basis, it is designated as a major fund because of the relative size of assets and liabilities as compared to other funds.

During the year, the fund balance decreased \$155,981 to \$89,319. The fund balance is comprised of accumulated interest earnings and bond proceeds, which will be used to offset debt service payments in 2007.

Other (Non-major) Governmental Funds. During the year, the combined fund balance for the City's non-major governmental funds decreased \$221,335 to \$22,193,030. The majority of the \$22.1 million fund balance was attributable to capital improvement projects funds (\$9.2 million), special revenue funds used for major and local streets (\$3 million), economic activities (\$3.3 million), and endowments held for recreational and cemetery perpetual care purposes (\$5.3 million). Because resources for these funds are, for the most part, restricted to specific purposes, their fund balances are not available for general government use.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Wastewater Fund. *Unrestricted* net assets (the amount available for future spending) of the City's Wastewater fund amounted to \$5,577,550 as of December 31, 2006. The fund had a decrease in total net assets for the year of \$1,833,040.

Contributing to the decrease in total net assets was an operating loss of \$2,369,231. An operating loss was anticipated for 2006; however, operational savings helped to reduce the anticipated loss. Overall revenues decreased by \$1.27 million however, the industrial contract surcharge revenue decreased by \$2.58 million as a result of operational changes of some of our major users. Additionally, there was a combined revenue decrease of \$328 thousand from the various other customers. The total decrease in revenue of \$2.9 million was offset by the true-up revenue of \$1.6 million booked in 2006. The true-up has been a requirement of the Wastewater Utility since 1999. This adjustment computes the difference between projected and actual cost of service for outside city customers. The results of the study completed in 2006 showed that an additional \$1.6 million should have been collected.

The City has a financial policy, which targets minimum levels for certain reserves in the Wastewater Fund. The Operating Reserve (working capital) should be at least 90 days of budgeted operation & maintenance expense; the Emergency Capital Reserve should be at least equal to the prior year's depreciation expense; and the Environmental Clean-Up Reserve should be equal to the estimated present value cost of known, quantifiable and probable clean-up liabilities. As of December 31, 2006, the balances in these reserves were at or above the minimum levels.

Water Fund. *Unrestricted* net assets (the amount available for future spending) of the City's Water fund amounted to \$5,665,789 as of December 31, 2006. The fund had an increase in total net assets for the year of \$2,885,006 and an increase in unrestricted net assets of \$67,205.

The increase in net assets is primarily attributable to \$3.5 million of capital contributions (revenues received for extensions and improvements to the water distribution system that are paid for by an outside party, such as a homeowner or developer) received in 2006. Because that amount was used to purchase capital assets, it increased the amount of net assets reported as *Invested in capital assets*, net of related debt, thereby resulting in an increase by that amount in unrestricted net assets.

The Water Fund experienced an operating loss of \$107,215, due to inflationary increases in expenses.

The City has a financial policy, which targets minimum levels for certain reserves in the Water Fund. The Operating Reserve (working capital) should be at least 90 days of budgeted operation & maintenance expense. As of December 31, 2006, the Operating Reserves were at or above the minimum levels. The Emergency Capital Reserve is required to be at least equal to the prior year's depreciation expense. As of December 31, 2006, the balance was at the prior year's depreciation expense.

Other Enterprise Funds. During the year, the combined net assets for the City's non-major proprietary funds increased \$6,817 to \$132,976. The City Market (farmers' market) Fund represents the entire net asset balance, the unrestricted (amount not tied up in fixed assets) portion being \$42,549.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, there was a \$1,116,637 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended general fund budget adopted by the City Commission. Following are the main components of the increase:

- Unspent budget appropriations in the amount of \$818,574 from 2005 under the City's budgetary policies were re-appropriated in 2006.
- Various operating budget appropriations of \$94,322.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2006, totaled \$345.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; land improvements; buildings; water, wastewater, and storm sewer systems; vehicles and equipment; park facilities; roads; highways; and bridges. Net capital assets for governmental activities increased \$5.7 million, or 3.5%, while net business-type activity net assets increased \$4.9 million, or 2%, for business-type activities.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Implementation of the Eden ERP system and related hardware in the amount of \$508 thousand
- Construction, reconstruction, or widening of streets and sidewalks in the amount of \$6.4 million.
- Reconstruction of Ramp 3 (Gilmore Ramp) in the amount of \$2 million.

City of Kalamazoo's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental activities			Business-type activities				Total			
		2006	2005		2006	2005		2006		2005	
Land	\$	29,522,851 \$	29,497,851	\$	2,865,494 \$	2,875,383	\$	32,388,345	\$	32,373,234	
Building & Improvements		28,247,771	28,343,884		55,654,338	57,232,416		83,902,109		85,576,300	
Land Improvements		1,789,892	1,627,235		5,754,411	6,072,411		7,544,303		7,699,646	
Machinery & Equipment		4,423,092	4,235,700		11,921,167	12,713,917		16,344,259		16,949,617	
Vehicles		3,459,481	3,294,109		1,400,741	1,122,426		4,860,222		4,416,535	
Infrastructure		89,375,797	86,449,410		88,510,116	85,832,274		177,885,913		172,281,684	
Intangible Assets		-	-		1,320,993	570,225		1,320,993		570,225	
Construction in Progress		13,242,481	10,869,410		8,390,334	4,492,054		21,632,815		15,361,464	
Total	\$	170,061,365 \$	164,317,599	\$	175,817,594 \$	170,911,106	\$	345,878,959	\$	335,228,705	

Additional information on the City's capital assets, including detailed changes from 2005, can be found in Note III C on pages 60-62 of this report.

Long-term debt. In total, the City's long-term liabilities increased \$ 3,583,982 or 3.7% to \$98,157,034.

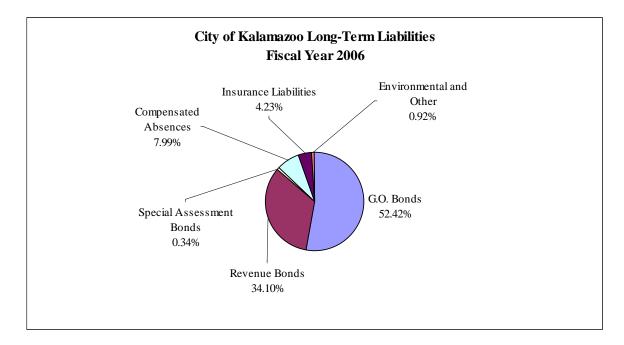
At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total *bonded* debt outstanding of \$84,795,000, an increase from 2005 of \$3,390,000. Of this amount, \$51,353,330 was comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government ("general obligation debt"). The remainder of the City's bonded debt represented \$33,540,000 in bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources ("revenue bonds"), and \$335,000 in bonds supported by a special assessment levy.

Michigan statutes limit the amount of *general obligation* debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of its total state equalized valuation. The current debt limitation for the City was \$191,839,442, which was significantly in excess of the City's \$85.2 million in outstanding general obligation debt.

During the current fiscal year, the City issued three new bonds: \$7,110,000 of new general obligation bonds and \$4,690,000 Water Supply Revenue bonds. The general obligation bonds were issued to fund the public sectors final commitment to the overall \$27 million Cinema/Ramp Project and to build the new Park Street Public Safety Station. In addition, \$2,400,000 of its existing debt was defeased to take of advantage of favorable interest rates.

Also contributing to the overall change in City long-term liabilities was a \$496,691 increase in other liabilities. The result of an increase in compensated absences and uninsured claim liabilities.

The major categories of long-term liabilities are depicted in the following graph:



Additional information on the City's long-term debt, including comparisons by category to 2005, can be found in note disclosures on pages 63-69.

Bond Ratings

The following chart depicts the City's credit rating for the various outstanding debt and the different rating agencies as of December 31, 2006.

_	Fitch	S&P
Water and wastewater revenue bonds	AA-	AA-
General obligation limited tax bonds	AA	AA
General obligation unlimited tax bonds	AA	AA

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Kalamazoo is a mid-sized, urban Michigan municipality. Like many other urban communities, the City is "built-out", meaning its land, for the most part, is developed, and that other local units of government, which prohibits any boundary expansion, surround it. While proactive in its economic development policies (see the Transmittal Letter for a more in-depth description), the City faces challenges common of most aging urban communities.

The City is home to the main campuses of Western Michigan University, from which the City derives immense economic and intellectual benefits. However, because of the university's location, as well as being the County seat, 40% of the City's land is considered non-taxable. Furthermore, the voters to the State of Michigan have, over the years, enacted two property tax growth control measures, the "Headlee Amendment" and "Proposal A". These measures have the effect of limiting property tax revenue growth to rate of inflation, which has been unusually low the past several years.

Since 2002, the City and other Michigan local governments have experienced a significant reduction in state revenue sharing. As a result of above-mentioned factors, the City levies the maximum charter millage rate. Reductions in state revenue sharing, a cumulative amount of \$11.8 million since 2000, combined with the property tax limitation measures and the large amount of tax-exempt properties, have presented significant challenges to the City in maintaining service levels.

To address these fiscal challenges, the City has enacted a number of budgeting measures over the past several years, including reductions in staffing and certain support area service levels. Additionally, the City has developed a five-year fiscal plan "Blueprint for Action: A Sustainable Community", which details the foundation for a transformation from budgeting based on "allocation of resources" to an outcomes based approach. The 2007 budget begins to implement this new approach to budgeting, which will focus on positively impacting the quality of life for all citizens of the Kalamazoo community.

The fiscal plan includes updates to the formal City of Kalamazoo's General Fund Reserve Policy that guides the creation, maintenance and use of reserves. The fund balance of the General Operating Fund will be budgeted within the target range of 13-15 percent of budgeted annual operating revenues. As well, the City has created two formal reserve accounts to provide fiscal stability from year to year and provide emergency funds to replace unanticipated equipment failures or for unscheduled economic development initiatives.

The 2007 budget once again maintains basic services and infrastructure, economic growth, neighborhood and community development, affordable housing and expansion of the resource base. The 2007 fiscal year budget increases operational General Fund spending by 5% from fiscal year 2006 amended budget, despite contractual wage increases and the escalating cost of health care, while transferring a significant amount, \$4.1 million or 7.7% of total expenditures, for capital project needs. Additionally, the City has set-aside \$600 thousand into two different fund reservation accounts for Capital Reserve funds and Budget Stabilization funds.

For fiscal year 2007, the ending fund balance is budgeted to come in at 14% of revenues and other financing sources.

Property tax millage rates are budgeted to remain the same in fiscal year 2007.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's Management Services Director, 241 W. South Street, Kalamazoo, Michigan 49007.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2006

		F	rim	ary Government					
	G	overnmental	В	Business-type			Component		
		Activities	activities Activities Total				Units		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,048,689	\$	9,059,588 \$	32,108,277	\$	5,640,630		
Investments		4,366,705		-	4,366,705		-		
Receivables, net		31,341,826		6,707,523	38,049,349		6,880,947		
Internal balances		731,935		(731,935)	-		-		
Prepaid items and other assets		1,132,715		1,776,481	2,909,196		410,712		
Restricted cash		1,955,462		2,864,900	4,820,362		1,503,865		
Restricted investments		-		10,793,666	10,793,666		1,132,909		
Investments with agents		2,122,798		-	2,122,798		-		
Assets held for resale		412,633		-	412,633		-		
Capital assets not being depreciated		42,765,332		11,255,828	54,021,160		10,406,058		
Capital assets being depreciated, net		127,296,033		164,561,766	291,857,799		10,748,485		
Total assets		235,174,128		206,287,817	441,461,945		36,723,606		
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		5,953,331		3,541,991	9,495,322		12,443,784		
Unearned revenue		306,244		-	306,244		1,476,371		
Long-term liabilities:		,			,		, ,		
Due within one year		7,746,521		1,673,775	9,420,296		329,042		
Due in more than one year		64,645,312		24,091,426	88,736,738		499,051		
Total liabilities		78,651,408		29,307,192	107,958,600		14,748,248		
Net assets									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		109,408,557		152,082,594	261,491,151		19,763,368		
Restricted net assets:									
Non-expendable restricted net assets		2,743,348		-	2,743,348		-		
Expendable restricted net assets:									
Debt service		6,662,283		-	6,662,283		-		
Major and local street projects		3,062,729		-	3,062,729		-		
Economic development projects		4,083,849		-	4,083,849		-		
Programs		12,205,689		11,618,293	23,823,982		-		
Unrestricted		18,356,265		13,279,738	31,636,003		2,211,990		
Total net assets	\$	156,522,720	\$	176,980,625 \$	333,503,345	\$	21,975,358		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Program Revenues							
Expenses			Charges for Services	C	ontributions,		Capital Frants and entributions		
\$	6.491.807	\$	2.988.396	\$	181.004	\$	_		
-		-		-	,	-	393,565		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		*				_		
	,		,		,		_		
	894,120		22,194		90		_		
	1,855,689		318,978		388,741		=		
	5,255,159		290,226		954,124		=		
	6,636,399		43,196		5,777,896		=		
	3,091,454		-		2,022,351		-		
	59,702,066		5,240,627		13,439,433		393,565		
	20,370,767		17,996,945		639,428		30,858		
	11,875,242		10,933,129		371,305		3,587,145		
	40,649		45,611		-		-		
	32,286,658		28,975,685		1,010,733		3,618,003		
\$	91,988,724	\$	34,216,312	\$	14,450,166	\$	4,011,568		
\$	7,822,304	\$	2,470,120	\$	1,309,965	\$	74,210		
	13,155,785		2,100,135		8,608,399		3,861,724		
	616,659		616,659		-		_		
	1,454,276		1,373,447		2,031		-		
_\$	23,049,024	\$	6,560,361	\$	9,920,395	\$	3,935,934		
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 6,491,807 29,898,894 527,345 5,051,199 894,120 1,855,689 5,255,159 6,636,399 3,091,454 59,702,066 20,370,767 11,875,242 40,649 32,286,658 \$ 91,988,724 \$ 7,822,304 13,155,785 616,659 1,454,276	\$ 6,491,807 \$ 29,898,894 \$ 527,345 \$ 5,051,199 \$ 894,120 \$ 1,855,689 \$ 5,255,159 \$ 6,636,399 \$ 3,091,454 \$ 59,702,066 \$ \$ 20,370,767 \$ 11,875,242 \$ 40,649 \$ 32,286,658 \$ 91,988,724 \$ \$ \$ 7,822,304 \$ 13,155,785 \$ 616,659 \$ 1,454,276	\$ 6,491,807 \$ 2,988,396 29,898,894 398,274 527,345 12,996 5,051,199 1,166,367 894,120 22,194 1,855,689 318,978 5,255,159 290,226 6,636,399 43,196 3,091,454 - 59,702,066 5,240,627 20,370,767 17,996,945 11,875,242 10,933,129 40,649 45,611 32,286,658 28,975,685 \$ 91,988,724 \$ 34,216,312 \$ 7,822,304 \$ 2,470,120 13,155,785 2,100,135 616,659 1,454,276 1,373,447	Expenses Charges for Services Ope Constructs \$ 6,491,807 \$ 2,988,396 \$ 29,898,894 \$ 29,898,894 \$ 398,274 \$ 527,345 \$ 12,996 \$ 5,051,199 \$ 1,166,367 \$ 894,120 \$ 22,194 \$ 1,855,689 \$ 318,978 \$ 5,255,159 \$ 290,226 \$ 6,636,399 \$ 43,196 \$ 3,091,454 \$ - \$ 59,702,066 \$ 5,240,627 20,370,767 \$ 17,996,945 \$ 11,875,242 \$ 10,933,129 \$ 40,649 \$ 45,611 \$ 32,286,658 \$ 28,975,685 \$ 91,988,724 \$ 34,216,312 \$ 7,822,304 \$ 2,470,120 \$ 13,155,785 \$ 2,100,135 616,659 616,659 \$ 1,454,276 \$ 1,373,447	Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest \$ 6,491,807 \$ 2,988,396 \$ 181,004 29,898,894 398,274 1,472,833 527,345 12,996 25,000 5,051,199 1,166,367 2,617,394 894,120 22,194 90 1,855,689 318,978 388,741 5,255,159 290,226 954,124 6,636,399 43,196 5,777,896 3,091,454 - 2,022,351 59,702,066 5,240,627 13,439,433 20,370,767 17,996,945 639,428 11,875,242 10,933,129 371,305 40,649 45,611 - 32,286,658 28,975,685 1,010,733 \$ 91,988,724 \$ 34,216,312 \$ 14,450,166 \$ 7,822,304 \$ 2,470,120 \$ 1,309,965 13,155,785 2,100,135 8,608,399 616,659 616,659 - 1,454,276 1,373,447 2,031	Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest Good Contribution Inte		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted

to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Contributions to permanent funds

Total general revenues and contributions

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year, as restated

Net assets, end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Primary Government			<u></u>
Governmental	Business-type	TD 4.1	Component
Activities	Activities	Total	Units
\$ (3,322,407)	\$ -	\$ (3,322,4	07) \$ -
(27,634,222)	-	(27,634,2	
(489,349)	-	(489,3	49) -
(1,267,438)	-	(1,267,4	38) -
(871,836)	-	(871,8	36) -
(1,147,970)	-	(1,147,9	70) -
(4,010,809)	-	(4,010,8	09) -
(815,307)	-	(815,3	07) -
(1,069,103)	-	(1,069,1	03) -
(40,628,441)	-	(40,628,4	41) -
	(1 702 526)	(1.702.5	36)
-	(1,703,536) 3,016,337	(1,703,5	
-	4,962	3,016,3 4,9	
	1,317,763	1,317,7	
	1,317,703	1,317,7	63 -
(40,628,441)	1,317,763	(39,310,6	78) -
-	-		- (3,968,009)
-	-		- 1,414,473
-	-		(79.709)
			- (78,798)
-	-		- (2,632,334)
25 140 050		25 140 0	50 5 700 566
35,148,859	-	35,148,8	59 5,700,566
10,967,559	8,645	10,976,2	04 -
1,757,763	36,799	1,794,5	
-	146,851	146,8	
44,577	-	44,5	77 -
47,918,758	192,295	48,111,0	53 5,703,066
7,290,317	1,510,058	8,800,3	75 3,070,732
1,270,317	1,510,050	0,000,5	3,010,132
149,232,403	175,470,567	324,702,9	70 18,904,626
\$ 156,522,720	\$ 176,980,625	\$ 333,503,3	45 \$ 21,975,358

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

		General		Solid Waste	Neighborhood and Community Development	I	Building Authority Debt Service
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,374,030	\$	697,716	\$ 478,124	\$	179,731
Investments		-		-	-		-
Receivables:		7 045 702		629.072			
Taxes Notes		7,845,783 98,000		628,072	6,297,826		-
Special assessments		13,273		-	0,297,820		-
Accrued interest		24,217		_	2,385		_
Other		1,619,692		-	76,832		_
Due from other funds		2,852,166		543,655	4,706		241
Due from component units		208,258		5,227	-		6,665,987
Due from other governments		232,824		-	295,054		-
Advances to other funds		340,000		-	-		-
Advances to component units		-		-	-		-
Prepaid items and other assets		126,371		-	-		-
Restricted cash		-		-	-		-
Investments with agents		-		-	412.622		-
Assets held for resale	-				412,633		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	17,734,614	\$	1,874,670	\$ 7,567,560	\$	6,845,959
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</u> Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	527,245	\$	294,585	\$ 101,742	\$	4,000
Accrued and other liabilities	Ψ	1,265,092	Ψ	2,050	15,408	Ψ	-1,000
Due to other funds		2,200,269		181,743	200,285		86,653
Due to component units		24,786		969	-		-
Due to other governments		20,670		-	16,093		-
Advances from other funds		-		-	-		-
Deposits payable		13,877		-	77,620		-
Deferred revenue		7,527,152		501,960	6,390,825		6,665,987
Total liabilities		11,579,091		981,307	6,801,973		6,756,640
Fund balance							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances		134,464		-	66,849		-
Prepaid items		126,371		-	-		-
Long-term receivables Advances to other funds		340,000		-	-		-
Advances to other funds Advances to component unit		340,000		-	-		-
Cemetery perpetual care		_		_	_		_
Recreational activities		_		_	-		_
Debt-financed projects		-		-	-		_
Neighborhood/community development		-		-	412,633		-
Unreserved:							
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures		2,783,383		-	-		89,319
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures,							
reported in nonmajor special revenue funds		-		-	-		-
Undesignated		2,771,305		893,363	286,105		-
Undesignated, reported in nonmajor:							
Special revenue funds Debt service funds		-		-	-		-
		-		-	-		-
Capital projects funds Permanent funds		-		-	-		-
Total fund balance		6,155,523		893,363	765,587		89,319
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	17,734,614	\$	1,874,670	\$ 7,567,560	\$	6,845,959
TO THE MAN AND THE PARTY OF THE	Ψ	17,731,017	Ψ	1,071,070	- ,,507,500		0,010,707

Other	
Governmental	
Funds	
	_

Funds	Total
\$ 10.572.766 \$	16 202 267
\$ 10,572,766 \$ 4,366,705	16,302,367 4,366,705
1,500,705	1,500,705
-	8,473,855
674,253	7,070,079
158,064	171,337
29,143	55,745
1,146,241 1,128,378	2,842,765 4,529,146
368,420	7,247,892
944,333	1,472,211
7,329	347,329
3,782,976	3,782,976
7,505	133,876
1,955,462	1,955,462
2,122,798	2,122,798
-	412,633
\$ 27,264,373 \$	61,287,176
\$ 542,786 \$	1,470,358
52,597	1,335,147
1,952,204	4,621,154
127,534	153,289
-	36,763
7,329	7,329
930,015	1,021,512
1,458,878	22,544,802
5,071,343	31,190,354
1,832,621	2,033,934
7,505 200,000	133,876 200,000
7,329	347,329
3,882,976	3,882,976
1,735,160	1,735,160
1,008,188	1,008,188
24,593	24,593
-	412,633
6,712,043	9,584,745
0,712,043	7,504,745
801,667	801,667
, -	3,950,773
2,025,320	2,025,320
159,276	159,276
1,185,692 2,610,660	1,185,692 2,610,660
2,010,000	2,010,000
22 102 020	30,096,822
22,193,030	
22,193,030	

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2006

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 30,096,822
	, , -

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore not reported in the funds.

Add: capital assets	279,457,966
Subtract: accumulated depreciation	(111,619,357)

Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Add: deferred property taxes	6,085,302
Add: other deferred revenues	16,170,856

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Add: net assets of governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds	6,693,476
Subtract: net assets allocated to business-type activities from governmental-type activity internal	
service funds	(1,862,121)
Subtract: net assets allocated to component units from governmental-type activity internal service	
funds	(538,925)

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Subtract: bonds and installment purchase contracts payable	(61,493,300)
Subtract: accrued interest on long-term debt	(680,440)
Subtract: compensated absences	(5,696,046)
Subtract: environmental liabililities	(710,011)
Subtract: unamortized bond premium	(197,401)

Costs associated with the issuance of bonds are expended in the individual funds, but are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of net assets.

Add: deferred charges for bond issuance costs	813,899

Net assets of governmental activities \$\\$156,522,720\$

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 General	Solid Waste	Neighborhood and Community Development	Building Authority Debt Service
Revenue				
Property taxes and special assessments	\$ 31,709,184	\$ 2,756,557	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	1,937,580	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenue	11,456,038	-	2,598,186	-
Charges for services	1,284,654	-	77,856	-
Fines and forfeits	44,884	-	-	-
Interest and dividends	1,296,667	17,122	9,697	13,790
Net investment earnings	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Rental of facilities	-	_	-	2,803,567
Other revenue	 4,882,724	6	4,809	
Total revenue	52,611,731	2,773,685	2,690,548	2,817,357
Expenditures				
Current expenditures:				
General government	8,988,625	_	-	_
Public safety (combined police & fire)	29,482,219	_	-	_
Economic development	500,000	_	-	_
Community development and planning	2,673,172	_	2,439,866	_
Parks and recreation	2,208,137	_	-	_
Public works	1,143,920	_	-	_
Cemeteries	-	_	-	_
Solid waste	_	2,239,957	_	_
Streets	_	-	_	_
Other	_	_	_	169,271
Debt service:				
Principal	-	_	-	2,190,000
Interest and fiscal charges	205,608	_	-	1,923,762
Capital outlay	-	-	-	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	 45,201,681	2,239,957	2,439,866	4,283,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	 7,410,050	533,728	250,682	(1,465,676)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	200,000	1,309,695
Transfers out	(4,648,630)	-	(18,149)	
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	36,705	-	-	-
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-
Bond premium	 -	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (4,611,925)	_	181,851	1,309,695
Net change in fund balances	2,798,125	533,728	432,533	(155,981)
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	3,357,398	359,635	333,054	245,300
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,155,523	\$ 893,363	\$ 765,587	\$ 89,319

Other Governmental Funds	Total
\$ 43,196	\$ 34,508,937
\$ 45,190	1,937,580
6,066,296	20,120,520
236,749	1,599,259
196,191	241,075
795,306	2,132,582
660,122	660,122
-	2,803,567
2,692,982	7,580,521
10,690,842	71,584,163
-	8,988,625
1,065,263	30,547,482
65,017	565,017
14,447	5,127,485
379,022	2,587,159
-	1,143,920
555,138	555,138
- 500 546	2,239,957
9,580,546	9,580,546
-	169,271
2,877,709	5,067,709
783,299	2,912,669
5,125,701	5,125,701
20,446,142	74,610,679
(9,755,300)	(3,026,516)
8,491,912	10,001,607
(6,091,679)	
-	36,705
7,110,000	7,110,000
23,732	23,732
9,533,965	6,413,586
(221,335)	3,387,070
22,414,365	26,709,752
\$ 22,193,030	\$ 30,096,822

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	3,387,070
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Add: capital outlay		10,821,566
Subtract: depreciation expense		(5,397,655)
Subtract: proceeds from the sale of capital assets		(36,705)
Subtract: loss on disposal of capital assets		(60,198)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not	t	
reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year.		
Add: net change in deferred property tax revenues		273,284
Subtract: net change in other deferred revenue		(1,779,981)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases		
long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in		
the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of new	į	
assets.		5.065.500
Add: principal payments on long-term liabilities		5,067,709
Add: bond issuance costs capitalized		207,504
Subtract: bond proceeds received		(7,110,000)
Subtract: bond premium received		(23,732)
Subtract: bond issuance costs amortized		(47,025)
The reduction of the City's long-term liabilities did not provide current financial resources, and was consequently not reported in the funds.	;	
Add: reduction of long-term liability for environmental remediation		74,595
Add: reduction of long-term liability for tax tribunal payments		119,045
		,
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	l	
Subtract: increase in accrued interest on bonds		(131,758)
Subtract: increase in the accrual of compensated absences		(62,030)
Subtract. Increase in the acctual of compensated absences		(02,030)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as		
insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain	l	
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		
Add: interest revenue from governmental internal service funds		212,571
Subtract: gain/loss on disposal of capital assets in governmental internal service funds		30,490
Add: net operating gain from governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds		988,716
Subtract: net transfers (internal activities) from governmental internal service funds		756,851
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	7,290,317

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Original		Amended				ariance with Final Budget Positive
		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Revenue								
Property taxes and special assessments	\$	30,577,413	\$	30,577,413	\$	31,970,176	\$	1,392,763
Licenses and permits	-	2,038,565	-	2,038,565	-	1,937,580	-	(100,985)
Intergovernmental		11,442,972		11,445,972		11,456,038		10,066
Charges for services		1,102,380		1,102,380		1,284,654		182,274
Fines and forfeitures		47,005		47,005		44,884		(2,121)
Interest and rent		709,500		709,500		1,296,667		587,167
Other revenue		4,187,555		4,187,555		4,882,724		695,169
Total revenue		50,105,390		50,108,390		52,872,723		2,764,333
Expenditures								
City Commission		68,174		190,544		131,429		59,115
City Administration:								
City Manager		740,223		773,411		763,043		10,368
City Attorney		826,130		865,503		845,262		20,241
City Clerk:								
Administration		249,338		268,986		261,861		7,125
Election		143,387		149,387		162,432		(13,045)
Records management		244,525		245,637		189,095		56,542
Total city clerk		637,250		664,010		613,388		50,622
Internal Audit		86,577		87,836		84,839		2,997
Human Resources		798,675		828,843		822,118		6,725
Management Services Department:								
Accounting		1,044,771		1,075,675		1,035,825		39,850
Assessing		717,912		726,569		661,136		65,433
Treasury		927,960		931,904		881,396		50,508
Purchasing and risk management		491,495		495,526		455,060		40,466
Total management services department		3,182,138		3,229,674		3,033,417		196,257
Public Safety (combined police and fire):								
Administration		1,030,816		1,043,665		1,039,801		3,864
Training		841,524		888,527		788,929		99,598
K-Vet drug enforcement		1,365,555		1,366,346		1,245,556		120,790
Operations division		18,101,835		18,101,835		17,298,109		803,726
Criminal investigations		3,275,090		3,262,291		3,155,425		106,866
Service division		5,919,896		5,998,179		5,954,399		43,780
Total public safety (combined police and fire)		30,534,716		30,660,843		29,482,219		1,178,624

Continued...

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual (Concluded) General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Original Budget	Amended Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (concluded)	 Budget	Duager		Actual		(Tregutive)
Public Works:						
Forestry, creeks, and environmental inspections	\$ 732,178	\$ 732,178	\$	780,307	\$	(48,129)
Sidewalks and Pedestrian Mall maintenance	401,785	401,785		363,613		38,172
Total public works	1,133,963	1,133,963		1,143,920		(9,957)
Economic Development	500,000	500,000		500,000		-
Community Planning and Development:						
Programs	587,689	598,201		555,323		42,878
Planning	427,518	431,957		404,885		27,072
Inspections	 1,788,261	1,837,066		1,712,964		124,102
Total community planning and development	2,803,468	2,867,224		2,673,172		194,052
Parks and Recreation:						
Parks maintenance	1,050,980	1,050,980		950,919		100,061
Recreation	 1,343,512	1,383,424		1,257,218		126,206
Total parks and recreation	2,394,492	2,434,404		2,208,137		226,267
Non-Departmental:						
City Hall maintenance	535,031	535,031		549,347		(14,316)
Street lighting	-	-		954,452		(954,452)
Debt Service - interest and fiscal charges	-	206,741		205,608		1,133
Other	 2,516,204	2,723,852		1,191,330		1,532,522
Total non-departmental	3,051,235	3,465,624		2,900,737		564,887
Total expenditures	 46,757,041	47,701,879		45,201,681		2,500,198
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	 3,348,349	2,406,511		7,671,042		5,264,531
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers out	(4,474,370)	(4,649,169)		(4,648,630)		539
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	2,000	2,000		36,705		34,705
Total other financing uses	 (4,472,370)	(4,647,169)		(4,611,925)		35,244
Net change in fund balance	(1,124,021)	(2,240,658)		3,059,117		5,299,775
Fund balance, beginning of year	 8,679,748	8,679,748		8,679,748		
Fund balance, end of year (budgetary basis)	\$ 7,555,727	\$ 6,439,090	•	11,738,865	\$	5,299,775
Accounting basis difference				(5,583,342)		
Fund balance, end of year (GAAP basis)			\$	6,155,523		

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Solid Waste

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Original Budget	Amended Budget		Actual	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenue						
Taxes	\$ 2,677,043	\$ 2,677,043	\$	2,768,849	\$	91,806
Interest and dividends	-	-		17,122		17,122
Other revenue	 -	-		6		6
Total revenue	2,677,043	2,677,043		2,785,977		108,934
Expenditures						
Solid Waste	 2,365,051	2,379,950		2,239,957		139,993
Excess of revenue over expenditures	311,992	297,093		546,020		248,927
Fund balance, beginning of year	 849,303	849,303		849,303		-
Fund balance, end of year (budgetary basis)	\$ 1,161,295	\$ 1,146,396	:	1,395,323	\$	248,927
Accounting basis difference				(501,960)		
Fund balance, end of year (GAAP basis)			\$	893,363	•	

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

Neighborhood and Community Development Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
D						
Revenue						
Intergovernmental revenue: Federal grants	\$	961,773 \$	5,539,167	\$ 2,598,186	¢	(2.040.091)
•	Ф	901,775 \$	5,339,107	77,856	\$	(2,940,981) 77,856
Charges for services Interest		-	-	,		,
		-	-	9,697		9,697
Other revenue		-	-	4,809		4,809
Total revenue		961,773	5,539,167	2,690,548		(2,848,619)
Expenditures						
Community Development:						
Demolition revolving		30,300	256,546	77,027		179,519
Housing services		961,773	961,773	706,897		254,876
Community Development Block Grant		-	2,773,414	1,292,574		1,480,840
Housing rehabilitation		-	7,072	217		6,855
HOME	_	-	1,803,980	363,151		1,440,829
Total expenditures		992,073	5,802,785	2,439,866		3,362,919
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(30,300)	(263,618)	250,682		514,300
Other financing uses						
Transfers in:						
General Fund		-	200,000	200,000		-
Transfers out:						
Grants and Donations Fund		-	-	(18,149)		(18,149)
Total other financing uses		-	200,000	181,851		(18,149)
Net change in fund balance		(30,300)	(63,618)	432,533		496,151
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated		333,054	333,054	333,054		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	302,754 \$	269,436	\$ 765,587	\$	496,151

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2006

Hinter	nrice	Funds
Linter	DIIDC	Lunus

Assets Current assets: \$ 5,957,590 \$ 3,058,384 \$ 42,899 \$ 9,058,873 \$ 6,345,822 Cust omers 4,172,007 2,173,815 - 6,345,822 - 109,121 - - 109,121 - - 109,121 - - 9,070 -<	I., 4.,	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 5,957,590 \$ 3,058,384 \$ 42,899 \$ 9,058,873 \$ 6,345,822 Receivables: 4,172,007 2,173,815 - 6,345,822 Special assessments 109,121 109,121 Accrued interest 2,562 6,508 - 9,070 Other	ternal ce Funds	
Current assets: \$ 5,957,590 \$ 3,058,384 \$ 42,899 \$ 9,058,873 \$ Receivables: 4,172,007 2,173,815 - 6,345,822 Special assessments 109,121 109,121 Accrued interest 2,562 6,508 - 9,070 Other		
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 5,957,590 \$ 3,058,384 \$ 42,899 \$ 9,058,873 \$ Receivables: Customers 4,172,007 2,173,815 - 6,345,822 Special assessments 109,121 109,121 Accrued interest 2,562 6,508 - 9,070 Other		
Receivables: Customers 4,172,007 2,173,815 - 6,345,822 Special assessments 109,121 109,121 Accrued interest 2,562 6,508 - 9,070 Other	6,747,037	
Customers 4,172,007 2,173,815 - 6,345,822 Special assessments 109,121 109,121 Accrued interest 2,562 6,508 - 9,070 Other	0,747,037	
Special assessments 109,121 - - 109,121 Accrued interest 2,562 6,508 - 9,070 Other - - - - Due from other funds 879,192 1,867,707 - 2,746,899 Due from component units 17,537 821 - 18,358 Inventories 431,395 348,487 - 779,882 Prepaid items and other assets 5,027 9,746 - 14,773 Total current assets 11,574,431 7,465,468 42,899 19,082,798 11 Noncurrent assets:	_	
Other - <td>-</td>	-	
Due from other funds 879,192 1,867,707 - 2,746,899 Due from component units 17,537 821 - 18,358 Inventories 431,395 348,487 - 779,882 Prepaid items and other assets 5,027 9,746 - 14,773 Total current assets 11,574,431 7,465,468 42,899 19,082,798 11 Noncurrent assets:	-	
Due from component units 17,537 821 - 18,358 Inventories 431,395 348,487 - 779,882 Prepaid items and other assets 5,027 9,746 - 14,773 Total current assets 11,574,431 7,465,468 42,899 19,082,798 1 Noncurrent assets:	85,166	
Inventories 431,395 348,487 - 779,882 Prepaid items and other assets 5,027 9,746 - 14,773 Total current assets 11,574,431 7,465,468 42,899 19,082,798 11 Noncurrent assets:	6,261,656	
Prepaid items and other assets 5,027 9,746 - 14,773 Total current assets 11,574,431 7,465,468 42,899 19,082,798 1 Noncurrent assets:	139,800	
Total current assets 11,574,431 7,465,468 42,899 19,082,798 1. Noncurrent assets:	221,134	
Noncurrent assets:	230	
	3,455,023	
D - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 20 000		
Restricted cash 402,184 1,638,089 - 2,040,273	824,627	
Restricted investments 8,171,713 2,621,953 - 10,793,666	· -	
Notes receivable, long-term - 1,227 - 1,227	_	
Advances to component units 223,925 223,925	-	
Deferred bond issuance costs 118,074 825,328 - 943,402	-	
Capital assets 89,722,225 84,482,511 90,427 174,295,163	3,745,187	
Total noncurrent assets 98,638,121 89,569,108 90,427 188,297,656	4,569,814	
Total assets 110,212,552 97,034,576 133,326 207,380,454 1:	8,024,837	
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable 1,245,167 657,400 45 1,902,612	276,179	
Accrued and other liabilities 269,703 381,917 132 651,752	556,740	
	3,329,317	
Due to component units	30	
Due to other governments 26,989 56,731 - 83,720	_	
Advances from other funds	340,000	
Deposits payable 400 787,455 - 787,855	_	
Unearned revenue	17,600	
Current portion of compensated absences 155,671 93,400 - 249,071	21,070	
	1,853,632	
	6,394,568	
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable 3,625,000 18,690,000 - 22,315,000	_	
Compensated absences payable 1,089,700 653,797 - 1,743,497	147,489	
Employee death benefits payable	263,829	
	2,046,688	
	2,458,006	
Total liabilities 10,566,064 24,174,323 350 34,740,737	8,852,574	
Net assets		
	3,745,187	
Restricted for: 63,697,223 64,372,311 90,427 130,300,103	J,17J,101	
	2,418,905	
Asset replacement 4,090,884 2,021,933 - 6,718,837 Capital improvements 4,074,829 4,074,829	2,410,903	
	3,008,171	
Total net assets \$ 99,646,488 \$ 72,860,253 \$ 132,976 \$ 172,639,717 \$		

Reconciliation of Net Assets on the Statement of Net Assets for Proprietary Funds to Net Assets of Business-Type Activities on the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2006

Net assets - total enterprise funds

\$ 172,639,717

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets

Add: net assets of business-type activities accounted for in business-type activity internal service funds

2,478,787

Add: net assets allocated to business-type activities from governmental-type activity internal service funds

1,862,121

Net assets of business-type activities

\$ 176,980,625

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and

Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Enterprise Funds

		•			
	Wastewater		Nonmajor City Market	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenue					
Charges for services	\$ 17,932,019 \$	10,806,470 \$	\$ 45,611 \$	28,784,100	\$ 27,350,953
Other	73,508	194,341		267,849	φ 27,330,733
	,			,	
Total operating revenue	18,005,527	11,000,811	45,611	29,051,949	27,350,953
Operating expenses					
Operation and maintenance	16,337,479	8,396,955	36,689	24,771,123	7,518,073
Risk management	-	-	-	-	17,400,081
Depreciation	4,037,279	2,711,071	3,960	6,752,310	1,021,306
Total operating expenses	20,374,758	11,108,026	40,649	31,523,433	25,939,460
Operating income (loss)	(2,369,231)	(107,215)	4,962	(2,471,484)	1,411,493
Non-operating revenue (expenses)					
Interest income	639,428	303,686	1,855	944,969	247,511
Interest expense	(184,283)	(898,575)	-	(1,082,858)	-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	50,188	(35)	-	50,153	177,376
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	505,333	(594,924)	1,855	(87,736)	424,887
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(1,863,898)	(702,139)	6,817	(2,559,220)	1,836,380
Capital contributions	30,858	3,587,145	-	3,618,003	-
Transfers					
Transfers in		-	=		756,851
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(1,833,040)	2,885,006	6,817	1,058,783	2,593,231
Net assets, beginning of year	101,479,528	69,975,247	126,159	171,580,934	6,579,032
Net assets, end of year	\$ 99,646,488 \$	72,860,253 \$	132,976 \$	172,639,717	\$ 9,172,263

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets of Proprietary Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net change in net assets - total proprietary funds

\$ 1,058,783

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.

Add: interest revenue from business-type activity internal service funds	34,940
Add: gain on disposal of capital assets in business-type internal service funds	146,886
Subtract: net operating loss from business-type activities accounted for in internal service funds	(122,077)
Add: net operating gain from business-type activities accounted for in governmental internal	
service funds	391,526
<u></u>	

Change in net assets of business-type activities

\$ 1,510,058

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

<u>_</u>					
	Wastewater	Water	Nonmajor City Market	Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers	\$ 16,164,729 \$	9,844,789	\$ 45.611	\$ 26,055,129	\$ -
Cash received from providing interfund services	φ 10,101,725 φ -	-	ψ 15,011 -	-	24,213,856
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(6,867,874)	(3,260,334)	(25,106)	(10,153,314)	(20,885,690)
Cash payments to employees for services	(5,495,079)	(3,659,606)	(18,981)	(9,173,666)	(2,866,923)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,801,776	2,924,849	1,524	6,728,149	461,243
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities					
Transfers in	-	-	-		756,851
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Principal payments	(195,000)	(3,450,000)	-	(3,645,000)	-
Interest payments	(175,849)	(938,871)	-	(1,114,720)	-
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	4,690,000	-	4,690,000	-
Purchases of capital assets	(4,845,599)	(6,622,027)	-	(11,467,626)	(1,644,792)
Capital contributions received	30,858	3,587,145	-	3,618,003	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	60,140	18	-	60,158	182,925
Net cash provided (used) by capital					
and related financing activities	(5,125,450)	(2,733,735)	-	(7,859,185)	(1,461,867)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest received	639,428	303,686	1,855	944,969	247,511
Purchase of investments	(8,171,713)	(2,621,953)	-	(10,793,666)	-
Sale of investments	11,250,461	2,475,253	-	13,725,714	
Net cash provided by investing activities	3,718,176	156,986	1,855	3,877,017	247,511
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,394,502	348,100	3,379	2,745,981	3,738
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,965,272	4,348,373	39,520	8,353,165	7,567,926
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 6,359,774 \$	4,696,473	\$ 42,899	\$ 11,099,146	\$ 7,571,664
Restricted assets	ts \$ 5,957,590 \$ 402,184 \$ 6,359,774 \$	3,058,384 1,638,089 4,696,473	\$ 42,899 - \$ 42,899	\$ 9,058,873 2,040,273 \$ 11,099,146	\$ 6,747,037 824,627 \$ 7,571,664
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Non-cash investing capital and financing transactions

All dividends and interest income were immediately reinvested in the cash management funds.

Continued...

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds (Concluded)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Wastewater Water Market Total				Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,369,231)	\$ (107,215)	\$ 4,962 \$	(2,471,484)	\$ 1,411,493	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation	4,037,279	2,711,071	3,960	6,752,310	1,021,306	
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Receivables	(1,182,877)	(16,547)	-	(1,199,424)	1,523	
Due from other funds	(640,384)	(1,138,654)	-	(1,779,038)	(3,080,417)	
Due from component units	(17,537)	(821)	-	(18,358)	(58,203)	
Inventories	130,557	24,595	-	155,152	(29,132)	
Prepaid items and other assets	29,466	37,678	-	67,144	900	
Advances to component units	12,429	821	-	13,250	-	
Accounts payable	306,359	467,724	21	774,104	(164,462)	
Accrued and other liabilities	(4,445)	(29,553)	(7,355)	(41,353)	37,002	
Due to other funds	3,346,099	1,012,626	(64)	4,358,661	866,088	
Due to component units	-	-	-	-	6	
Due to other governments	26,989	56,731		83,720	-	
Deposits payable	-	(115,966)	-	(115,966)	-	
Compensated absences payable	127,072	22,359	-	149,431	7,040	
Employee death benefits payable	-	-	-	-	11,784	
Uninsured claim liability		-		-	436,315	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,801,776	\$ 2,924,849	\$ 1,524 \$	6,728,149	\$ 461,243	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2006

	Employees'			
	Retirement	General		
	System Pension	n Private Purpose	. Ta	ax Collector's
	Trust Fund	Trust Fund		gency Fund
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,431,53	39 \$ 54,645	\$	10,678,649
Investments:				
U.S. treasuries	68,307,73	-	-	-
U.S. agencies	26,453,91	.8	-	-
Corporate debt securities	29,466,39		-	-
Equity mutual funds	369,115,37		-	-
Real estate mutual funds	25,552,48	34	-	-
Receivables:				
Taxes		-	-	43,093,129
Accrued interest	1,945,48	32	-	_
Other	144,57		-	2,237
Due from other governments		- 9,258	;	-
Investments with agent		- 500)	
Total assets	523,417,49	64,403	\$ \$	53,774,015
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	60,59		- \$	4,819
Accrued and other liabilities	113,82	25 49,557	,	_
Due to component units		-	-	1,870
Due to other governments		-	-	53,767,326
Total liabilities	174,41	7 49,557	\$	53,774,015
Net assets				
Held in trust for pension				
benefits and other purposes	\$ 523,243,08	30 \$ 14,846	; 	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	F Sys	Employees' Retirement stem Pension Trust Fund	General Private Purpose Trust Fund		
Additions					
Contributions:					
Employees	\$	1,518,785	\$	_	
Other		-		9,258	
Total contributions		1,518,785		9,258	
Investment earnings:					
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		45,039,998		-	
Interest and dividends		22,253,473		157	
Less investment advisor fees		(839,099)			
Net investment earnings		66,454,372		157	
Total additions		67,973,157		9,415	
Deductions					
Pension benefits paid directly to participants		14,256,358		-	
Refund payments to terminated employees		109,251		-	
Trustee fees		172,657		-	
Actuarial fees		77,905		-	
Administrative expenses paid to the City of Kalamazoo		105,235		-	
Investment committee expenses		16,793		-	
Parks and recreation		-		1,150	
Other expenses		34,325			
Total deductions		14,772,524		1,150	
Change in net assets		53,200,633		8,265	
Net assets, beginning of year		470,042,447		6,581	
Net assets, end of year	\$	523,243,080	\$	14,846	

Combining Statement of Net Assets Component Units December 31, 2006

	Downtown Development Authority		Economic Development Corporation		Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	207,528	\$	79,357	\$	1,559,571
Receivables, net		2,807,232		1,535,627		1,109,359
Other assets		54,576		-		-
Restricted cash		1,503,865		-		-
Restricted investments		-		-		-
Capital assets, net		295,701		-		
Total assets		4,868,902		1,614,984		2,668,930
Liabilities						
Account payable and accrued liabilities		5,880,801		1,437,936		728,733
Unearned revenue		108,774		-		78,772
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		307,785		-		-
Due in more than one year		350,251		-		-
Total liabilities		6,647,611		1,437,936		807,505
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		289,513		-		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(2,068,222)		177,048		1,861,425
Total net assets	\$	(1,778,709)	\$	177,048	\$	1,861,425

Hospital Finance Authority		Local Development Finance Authority	Metro Transit	Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association	Total
numorny		numorny	Tiunsit	rissociation	10111
\$	- \$		\$ 3,538,420	\$ 98,850	\$ 5,640,630
	- -	93,291	1,330,573 314,335	4,865 41,801	6,880,947 410,712
	-	-	, -	-	1,503,865
	-	-	1,132,909	-	1,132,909
	-	=	19,485,300	1,373,542	21,154,543
	_	250,195	25,801,537	1,519,058	36,723,606
	-	1,943,050	1,047,883	1,405,381	12,443,784
	-	-	1,138,304	150,521	1,476,371
	- -	-	21,257	-	329,042
	-	-	148,800	-	499,051
	_	1,943,050	2,356,244	1,555,902	14,748,248
	-	-	19,485,300	(11,445)	19,763,368
	-	(1,692,855)	3,959,993	(25,399)	2,211,990
\$	- \$	(1,692,855)	\$ 23,445,293	\$ (36,844)	\$ 21,975,358

Combining Statement of Activities Component Units For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Downtown Development Authority		Economic Development Corporation		Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	
Expenses	\$	6,677,448	\$	80,767	\$	795,138
Program revenues						
Intergovernmental revenue		-		-		306,906
Charges for services		2,470,120		-		-
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted interest		255,983		91,784		514,200
Capital grants and contributions		74,210		-		
Total program revenues		2,800,313		91,784		821,106
Net (expense) revenue		(3,877,135)		11,017		25,968
General revenues:						
Property taxes		3,409,361		-		362,846
Unrestricted investment earnings		96,068		1,966		43,058
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		-		2,500
Total general revenues		3,505,429		1,966		408,404
Change in net assets		(371,706)		12,983		434,372
Net assets (deficit), beginning of year		(1,407,003)		164,065		1,427,053
Net assets (deficit), end of year	\$	(1,778,709)	\$	177,048	\$	1,861,425

	_	Local		Kalamazoo	
Hospital	D	evelopment	3.5.4	Municipal	
Finance		Finance	Metro	Golf	T-4-1
 Authority	-	Authority	Transit	Association	Total
\$ 616,659	\$	268,951	\$ 13,155,785	\$ 1,454,276 \$	23,049,024
-		-	-	-	306,906
616,659		-	2,100,135	1,373,447	6,560,361
-		-	8,608,399	-	9,470,366
 -		-	3,861,724	-	3,935,934
(16.650			14 570 250	1 272 447	20 272 577
 616,659		-	14,570,258	1,373,447	20,273,567
 -		(268,951)	1,414,473	(80,829)	(2,775,457)
-		338,450	1,589,909	-	5,700,566
-		-	-	2,031	143,123
-		_	-	-	2,500
		338,450	1,589,909	2,031	5,846,189
 		336,430	1,369,909	2,031	3,040,109
-		69,499	3,004,382	(78,798)	3,070,732
-		(1,762,354)	20,440,911	41,954	18,904,626
\$ -	\$	(1,692,855)	\$ 23,445,293	\$ (36,844) \$	21,975,358

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Notes To Financial Statements

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Kalamazoo, Michigan (the "City") conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Kalamazoo is a municipal corporation governed by an elected, seven-member City Commission. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Kalamazoo (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column on the statement of net assets to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a December 31 year end.

Blended Component Unit

Kalamazoo Building Authority – The Kalamazoo Building Authority has been blended into the City's financial statements as debt service and capital project fund types. The Authority is governed by a three-member board consisting of the City Manager, City Attorney and Finance Director and is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Except for the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association, the governing bodies of all of these component units are appointed by the Mayor of the City of Kalamazoo with approval of the City Commission.

Downtown Development Authority – The Downtown Development Authority was created as a tax-increment financing (TIF) district to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Commission.

Notes To Financial Statements

Economic Development Corporation - The Economic Development Corporation was created to provide means and methods for the encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing, improving or expanding within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities to the residents of the City. In certain situations, members of the Board of Directors may be removed by a majority of the Kalamazoo City Commission.

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority - The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority was established pursuant to Act 381 of the Public Acts of 1996, as amended. The purpose of the Authority is to treat and revitalize environmentally distressed brownfield zones. The Authority is financed by tax increment financing and State grants, and has named the City of Kalamazoo as its fiscal agent. The Authority is governed by the Board of the Economic Development Corporation.

Hospital Finance Authority - The Hospital Finance Authority's purpose is to construct, acquire, reconstruct, remodel, improve, add to, enlarge, repair, own and lease hospital facilities for the use of any nonprofit hospital inside or outside the boundaries of the City of Kalamazoo, Michigan. The Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Commission.

Local Development Finance Authority - The purpose of the LDFA is to finance improvements, through the use of tax increment financing, within the City's business and technology research park. The LDFA was established as a tax-increment financing (TIF) district in 2002 in accordance with Michigan Public Act 248 of 2000.

Metro Transit System - The Metro Transit System operates the public transportation system in the City of Kalamazoo and portions of the surrounding area. The System's budget is subject to approval by the City Commission.

Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association - The Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association operates the City's public golf courses. The Board of Governors consists of nine members elected from the general membership, two members elected from the Governing Board (to add diversity with respect to race and sex) and three voting ex-officio members from the City of Kalamazoo (the City Manager, Deputy City Manager, and Director of Finance). The Association is fiscally dependent on the City in that the City Commission approves the annual budget, greens fees and membership fees, and one of the three City ex-officio members must approve of any proposal to expend money for any purpose.

Notes To Financial Statements

Complete financial statements of the individual component units, except for the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority, the Hospital Finance Authority, and Local Development Finance Authority, can be obtained from their respective administrative offices:

Downtown Development Authority

141 East Michigan Avenue Kalamazoo, MI 49007

Metro Transit System

530 South Rose Kalamazoo, MI 49007 **Economic Development Corporation**

241 West South Street Kalamazoo, MI 49007

Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association

4200 Lovers Lane Kalamazoo, MI 49007

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-wide financial statements. The statements of net assets and activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes To Financial Statements

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds, a type of fiduciary fund, are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. Therefore, agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for reimbursement-based grants that use one year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest and special assessments associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes To Financial Statements

The *Solid Waste Fund* accounts for funds provided by a special tax millage for the collection and removal of solid waste. This fund was authorized by a vote of the people authorizing a tax levy and is classified as a special revenue fund due to the limited usage of the assets.

The *Neighborhood and Community Development Fund* accounts for a variety of federal awards programs, including Community Development Block Grant, housing development, rental assistance and several other programs.

The *Building Authority Debt Service Fund* accounts for the debt service activity of the Kalamazoo Building Authority, which consists of the collection of lease payments from the Downtown Development Authority and from the general public for facilities improvements and the subsequent debt service expenditures related to the outstanding Building Authority debt issues.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Wastewater Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the sewage disposal system, capital additions and improvements to the system and retirement of revenue bonds. Financing is provided by user charges, Environmental Protection Agency grants for wastewater treatment plant expansion, state grants, and contributions from other municipalities and customers. This fund is classified as an enterprise fund because it is funded primarily through user charges.

The *Water Fund* accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water supply system, capital additions and improvements to the system and retirement of revenue bonds. Financing is provided by user charges, state grants, and contributions from other municipalities and customers. This fund is classified as an enterprise fund because it is funded primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds. These funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes not including capital projects or permanent funds.

Debt service funds. These funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Capital projects funds. These funds account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

Notes To Financial Statements

Permanent funds. These funds account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support specified government programs.

Enterprise funds. These funds account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the City has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Internal service funds. These funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. This includes machinery, equipment and building space management services; liability, auto, and workers' compensation self-insurance; information technology services; and printing, mailing and reproduction services.

Pension trust fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the Employees' Retirement System, a defined-benefit pension plan, which accumulates resources for retirement benefit payments to qualified employees.

Private purpose trust. This fund primarily accounts for the Rabbi Trust deferred compensation program and other assets of non-profit organizations held for outside parties in a trustee capacity for purposes other than those that support the government's programs.

Agency fund. This fund accounts for taxes collected and distributed to other governments in an agency capacity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various function concerned.

Notes To Financial Statements

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the government's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations, and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

Investments are stated at fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the long-term portion of interfund loans).

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, as applicable.

Notes To Financial Statements

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method, which approximates fair value. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased, and are immaterial at year end.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain revenues and resources of the City are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet and statement of net assets because their use is limited. Proprietary fund restricted assets are held subject to bond covenants and reserved for future capital expenditures.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital asset as: assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, the government has only capitalized infrastructure assets acquired or constructed since 1980.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Notes To Financial Statements

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Land improvements	5-50
Buildings and building improvements	50
Water and wastewater system infrastructure	25-50
Vehicles	7-10
Office equipment	6-10
Machinery and equipment	3-10
Public infrastructure	50

6. Compensated Absences

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave are accrued in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "termination leave" prior to retirement.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes To Financial Statements

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The City adopts a formal budget for the general and special revenue funds. The City Charter requires that the City Manager submit to the City Commission an estimate of revenues and contemplated expenditures for the following calendar year by December 1. An interim appropriation resolution is passed by January 1 to continue normal operations and by February 1 of each year the City Commission passes an annual appropriation resolution approving the estimated expenditures. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between expenditure control accounts within a department as long as the budgeted excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses stays constant. Capital outlay expenditures in excess of the greater of \$10,000 or in amounts greater than 10 percent of any project cost, interdepartmental transfers, use of contingency funds and position classification changes require prior City Commission approval.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Supplemental appropriations were approved by the City Commission in the form of budget amendment resolutions or as part of special authorizing motions for grants, bonds or notes, the total of which was not significant in relation to the original budget appropriation valuations. Appropriations lapse at each year end, except for those approved for carry forward by the City Commission.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance for governmental funds since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), with the exception that property tax revenues have been recognized in the year levied, even though they would not be fully available to finance operations of the current year (see Note IV.B. for a further discussion).

Notes To Financial Statements

B. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual are presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget. The following schedule reconciles the amounts on those schedules to the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Accounting Basis <u>Difference</u>	GAAP <u>Basis</u>
General Fund:			
Deferred revenue	\$ 1,943,810	\$ 5,583,342	\$ 7,527,152
Property tax revenue	31,970,176	(206,992)	31,709,184
Fund balance, beginning of year	8,679,748	(5,322,350)	3,357,398
Fund balance, end of year	11,738,865	(5,583,342)	6,155,523
Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund:			
Deferred revenue	-	501,960	501,960
Property tax revenue	2,768,849	(12,292)	2,756,557
Fund balance, beginning of year	849,303	(489,668)	359,635
Fund balance, end of year	1,395,323	(501,960)	893,363

C. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved budgets of the City were adopted on a department level basis in the General Fund, and at the fund level for other governmental funds, which is the legal level of control.

Expenditures in the combining and individual fund financial statements have been presented at a level of detail greater than the level of legal budgetary control.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the General Fund Public Works expenditures (\$1,143,920) exceeded the amount appropriated (\$1,113,963) by \$9,957.

Notes To Financial Statements

D. Deficit Fund Equity

The Public Works Equipment internal service fund had a deficit in unrestricted net assets of \$632,620 as of December 31, 2006, although its total net assets (including amounts invested in capital assets) amounted to a positive \$902,069.

The Downtown Development Authority, the Local Development Finance Authority and the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association component units had deficits in unrestricted net assets at December 31, 2006, of \$1,778,709, \$1,692,855 and \$36,844, respectively. For the DDA and the LDFA, these deficits existed as a result of presenting the financial statements for these component units on the full accrual basis, in accordance with GAAP. On a modified accrual fund basis, only the LDFA has a deficit fund balance, which was a planned deficit, as eligible expenditures were incurred in advance of tax increment financing revenues. The City plans to eliminate the deficit of the LDFA through future tax increment financing collections.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A-1. Deposits and Investments – Pooled Cash and Investments

Following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances (including pooled cash and investments as well as pension trust fund balances; see Note A-2) as of December 31, 2006:

	Primary Government	Component Units	Totals
Statement of Net Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,108,277	\$ 5,640,630	\$ 37,748,907
Investments	4,366,705	-	4,366,705
Restricted cash	4,820,362	1,503,865	6,324,227
Restricted investments	10,793,666	1,132,909	11,926,575
Investments with agent	2,122,798	-	2,122,798
Statement of Fiduciary Net Asso	ets		
Cash and cash equivalents	13,164,833	-	13,164,833
Investments	518,895,904	-	518,895,904
Investments with agent	500		500
	<u>\$ 586,273,045</u>	<u>\$ 8,277,404</u>	<u>\$ 594,550,449</u>

Notes To Financial Statements

Deposits and Investments

Cash on hand	\$ 6,995
Bank deposits (checking accounts,	
savings accounts and CDs)	32,415,592
Investments with agent (Kalamazoo	
Community Foundation)	2 123 298

Community Foundation) 2,123,298
Investments in securities, mutual

funds and similar vehicles - pool 38,677,121 Investments in securities, mutual

funds and similar vehicles - pension 521,327,443

\$ 594,550,449

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk, that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the government. As of December 31, 2006, \$34,098,379 of the City's total bank balance of \$34,298,379 (total book balance was \$32,415,592) was exposed to custodial credit risk as it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The City's banking and investment policy does not specifically address this risk, although the City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments with Agent. As permitted by State statutes, the City has placed monies for investment with the Kalamazoo Community Foundation (KCF). These monies, amounting to \$2,123,298 as of December 31, 2006, are pooled with other KCF funds and invested at the discretion of KCF, which for purposes of the City essentially functions as an external investment pool. Investments in external investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Following is a summary of investments as of December 31, 2006:

U.S. agencies	\$ 21,277,028
Commercial paper	3,428,565
Banker's acceptance	3,754,136
Equity mutual funds	4,366,705
Money market	5,850,687

Total \$ 38,677,121

Notes To Financial Statements

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that investment securities be held in third-party safekeeping by a designated institution and that the safekeeping agent follow the procedure of delivery *vs.* payment. As of December 31, 2006, none of the City's investments, excluding the mutual funds and money market accounts which are not subject to custodial credit risk, were exposed to risk since the securities are held in the City's name by the counterparty.

Credit Risk. As of December 31, 2006, all of the City's investments in securities of U.S. agencies and commercial paper were rated AAA and A1+ by Standard & Poor's, respectively. The City also held investments in bankers acceptances, equity mutual funds and money market accounts, which are not rated. All of the City's investments comply with its policy regarding the types of investments it may hold.

Concentration of Credit Risk. At December 31, 2006, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Investment Type	Issuer	% of <u>Portfolio</u>
U.S. agencies	Federal Home Loan Banks Federal National Mortgage Association	20.42% 11.64%
	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association	22.96%

Among other provisions, the City's investment policy permits the entire portfolio to be invested in obligations of U.S. agencies with the limitation that no more than 35% may be placed with a single institution. The policy neither provides for nor prohibits the placement of funds with community foundations.

Interest Rate Risk. As of December 31, 2006, \$26,479,109 of U.S. agencies, commercial paper and bankers acceptance securities were due within one year; the remaining balance of \$1,980,620 was due within two years. The City's policy provides that the maximum weighted average maturity will be limited to 18 months.

Notes To Financial Statements

A-2. Deposits and Investments – Pension Trust Fund

Cash and Short-term Investments – The Pension Trust Fund (or the "System") does not maintain any checking or other demand/time deposit accounts. Amounts reported as cash and short-term investments in the statement of plan net assets include cash and money market accounts held by the System's investment managers. These accounts are insured by the Securities Investors Protection Act for up to \$500,000 each. The carrying amount of these accounts as of December 31, 2006 was \$2,431,539, of which \$1,431,530 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments - The System is authorized by the State's Pension Investment Act, as amended, to invest in common stocks, real estate, and various other obligations, subject to certain limitations. The System's Investment Committee is responsible for recommending to the City Commission the investment policies and strategies, and retaining/monitoring the various investment managers, trustees, advisors, actuaries and other fiduciaries utilized by the System. The City Commission is responsible for approving the recommendations of the Investment Committee.

The System's investments are stated at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have established market values are reported at estimated fair value.

The System's investments are held in 10 portfolios administered by five investment managers. Following is a summary of the System's investments as of December 31, 2006:

U.S. treasuries	\$ 68,307,731
U.S. agencies	26,453,918
Corporate debt securities	29,466,392
Equity mutual funds	369,115,379
Real estate mutual funds	25,552,484
Cash and short-term investments	2,431,539

\$521,327,443

Notes To Financial Statements

Credit Risk. The System's investment policy provides that its investments in bonds must be rated in the top four major grades as determined by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of December 31, 2006, the System's investments in fixed income securities were rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's as follows:

	<u>U</u>	.S. agencies	Corporate bt securities
Standard & Poor's			
AAA	\$	26,453,918	\$ 11,835,443
AA		-	5,666,487
A		-	5,184,667
BBB		-	4,028,404
Not rated		-	2,751,391
	\$	26,453,918	\$ 29,466,392
Moody's			
AAA	\$	26,453,918	\$ 10,746,873
AA		-	6,475,898
A		-	5,854,965
BAA		-	2,994,304
Not rated		<u>-</u>	 3,394,352
	\$	26,453,918	\$ 29,466,392

Custodial Credit Risk. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The System's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk. Although uninsured and unregistered, the System's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the securities are held by the counterparty in the System's name. Investments in mutual funds and money market funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The System's investments are not exposed to concentration of credit risk relative to a single issuer (i.e., company or government agency) inasmuch as no holdings equal or exceed 5% or more of total investments.

The System's investment policy and State statutes provide that no more than 70% of the total investments may be in equity holdings and no more than 5% in real estate. As of December 31, 2006, the System's equity holdings accounted for 70.8% of the total investment portfolio; the System's holdings in real estate were 4.90% at December 31, 2006.

Notes To Financial Statements

Interest Rate Risk. As of December 31, 2006, maturities of the System's debt securities were as follows:

			Inve	stment Maturies	s (fair v	value by years)	
		Less					More
<u>2006</u>	 Fair Value	 Than 1		1-5		6-10	 Than 10
U.S. treasuries	\$ 68,307,731	\$ 1,093,257	\$	6,687,047	\$	-	\$ 60,527,427
U.S. agencies	26,453,918	3,645,365		4,907,417		2,915,629	14,985,507
Corporate debt	 29,466,392	 1,182,341		14,610,529		1,698,567	11,974,955
Total debt securities	\$ 124,228,041	\$ 5,920,963	\$	26,204,993	\$	4,614,196	\$ 87,487,889

The System's investment policy does not address interest rate risk.

Derivatives. The System's investment policy permits the prudent use of derivatives to reduce portfolio risk and enhance investment return. Under the terms of the investment agreements, portfolio managers are required to report all derivative holdings on a quarterly basis. The Investment Committee monitors these reports to evaluate the System's exposure to credit, market and legal risk.

The portfolios managed by Jennison Associates utilize U.S. currency futures contracts, a type of derivative, to reduce overall portfolio volatility caused by interest rate risk. At December 31, 2006, the System had receivable futures contracts with a fair value of \$194,980,782 and payable futures contracts with a fair value of \$61,743,281. A cumulative loss on futures contracts amounting to \$131,474 has been recognized by the System through December 31, 2006. As of that date, a net payable balance of \$42,141 has been reported in interest and dividends receivable.

Notes To Financial Statements

B. Receivables and Deferred Revenue

Receivables in the primary government are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities
Accounts	\$ 2,927,931	\$ -
Customer accounts	-	6,345,822
Taxes	8,473,855	-
Special assessments	171,337	109,121
Interest	55,745	9,070
Due from other governments	1,472,211	-
Notes	7,070,079	1,227
Due from component units	7,387,692	18,358
Advances to component units	<u>3,782,976</u>	223,925
	<u>\$ 31,341,826</u>	<u>\$ 6,707,523</u>

Customer accounts receivable of the Wastewater and Water Enterprise Funds are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts of \$7,500 and \$28,900, respectively. Of the amounts presented above, approximately \$11 million is not expected to be collected within a period of one year.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in governmental activities were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>	Total
Governmental funds Property taxes receivable Grants and contracts received in advance	\$ 6,085,302	\$ -	\$ 6,085,302
of meeting all eligibility requirements Long-term receivables	16,170,856 22,256,158	288,644 	288,644 16,170,856 22,544,802
Internal service funds Other		17,600	17,600
	<u>\$ 22,256,158</u>	\$ 306,244	<u>\$ 22,562,402</u>

Notes To Financial Statements

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 29,497,851	\$ 25,000 \$	-	\$ 29,522,851
Construction in progress	10,869,410	2,616,530	(243,459)	13,242,481
Total capital assets not being depreciated	40,367,261	2,641,530	(243,459)	42,765,332
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building & improvements	36,522,787	597,291	-	37,120,078
Land improvements	3,367,185	303,036	-	3,670,221
Machinery and equipment	10,496,856	938,735	(218,604)	11,216,987
Vehicles	11,014,951	1,185,633	(516,201)	11,684,383
Infrastructure	176,459,003	6,431,598	-	182,890,601
Total capital assets being depreciated	237,860,782	9,456,293	(734,805)	246,582,270
Accumulated depreciation:				
Building & improvements	(8,178,903)	(693,404)	-	(8,872,307)
Land improvements	(1,739,950)	(140,379)	-	(1,880,329)
Machinery and equipment	(6,261,156)	(750,324)	217,585	(6,793,895)
Vehicles	(7,720,842)	(923,357)	419,297	(8,224,902)
Infrastructure	(90,009,593)	(3,505,211)	-	(93,514,804)
Total accumulated depreciation	(113,910,444)	(6,012,675)	636,882	(119,286,237)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	123,950,338	3,443,618	(97,923)	127,296,033
Governmental Activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 164,317,599	\$ 6,085,148 \$	341,382)	\$ 170,061,365

Notes To Financial Statements

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-Type Activities	Durance	mercuses	Decreases	Bulunce
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,875,383	\$ -	\$ (9,889)	\$ 2,865,494
Construction in progress	4,492,054		(1,341,253)	8,390,334
Total capital assets not being depreciated	7,367,437	5,239,533	(1,351,142)	11,255,828
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building & improvements	88,081,810	129,720	-	88,211,530
Land improvements	12,515,135	52,551	-	12,567,686
Machinery and equipment	47,488,767	1,068,752	(325,688)	48,231,831
Infrastructure	132,567,421	5,439,882	(101,361)	137,905,942
Vehicles	4,085,674	631,795	(417,160)	4,300,309
Intangible assets	649,400	858,640	-	1,508,040
Total capital assets being depreciated	285,388,207	8,181,340	(844,209)	292,725,338
Accumulated depreciation:				
Building & improvements	(30,849,394)	(1,707,798)	-	(32,557,192)
Land improvements	(6,442,724)	(370,551)	-	(6,813,275)
Machinery and equipment	(34,774,850)	(1,856,877)	321,063	(36,310,664)
Infrastructure	(46,735,147)	(2,762,017)	101,338	(49,395,826)
Vehicles	(2,963,248)	(353,480)	417,160	(2,899,568)
Intangible assets	(79,175)	(107,872)	-	(187,047)
Total accumulated depreciation	(121,844,538)	(7,158,595)	839,561	(128,163,572)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	163,543,669	1,022,745	(4,648)	164,561,766
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 170,911,106	\$ 6,262,278	\$ (1,355,789)	\$ 175,817,594

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 318,507
Public safety (combined police & fire)	1,273,233
Community Development & Planning	14,933
Parks	19,986
Recreation	256,367
Public Works	9,417
Streets	3,505,211
Capital assets held by the government's internal	
service funds are charged to the various	
functions based on their usage of the assets	615,021
	\$ 6,012,675

Notes To Financial Statements

Depreciation of business-type activities by function:	
Wastewater	\$ 4,037,279
Water	2,711,071
Other	3,960
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are charged to the various	
functions based on their usage of the assets	406,285
	\$ 7,158,595

D. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses in the primary government are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities
Accounts payable	\$ 1,635,530	\$ 2,013,619
Accrued and other liabilities	2,567,282	656,797
Due to component units	564,710	-
Due to other governments	164,297	83,720
Deposits payable	1,021,512	<u>787,855</u>
	<u>\$ 5,953,331</u>	<u>\$ 3,541,991</u>

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2006, was as follows:

	Receivables		Payables	
Due to/from other funds:	<u>-</u>	_		<u> </u>
General Fund	\$	2,852,166	\$	2,200,269
Solid Waste		543,655		181,743
Neighborhood and Community Development		4,706		200,285
Building Authority Debt Service		241		86,653
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,128,378		1,952,204
Wastewater		879,192		3,953,434
Water		1,867,707		1,633,623
Nonmajor enterprise funds		-		173
Internal service funds	_	6,261,656	_	3,329,317
	\$	13,537,701	<u>\$</u>	13,537,701

Notes To Financial Statements

	<u>R</u>	<u>leceivables</u>	<u>F</u>	Payables		
Advances to/from other funds:	Φ.	240,000	¢			
General Fund	•	340,000	Э			
Nonmajor governmental funds		7,329		7,329		
Internal service funds				340,000		
	<u>\$</u>	347,329	<u>\$</u>	347,329		

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. In addition, certain amounts are reported as internal balances in the statement of net assets relative to the elimination of the internal service funds.

	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out
Interfund transfers:		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 4,648,630
Neighborhood and Community Development	200,000	18,149
Building Authority Debt Service	1,309,695	-
Nonmajor governmental funds	8,491,912	6,091,679
Internal service funds	756,851	
	<u>\$ 10,758,458</u>	<u>\$ 10,758,458</u>

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

E. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds. The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund both general obligation and revenue bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds are issued as serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. The original amount of the general obligation bonds issued was \$89,035,000. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Notes To Financial Statements

	Issuance Date	Interest Rates	Beginning Balance		Additions		dditions Reduc		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds											
Governmental Activities:											
1992 Downtown Development	03/01/1992	5.50%-5.80%	\$	1,650,000	\$	-	\$	175,000	\$ 1,475,000	\$	175,000
1993 Building Authority Parking System	03/01/1993	5.25%-5.90%		105,000		-		105,000	-		-
1993 Building Authority Parking System Refunding	06/15/1993	4.30%-5.25%		285,000		-		285,000	-		-
1993 Downtown Development Refunding	06/15/1993	4.30%-5.50%		2,090,000		-		210,000	1,880,000		225,000
1994 Building Authority General Facility Renovation	06/01/1994	4.70%-6.00%		-		-		-	-		-
1994 Building Authority Parking System	08/01/1994	4.60%-6.00%		375,000		-		375,000	-		-
1997 Building Authority Parking System Refunding	10/01/1997	3.90%-4.90%		975,000		-		-	975,000		300,000
1997 Downtown Development Refunding	10/01/1997	4.70%-5.35%		2,130,000		-		5,000	2,125,000		10,000
1998 Building Authority Refunding	11/17/1998	3.35%-5.25%		5,380,000		-		95,000	5,285,000		555,000
1998 Building Authority KMGA	12/01/1998	3.80%-5.00%		1,300,000		-		75,000	1,225,000		75,000
1999 Building Authority	09/01/1999	5.13%-5.38%		985,000		-		230,000	755,000		240,000
2001 Building Authority	04/01/2001	4.00%-5.00%		3,160,000		-		95,000	3,065,000		95,000
2002 Building Authority	01/01/2002	2.00%-4.75%		850,000		-		65,000	785,000		65,000
2002 Mayor's Riverfront Environmental	08/01/2002	2.50%-4.15%		610,000		-		295,000	315,000		315,000
2003 Building Authority	01/27/2003	1.75%-3.75%		1,590,000		-		175,000	1,415,000		185,000
2004 Capital Improvement	04/27/2004	2.00%-4.70%		7,770,000		-		645,000	7,125,000		665,000
2005 Parking Ramp Bonds	04/11/2005	5.00%-5.25%		7,125,000		-		105,000	7,020,000		415,000
2005B Parking Ramp Bonds	10/12/2005	5.00%-5.25%		2,835,000		-		55,000	2,780,000		145,000
2005 Refunding Bonds	07/26/2005	5.125%-5.50%		7,725,000		-		40,000	7,685,000		40,000
2006A Building Authority Bonds	01/23/2006	4.85%-5.50%		_		2,840,000		100,000	2,740,000		45,000
2006B Building Authority Bonds	10/26/2006	4.00%-4.40%		-		4,270,000		-	4,270,000		155,000
Total General Obligation Bonds			\$	46,940,000	\$	7,110,000	\$	3,130,000	\$ 50,920,000	\$	3,705,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities							
December 31		Principal	Interest					
2007	\$	3,705,000	\$	2,265,179				
2008		3,450,000		2,126,756				
2009		3,540,000		1,981,916				
2010		3,225,000		1,838,722				
2011		3,300,000		1,700,958				
2012 - 2016		14,125,000		6,415,091				
2017 - 2021		8,830,000		3,752,864				
2022 - 2026		8,450,000		1,859,248				
2027 - 2031		2,295,000		248,225				
Total	\$	50,920,000	\$	22,188,958				

Notes To Financial Statements

Revenue Bonds. The City also issues bonds where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The original amount of revenue bonds issued was \$18,010,000 for governmental activities and \$34,125,000 for business-type activities. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

	Issuance Date	Interest Rates	Beginning Balance		4	Additions Reduc		Ending Balance	ne Within ne Year
Revenue Bonds									
Governmental Activities:									
1994 Michigan Transportation Fund	06/01/1994	4.75%-5.90%	\$	365,000	\$	-	\$ 115,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 120,000
1996 Michigan Transportation Fund	03/01/1996	3.90%-5.10%		1,260,000		-	180,000	1,080,000	190,000
1998 Michigan Transportation Fund	04/01/1998	3.60%-4.75%		1,420,000		-	145,000	1,275,000	155,000
2000 Michigan Transportation Fund	04/24/2000	4.88%-5.13%		2,150,000		-	165,000	1,985,000	175,000
2002 Michigan Transportation Fund Refunding	04/01/2002	2.50%-4.88%		2,275,000		-	585,000	1,690,000	140,000
2004 Michigan Transportation Fund Refunding	04/27/2004	3.00%-3.70%		3,925,000		-	400,000	3,525,000	405,000
Total Governmental Activities				11,395,000		-	1,590,000	9,805,000	1,185,000
Business-Type Activities:									
1996 Water System	06/01/1996	5.13%-5.63%		2,830,000		-	2,610,000	220,000	220,000
2001 Wastewater System Refunding	04/01/2001	3.00%-5.00%		4,020,000		-	195,000	3,825,000	200,000
2002 Water System Refunding	06/06/2002	4.50%-4.75%		7,960,000		-	440,000	7,520,000	460,000
2002 Water System Refunding	10/23/2002	2.00%-3.88%		3,005,000		-	265,000	2,740,000	275,000
2004 Water System Refunding	04/27/2004	2.00%-4.65%		4,875,000		-	135,000	4,740,000	140,000
2006 Water System Supply and Refunding	11/29/2006	4.00%-4.25%		-		4,690,000	-	4,690,000	 125,000
Total Business-Type Activities				22,690,000		4,690,000	3,645,000	23,735,000	1,420,000
Total Revenue Bonds			\$	34,085,000	\$	4,690,000	\$ 5,235,000	\$ 33,540,000	\$ 2,605,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	 Government	al A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				
December 31	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2007	\$ 1,185,000	\$	398,502	\$	1,420,000	\$	999,310	
2008	1,230,000		348,038		1,425,000		991,681	
2009	1,150,000		295,002		1,485,000		937,441	
2010	1,200,000		246,964		1,540,000		877,369	
2011	1,260,000		195,822		1,615,000		813,861	
2012 - 2016	3,780,000		342,653		8,415,000		2,949,641	
2017 - 2021	-		-		4,895,000		1,231,640	
2022 - 2026	-		-		2,040,000		491,870	
2027 - 2031	 -				900,000		85,095	
Total	\$ 9,805,000	\$	1,826,978	\$	23,735,000	\$	9,377,908	

Notes To Financial Statements

Special Assessment Debt. The City issues special assessment limited tax bonds to provide funds for certain downtown street improvement projects. The City intends to repay this debt through collections of special assessments. However, these bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and, in the event that special assessment revenues are insufficient to cover debt service expenditures, the City is obligated to make up any shortfall. Management considers the likelihood of this occurring to be extremely remote. The original amount of special assessment bonds was \$680,000. Special assessment bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

	Issuance Date	Interest Beginning Rates Balance		Additio	Additions Reductions			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Special Assessment Bonds											
Governmental Activities:											
1999 Special Assessment Limited Tax Bonds	09/01/1999	4.40%-7.00%	\$	380,000	\$	-	\$	45,000	\$ 335,000	\$	50,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities							
December 31	F	Principal		Interest				
2007	\$	50,000	\$	16,730				
2008		50,000		14,380				
2009		50,000		11,980				
2010		45,000		9,530				
2011		45,000		7,280				
2012 - 2016		95,000		7,370				
Total	\$	335,000	\$	67,270				

Notes To Financial Statements

Installment Obligations. The City has entered into various long-term installment payment agreements which are similar in nature to bonds. The original amount of installment obligations issued was \$5,357,055 for governmental activities. Installment obligations outstanding at December 31, 2006, are as follows:

	Issuance Date	Interest Rates			Addition	ns Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Installment Purchase Contracts											
Governmental Activities:											
1997 Fire Equipment	06/16/1997	5.60%	\$	265,700	\$	-	\$	129,400	\$ 136,300	\$	136,300
2000 Cable Access	07/24/2000	5.38%		161,000		-		63,000	98,000		66,000
2002 KMGA Golf Carts	03/12/2002	4.08%		49,309		-		49,309	-		-
2005 KMGA	04/25/2005	3.85%		260,000		-		61,000	199,000		64,000
Total Installment Purchase Contracts			\$	736,009	\$	-	\$	302,709	\$ 433,300	\$	266,300

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for installment obligations are as follows:

Years Ending		Government	al A	ctivities					
December 31	P	Principal Int							
2007	\$	266,300	\$	18,437					
2008		87,000		5,374					
2009		80,000		1,623					
Total	\$	433,300	\$	25,434					

Other Debt. The City has also recorded liabilities related to certain environmental matters, accumulated compensated absences and a tax tribunal payable.

Environmental matters represent the City's share of estimated costs associated with the cleanup of certain sites with soil contamination for which the City is named as a potentially responsible party.

The accumulated compensated absences represent the estimated liability to be paid to governmental fund type employees under the City's sick and vacation pay policy. Under the City's policy, employees earn sick and vacation time based on time of service with the government. For the governmental activities, compensated absences, the uninsured claim liability, and death benefits payable are generally liquidated by the insurance and benefits internal service fund. Other sundry long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Notes To Financial Statements

Advance and Current Refundings. In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. During 2006, the City partially defeased the 1996 Water System Revenue Bonds, having an outstanding principal amount of \$2,620,000.

The City's current year refundings were undertaken to reduce total debt service expenditures over the next 10 years by \$297,856, and resulted in economic gains of \$271,823.

Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements. At December 31, 2006, \$12,458,581 of bonds outstanding from current and prior year refundings are considered defeased.

No Commitment Debt. Excluded from the statement of net assets are bonds issued under the Industrial Development Revenue Bond Act of 1963, as amended, which authorizes municipalities to acquire and lease industrial sites, buildings and equipment. Also excluded are revenue bonds issued by the Economic Development Corporation and Hospital Finance Authority to acquire and lease property to third parties. The revenue bonds issued are payable solely from the net revenue derived from the respective leases and are not a general obligation of the City. After these bonds are issued, all financial activity is taken over by the paying agent. The bonds and related lease contracts, amounting to \$310,815,000, are not reflected in the City's financial statements. Information regarding the status of each bond issue, including possible default, must be obtained from the paying agent or other knowledgeable sources.

Notes To Financial Statements

Changes in Long-Term Debt. Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions		tions Reductions		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General obligation bonds	\$ 46,940,000	\$ 7,110,000	\$	3,130,000	\$	50,920,000	\$	3,705,000
Revenue bonds	11,395,000	-		1,590,000		9,805,000		1,185,000
Special assessment bonds	380,000	-		45,000		335,000		50,000
Installment purchase contracts	736,009	-		302,709		433,300		266,300
Compensated absences	5,393,838	2,320,157		2,261,280		5,452,715		681,589
Public safety comp time	365,061	9,196		-		374,257		-
Environmental matters	784,606	-		74,595		710,011		5,000
Tax tribunal payable	119,045	-		119,045		-		-
Uninsured claim liability	3,464,005	436,315		-		3,900,320		1,853,632
Death benefits payable	252,045	11,784		-		263,829		-
Add: unamortized bond premium	 173,669	23,732		-		197,401		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 70,003,278	\$ 9,911,184	\$	7,522,629	\$	72,391,833	\$	7,746,521
Business-Type Activities								
Revenue bonds	\$ 22,690,000	\$ 4,690,000	\$	3,645,000	\$	23,735,000	\$	1,420,000
Compensated absences	 1,879,774	1,003,503		853,076		2,030,201	_	253,775
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 24,569,774	\$ 5,693,503	\$	4,498,076	\$	25,765,201	\$	1,673,775

G. Short-Term Debt

The City issued and repaid \$6,000,000 of tax revenue anticipation notes during the year ended December 31, 2006. The purpose of this short-term debt is to provide liquidity for governmental operations financed by property taxes, which are collected throughout the year.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (i.e., workers' compensation), as well as medical and death benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for excess claims for workers' compensation, medical claims, general and auto liability, auto physical damage and property loss claims. The City is primarily self-insured for workers' compensation, medical claims, general liability and property damage claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes To Financial Statements

The City estimates the liability for its self-insured coverages and includes both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are prepared with the assistance of the City's third-party administrators for claims management and are recorded in the Insurance and Benefits internal service fund. The long-term portion of the workers' compensation liability has been discounted at a 6 percent present value factor. Changes in the estimated liability are as follows:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Estimated liability, beginning of year Estimated claims incurred, including changes	\$ 3,716,050	\$ 3,976,821
in estimates	17,400,081	16,448,454
Claim payments	(16,951,982)	(16,709,225)
Estimated liability, end of year	<u>\$ 4,164,149</u>	<u>\$ 3,716,050</u>

B. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are levied on July 1. The City bills and collects its own property taxes for general governmental services, solid waste collection and downtown development and also collects taxes for the Metro Transit System, Kalamazoo County, Kalamazoo Valley Community College, the District Library and various school districts. Collections of property taxes and remittances of them to the appropriate authorities are accounted for in the Tax Collector's Agency Fund.

The City is permitted by State law to levy taxes up to \$20.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation of property for general governmental services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The authority to tax the residents for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt is obtained when the debt is approved by a vote of the people. The City's current year tax rate was the maximum \$19.1606 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general operations (after applying the Headlee constitutional rollback adjustment).

The City is currently levying \$1.75 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for solid waste collection. State laws allow an additional nonvoted solid waste levy of \$1.65 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Notes To Financial Statements

The Metro Transit System is permitted by P.A. 55 of the Public Acts of 1963, as amended, to levy a tax to assist in the operation of the transit system. During the current year, the System levied a voted millage of \$0.9943 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

The Downtown Development Authority is permitted by P.A. 197 of Michigan to levy taxes up to \$2.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation of property in the downtown district. The Authority's current year tax rate was the maximum \$2.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Taxpayers may elect to pay their tax bills in 12 equal monthly installments beginning on July 1 and on the first day of each of the next 11 months. As a result, for those taxpayers electing the installment payment plan, up to one-half of their property tax levy is collected after the fiscal year end. Because a portion of those taxes are due and collected more than 60 days after year end, they are not susceptible to accrual. Accordingly, those amounts are recorded as deferred revenue as of December 31 and then recognized as revenue in the subsequent year.

For budgeting purposes, the taxes levied in the current year are intended to finance the operations of the current year. Therefore, the Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual include the full amount of the current year tax levy as revenue of the current year, to be consistent with the budget presentation.

Notes To Financial Statements

C. Contingent Liabilities

Lawsuits

The City is a defendant in various legal actions arising in the normal course of its activities including certain discrimination cases on file with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and the Michigan Department of Civil Rights. In the opinion of the City Attorney and management, the potential uninsured liability that may result from these actions should not exceed amounts either reserved in the Insurance and Benefits Fund (an internal service fund) or included in funds maintained by the City's claims administrators.

Environmental

The City of Kalamazoo has identified a number of sites within its boundaries that are in need of environmental remediation. Some are privately-held properties, and some are owned by the County and/or the City of Kalamazoo. The City of Kalamazoo has been named as a Potentially-Responsible Party (PRP) by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in two such sites: the Cork Street Landfill and the Auto Ion site. The City has also entered into cleanup agreements, although not named as a PRP, for two other sites. Based on currently-available information, the City has recorded liabilities for the net present value of estimated response costs for these sites in the amount of \$710,011 in the government-wide statements. The City has set aside \$867,651 in its Cork Street Landfill construction fund to cover the estimated net present value of costs associated with that site. The landfills do not accept municipal waste as defined by the EPA; therefore, the Government Accounting Standard Board rules on closure and post-closure care costs do not apply.

The City has entered into trust agreements for three of these sites. It acts as Executive Agent for the Cork Street Landfill Trust, the other two trusts being administered by other parties. The Cork Street Landfill Trust is recorded in the Cork Street Landfill Cap Construction Fund. In 2000, the City issued \$1.3 million in environmental bonds for a portion of its share of the costs for the Cork Street landfill. The proceeds of the bonds were placed in the trust; however, the City is solely responsible for the repayment of those bonds, the outstanding balance of which is recorded in the Statement of Net Assets.

The City also has identified a number of additional environmental issues that need to be addressed in the next two to four years. In most of these environmental issues, the City has not been identified as a PRP and, in all of the issues, the City has not determined the ultimate exposure, if any, for these sites. Accordingly, no provision for any loss that may result from the resolution of these matters has been recorded in the financial statements.

Notes To Financial Statements

Commitments

The City is obligated for construction contracts relating to various construction projects in the amount of \$6,527,524. These commitments are not susceptible to accrual. Accordingly, no liabilities have been recorded in the basic financial statements. However, \$3,343,147 of these commitments were made by governmental funds and are, therefore, included within the reservations of fund balance for encumbrances.

D. Postemployment Benefits

The City provides health care benefits to all full-time employees upon retirement, in accordance with its labor contracts. Currently, 1,534 retirees are eligible to receive these benefits. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents in its self-insured health care plan. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. Expenditures for postemployment health care benefits are recognized as they become due; during the year, this amounted to \$4,773,507 (net of \$459,659 of retiree contributions).

E. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a single-employer public employees defined benefit retirement system that covers all employees of the City. The Plan was originally established by City ordinance on February 5, 1952 and is maintained as a Pension Trust Fund in the accompanying financial statements. Plan benefit provisions were established and may be amended under the authority of City ordinances. The system provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. The system issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information, which may be obtained by writing to the City of Kalamazoo Employees' Retirement System, 241 W. South Street, Kalamazoo, MI 49007.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Employees' Retirement System are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Notes To Financial Statements

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Commission. Plan members are required to contribute at rates ranging from 1.0% to 6.5% of their annual covered salary, depending on union affiliation. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; no employer contributions were required for 2006.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The annual pension cost and net pension obligation (NPO) for the current year were as follows:

ivet pension obligation - izhu of year	<u> </u>	
Net pension obligation - End of year	¢	
Net pension obligation - Beginning of year		
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation		-
Contributions made		
Annual pension cost		-
Adjustment to annual required contribution		_
Interest on net pension obligation		-
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	-

The annual required contributions for 2006 were determined as part of an actuarial valuation of the System as of December 31, 2005, using the individual attained age normal cost actuarial funding method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) a nominal rate of return on investments, net of expenses, of 7.5% per year compounded annually; (b) projected salary increases of 4.0% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation; (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0% to 8.0% per year, depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit; and (d) the assumption that pension benefits will increase after retirement from 1.0% to 2.0% per year depending on the bargaining unit, age, and the date of retirement. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2006, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was ten years for the System.

Notes To Financial Statements

The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the fair value of investments over a five-year period.

Three-Year Trend Information

Years Ended December 31,	Ann Pens <u>Cost (</u>	sion	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
2004	\$	_	-%	\$	_	
2005		-	-		-	
2006		_	=		_	

GASB Statement 25 required supplementary information is presented after the notes to the financial statements section of this report.

F. Restatements

Beginning fund balance of the Neighborhood and Community Development Fund and beginning net assets of governmental activities were increased by \$170,220 to properly recognize assets held for resale.

G. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year end, the City issued \$6,000,000 in Tax Anticipation Notes. The debt issue was dated and available for delivery on January 29, 2007.

Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (B)	Overfunded AL (OAAL) (A-B)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	OAAL as A % of Covered Payroll
12/31/1997	\$ 242,709,209	\$ 161,366,282	\$ 81,342,927	150.4%	\$ 35,791,434	227.3%
12/31/1998	267,250,249	167,726,504	99,523,745	159.3%	35,607,350	279.5%
12/31/1999	303,750,495	192,167,206	111,583,289	158.1%	37,541,170	297.2%
12/31/2000	331,521,519	208,070,230	123,451,289	159.3%	39,377,238	313.5%
12/31/2001	349,206,708	220,302,430	128,904,278	158.5%	41,595,437	309.9%
12/31/2002	348,677,897	230,979,927	117,697,970	151.0%	40,316,918	291.9%
12/31/2003	361,205,383	245,919,424	115,285,959	146.9%	40,914,264	281.8%
12/31/2004	390,615,277	265,080,190	125,535,087	147.4%	41,989,819	299.0%
12/31/2005	422,565,761	294,416,007	128,149,754	143.5%	40,944,435	313.0%
12/31/2006	463,280,966	312,101,938	151,179,028	148.4%	42,164,958	358.5%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended December 31	nal Required atributions	Percentage Contributed
1997	\$ 840,966	100%
1998	-	-
1999	-	-
2000	-	-
2001	-	-
2002	-	-
2003	-	-
2004	-	-
2005	-	-
2006	-	-

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

		Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects	Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,100,287	\$ 159,329	\$ 7,132,814	\$ 180,336	\$ 10,572,766
Investments		-	-	-	4,366,705	4,366,705
Receivables:						
Notes		674,253	-	-	-	674,253
Special assessments		8,459	131,141	18,464	-	158,064
Accrued interest		25,121	210.490	4,022	270	29,143
Other Due from other funds		632,983	210,480	302,508	270	1,146,241
Due from other funds		983,882	14,000	130,496	-	1,128,378
Due from component units Due from other governments		69,420 944,333	199,000	100,000	-	368,420 944,333
Advances to other funds		744,333	_	7,329	_	7,329
Advances to component units		3,782,976	_	1,327	_	3,782,976
Prepaid items and other assets		7,505	_	_	_	7,505
Restricted cash			_	1,955,462	_	1,955,462
Investments with agents		19,300	-	1,095,310	1,008,188	2,122,798
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,248,519	\$ 713,950	\$ 10,746,405	\$ 5,555,499	\$ 27,264,373
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	384,899	\$ 14,000	\$ 143,887	\$	\$ 542,786
Accrued and other liabilities		48,106	-	-	4,491	52,597
Due to other funds		1,322,095	53	433,056	197,000	1,952,204
Due to other governments		124,845	-	2,689	-	127,534
Advances from other funds		7,329	-		-	7,329
Deposits payable		2,250		927,765	-	930,015
Deferred revenue	-	892,971	540,621	25,286	-	1,458,878
Total liabilities		2,782,495	554,674	1,532,683	201,491	5,071,343
Fund balance						
Reserved for:		040 557		004.065		1 922 721
Encumbrances Proposed stores		848,556	-	984,065	-	1,832,621
Prepaid items Long-term receivables		7,505	-	200,000	-	7,505 200,000
Debt-financed projects		_	_	24,593	_	24,593
Advances to other funds		_	_	7,329	_	7,329
Advances to component units		3,782,976	_	100,000	_	3,882,976
Cemetery perpetual care		-	_	-	1,735,160	1,735,160
Recreational activities		_	-	-	1,008,188	1,008,188
Unreserved:						
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures		801,667	-	6,712,043	-	7,513,710
Undesignated		2,025,320	159,276	1,185,692	2,610,660	5,980,948
Total fund balance		7,466,024	159,276	9,213,722	5,354,008	22,193,030
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	10,248,519	\$ 713,950	\$ 10,746,405	\$ 5,555,499	\$ 27,264,373

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects	Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenue								
Property taxes and special assessments	\$	3,955	\$	39,241	\$ - \$	-	\$	43,196
Intergovernmental revenue		6,066,296		-	-	-		6,066,296
Charges for services		200,650		-	-	36,099		236,749
Fines and forfeits		196,191		-	-	-		196,191
Interest and dividends		263,377		22,239	326,177	183,513		795,306
Net investment earnings		-		-	-	660,122		660,122
Local contributions		-		-	138,854	8,478		147,332
Other revenue		1,784,776		192,063	568,811	-		2,545,650
Total revenue		8,515,245		253,543	1,033,842	888,212		10,690,842
Expenditures Current expenditures:								
Public safety		1,065,263						1,065,263
Economic Development		65,017		-	-	-		65,017
Community Development & Planning		14,447		-	-	-		14,447
Recreation		373,398		-	-	5,624		379,022
Streets		9,580,546		-	-	3,024		9,580,546
Cemeteries		533,553		-	-	21,585		555,138
Debt service:		333,333		-	-	21,363		333,136
Principal				2,877,709				2,877,709
Interest and fiscal charges		-		783,299	-	-		783,299
Capital outlay		-		763,299	5,125,701	-		5,125,701
Capital outlay		-		-	3,123,701	-		3,123,701
Total expenditures		11,632,224		3,661,008	5,125,701	27,209		20,446,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(3,116,979)		(3,407,465)	(4,091,859)	861,003		(9,755,300)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		3,777,564		3,404,735	1,309,613	-		8,491,912
Transfers out		(3,378,552)		-	(2,335,878)	(377,249)		(6,091,679)
Bond proceeds		-		-	7,110,000	-		7,110,000
Bond premium		-		-	23,732	-		23,732
Total other financing sources (uses)		399,012		3,404,735	6,107,467	(377,249)		9,533,965
Net change in fund balances		(2,717,967)		(2,730)	2,015,608	483,754		(221,335)
Fund balance, beginning of year		10,183,991		162,006	7,198,114	4,870,254		22,414,365
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,466,024	\$	159,276	\$ 9,213,722 \$	5,354,008	\$	22,193,030

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Major Streets</u> - This fund accounts for the construction, maintenance and repairs of all major streets. Revenues received include state-shared gas and weight taxes, local contributions, etc. This is a special revenue fund because it is used to control the expenditures of motor fuel taxes, which are earmarked by law and the state constitution for street and highway purposes, and is required by Act 51 of the Public Acts of 1951, as amended.

<u>Local Streets</u> - This fund accounts for the construction, maintenance and repairs of all local streets. Financing is provided by state-shared gas and weight taxes, local contributions, etc. This is a special revenue fund because it is used to control the expenditures of motor fuel taxes, which are earmarked by law and the state constitution for street and highway purposes, and is required by Act 51 of the Public Acts of 1951, as amended.

<u>Cemeteries</u> - This fund is used to account for the earmarked revenues set aside for the purpose of operating the City's cemeteries. This fund is classified as a Special Revenue Fund because of the comparatively limited usage of the assets in this fund.

Grants and Donations - This fund is used to account for various programs funded by grants and/or donations that are not accounted for in the other special revenue funds.

<u>Economic Development Programs</u> - This fund is used to account for monies appropriated by the City Commission for economic development activities, such as business loans and loans to the Economic Development Corporation component unit.

Drug Enforcement - This fund is used to account for proceeds of forfeited property seized in connection with a violation of the controlled substance statutes, Public Act 135 of 1985 (MCLA 333,7521-7524). This fund is classified as a Special Revenue Fund because of the limited usage of its assets.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2006

	Major Streets		Local Streets		Cemeteries	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	297,797	\$	376,173	\$	478
Receivables:						
Notes		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		8,459		-
Accrued interest		-		8,685		-
Other		602,447		-		4,784
Due from other funds		73,734		405,603		196,215
Due from component units		69,420		-		-
Due from other governments		669,594		172,898		-
Advances to component units		1,636,454		-		-
Prepaid items and other assets		1,124		6,381		-
Investments with agents		-		-		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,350,570	\$	978,199	\$	201,477
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	286,591	\$	39,560	\$	1,434
Accrued and other liabilities		14,875		1,901		1,261
Due to other funds		520,253		395,531		67,904
Due to other governments		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		7,329		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		2,213		16,831		2,494
Total liabilities		823,932		461,152		73,093
Fund balance						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		782,490		55,939		5,000
Prepaid items		1,124		6,381		-
Advances to component units		1,636,454		-		-
Unreserved:						
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures		-		432,398		-
Undesignated		106,570		22,329		123,384
Total fund balance		2,526,638		517,047		128,384
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	3,350,570	\$	978,199	\$	201,477

	Grants and Donations	De	Economic evelopment Programs	E	Drug Inforcement		Total
\$	217,925	\$	1,346,430	\$	861,484	\$	3,100,287
	-		674,253		-		674,253
	-		-		-		8,459
	-		16,436		-		25,121
	659		25,093		-		632,983
	306,535		-		1,795		983,882
	-		-		-		69,420
	101,841		-		-		944,333
	-		2,146,522		-		3,782,976
	10 200		-		-		7,505 19,300
	19,300						19,300
\$	646,260	\$	4,208,734	\$	863,279	\$	10,248,519
¢.	25 250	¢.		Φ	22.026	Φ	204.000
\$	25,278 4,317	\$	-	\$	32,036 25,752	\$	384,899 48,106
	330,103		40		8,264		1,322,095
	330,103		124,845		0,204		124,845
	_		-		_		7,329
	_		_		2,250		2,250
	155,651		715,782		-		892,971
	515,349		840,667		68,302		2,782,495
	,		,		,		, ,
	5,127		-		-		848,556
	- ,		-		-		7,505
	-		2,146,522		-		3,782,976
	_		-		369,269		801,667
	125,784		1,221,545		425,708		2,025,320
	130,911		3,368,067		794,977		7,466,024
\$	646,260	\$	4,208,734	\$	863,279	\$	10,248,519

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 Major Streets	Local Streets	Cemeteries
Revenue			
Property taxes and special assessments	\$ - \$	3,955	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenue	4,480,526	1,153,481	-
Charges for services	-	-	173,288
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-
Interest revenue	117,405	25,512	1,051
Other revenue	 1,351,624	407	3
Total revenue	 5,949,555	1,183,355	174,342
Expenditures			
Current expenditures:			
Public safety (combined police and fire)	-	-	-
Cemeteries	-	-	533,553
Economic Development	-	-	-
Community Development & Planning	-	-	-
Streets	6,353,482	3,227,064	-
Recreation	 -	-	
Total expenditures	6,353,482	3,227,064	533,553
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(403,927)	(2,043,709)	(359,211)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	1,016,816	2,002,551	377,249
Transfers out	(2,618,709)	(759,843)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,601,893)	1,242,708	377,249
Net change in fund balances	(2,005,820)	(801,001)	18,038
Fund balance, beginning of year	 4,532,458	1,318,048	110,346
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,526,638 \$	517,047	\$ 128,384

Grants and Donations	I	Economic Development Programs		rug cement	Total		
\$	- \$	_	\$	_	3,955		
418,57		-	Ť	13,712	6,066,296		
	_	27,362		_	200,650		
	_	-		196,191	196,191		
5,24	5	88,028		26,135	263,377		
317,46		94,967		20,314	1,784,776		
741,28	1	210,357		256,352	8,515,245		
466,69)	-		598,564	1,065,263		
	-	-		_	533,553		
25,00)	40,017		-	65,017		
14,44	7	-		-	14,447		
	-	-		-	9,580,546		
373,39	3	-		-	373,398		
879,54	1	40,017		598,564	11,632,224		
(138,26))	170,340	((342,212)	(3,116,979)		
130,94	3	250,000		- -	3,777,564 (3,378,552)		
130,94	3	250,000		_	399,012		
(7,31	2)	420,340	,	(342,212)	(2,717,967)		
138,22	3	2,947,727	1	,137,189	10,183,991		
\$ 130,91	1 \$	3,368,067	\$	794,977	\$ 7,466,024		

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Major Streets Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	A J . J		ariance with inal Budget
	Amended Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
	Duager	1100001	(Treguerre)
Revenue			
Intergovernmental revenue:			
State trunkline maintenance	\$ 250,000	\$ 113,922	\$ (136,078)
Gas and weight tax distribution	4,300,000	4,124,532	(175,468)
Other state revenue	439,200	242,072	(197,128)
Interest	304,879	117,405	(187,474)
Other revenue	 2,775,220	1,351,624	(1,423,596)
Total revenue	 8,069,299	5,949,555	(2,119,744)
Expenditures			
Public services:			
Administration	455,133	436,398	18,735
Repair	565,575	579,571	(13,996)
Maintenance	743,605	463,283	280,322
Pavement painting	62,408	79,631	(17,223)
Traffic signals	572,692	269,689	303,003
Traffic signs	67,357	75,321	(7,964)
Construction	 7,239,618	4,449,589	2,790,029
Total expenditures	 9,706,388	6,353,482	3,352,906
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	 (1,637,089)	(403,927)	1,233,162
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in:			
General Fund	-	1,016,816	1,016,816
Transfers out:			
Local Streets	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
Michigan Transportation Fund Debt Service Fund	 -	(1,618,709)	(1,618,709)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,000,000)	(1,601,893)	(601,893)
Net change in fund balance	(2,637,089)	(2,005,820)	631,269
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,532,458	4,532,458	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,895,369	\$ 2,526,638	\$ 631,269

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Local Streets Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Amended Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Danamas						
Revenue	¢	9 000	\$	2.055	¢	(4.045)
Special assessments	\$	8,000	Ф	3,955	\$	(4,045)
Intergovernmental revenue:		1 225 000		1 152 401		(91.510)
Gas and weight tax distribution		1,235,000		1,153,481		(81,519)
Interest		10,000		25,512		15,512
Other revenue	-	500		407		(93)
Total revenue		1,253,500		1,183,355		(70,145)
Expenditures						
Public services:						
Administration		431,893		423,944		7,949
Repair		563,302		567,574		(4,272)
Maintenance		478,720		253,781		224,939
Pavement painting		22,675		3,915		18,760
Signs		36,430		25,989		10,441
Construction		2,011,636		1,951,861		59,775
Total expenditures		3,544,656		3,227,064		317,592
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over revenue		(2,291,156)		(2,043,709)		247,447
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in:						
General Fund		_		1,002,551		1,002,551
Major Streets		_		1,000,000		1,000,000
Transfers out:				, ,		,,
Michigan Transportation Fund Debt Service Fund		_		(438,131)		(438,131)
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		_		(321,712)		(321,712)
Issuance of long-term debt		1,000,000		-		(1,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,000,000		1,242,708		242,708
Net change in fund balance		(1,291,156)		(801,001)		490,155
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,318,048		1,318,048		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	26,892	\$	517,047	\$	490,155

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

Cemeteries Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Amended Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenue				_	
Charges for services - public services	\$	175,600 \$	173,288	\$ (2,312)	
Interest	Ψ	250	1,051	801	
Other rev		-	3	3	
Total revenue		175,850	174,342	(1,508)	
Expenditures					
Cemeteries:					
Maintenance		192,031	201,990	(9,959)	
Burials		361,068	331,563	29,505	
Total expenditures		553,099	533,553	19,546	
Deficiency of expenditures over revenue		(377,249)	(359,211)	18,038	
Other financing sources					
Transfers in:		100.056	277.240	267,002	
Cemeteries' Perpetual Care		109,256	377,249	267,993	
Net change in fund balance		(267,993)	18,038	286,031	
Fund balance, beginning of year		110,346	110,346		
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	(157,647) \$	128,384	\$ 286,031	

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Grants and Donations Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Amended			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
		Budget	Actual		
Revenue					
Intergovernmental revenue:					
Federal grants	\$	676,793 \$	333,620	\$ (343,173)	
State grants		94,870	84,957	(9,913)	
Interest revenue		-	5,246	5,246	
Local contributions		419,406	317,461	(101,945)	
Total revenue		1,191,069	741,284	(449,785)	
Expenditures					
Public safety (combined police and fire)		887,013	466,699	420,314	
Economic development		25,000	25,000	-	
Community development		41,906	14,447	27,459	
Parks and recreation		495,452	373,398	122,054	
Total expenditures		1,449,371	879,544	569,827	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over revenue		(258,302)	(138,260)	120,042	
Other financing sources					
Transfers in:				(10.101)	
General Fund		123,290	112,799	(10,491)	
Neighborhood and Community Development		4,747	18,149	13,402	
Total other financing sources		128,037	130,948	2,911	
Net change in fund balance		(130,265)	(7,312)	122,953	
Fund balance, beginning of year		138,223	138,223	<u>-</u>	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,958 \$	130,911	\$ 122,953	

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Economic Development Programs Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Amended			ariance with inal Budget Positive
	 Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenue				
Charges for service	\$ -	\$ 27,362	\$	27,362
Interest	-	88,028		88,028
Other revenue	 -	94,967		94,967
Total revenue	 -	210,357		210,357
Expenditures				
Economic Development:				
Small Business Revolving Loan	-	40,000		(40,000)
Economic Opportunity Fund	 247,047	17		247,030
Total expenditures	247,047	40,017		207,030
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(247,047)	170,340		417,387
Other financing sources		250,000		250,000
Transfers in from General Fund	 	250,000		250,000
Net change in fund balance	(247,047)	420,340		667,387
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,947,727	2,947,727		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,700,680	\$ 3,368,067	\$	667,387

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Drug Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

				ariance with Final Budget
	1	Amended		Positive
		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue				
Intergovernmental revenue - federal grants	\$	30,000 \$	13,712	\$ (16,288)
Fines and forfeits		200,000	196,191	(3,809)
Interest		30,000	26,135	(3,865)
Other revenue		30,000	20,314	(9,686)
Total revenue		290,000	256,352	(33,648)
Expenditures				
Public safety (combined police and fire)		691,397	598,564	92,833
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(401,397)	(342,212)	59,185
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,137,189	1,137,189	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	735,792 \$	794,977	\$ 59,185

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Special Assessments</u> - This fund is used to account for the debt service activity of the Special Assessments bond issue. Financing is provided through the collection of special assessments from benefiting property owners.

<u>Michigan Transportation Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the debt service activity of the Michigan Transportation Fund bond issues. Financing is provided by transfers from the Major and Local Streets Special Revenue Funds.

<u>Installment Purchase Contracts</u> - This fund is used to account for the debt service activity of the City's installment obligations. Financing is provided through transfers from other funds and facility rentals.

<u>Mayors' Riverfront Park</u> - This fund is used to account for debt service activity, both public and private, for the debt issued for the City's Mayors' Riverfront Park.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2006

	Special Assessments		Transp	higan portation und	Installment Purchase Contracts	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	159,329	\$	- :	-	
Receivables:						
Special assessments		131,141		-	-	
Other		-		-	98,000	
Due from other funds		-		-	14,000	
Due from component units		-		-	199,000	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	290,470	\$	- ;	\$ 311,000	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	- :	\$ 14,000	
Due to other funds		53		-	-	
Deferred revenue		131,141		-	297,000	
Total liabilities		131,194		-	311,000	
Fund balance						
Unreserved, undesignated		159,276		-	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	290,470	\$	- :	\$ 311,000	

Mayors' Riverfront Park	Total
\$ -	\$ 159,329
-	131,141
112,480	210,480
-	14,000
 	199,000
\$ 112,480	\$ 713,950
\$ -	\$ 14,000
-	53
112,480	540,621
112,480	554,674
-	159,276
\$ 112,480	\$ 713,950

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Special sessments	Michigan Transportation Fund	Installment Purchase Contracts
Revenue			
Special assessments	\$ 39,241	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	22,239	-	-
Other revenue	 -	-	192,063
Total revenue	 61,480	-	192,063
Expenditures			
Debt service:			
Principal	45,000	1,590,000	947,709
Interest and fiscal charges	 19,210	466,840	272,421
Total expenditures	 64,210	2,056,840	1,220,130
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures	 (2,730)	(2,056,840)	(1,028,067)
Other financing sources Transfers in:			
Major Streets Fund	_	1,618,709	_
Local Streets Fund	_	438,131	321,712
Capital Improvements Project Fund	 -	-	706,355
Total other financing sources	 -	2,056,840	1,028,067
Net change in fund balances	(2,730)	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	162,006		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 159,276	\$ -	\$ -

Mayors' Riverfront Park	Total
\$ -	\$ 39,241
-	22,239
 -	192,063
-	253,543
207.000	2 055 500
295,000	2,877,709
 24,828	783,299
319,828	3,661,008
 (319,828)	(3,407,465)
_	1,618,709
_	759,843
319,828	1,026,183
 317,020	1,020,103
 319,828	3,404,735
-	(2,730)
 _	162,006
\$ -	\$ 159,276

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

<u>Cork Street Landfill Cap Construction</u> - This fund accounts for earmarked revenue set aside for post closure care and monitoring costs associated with the Cork Street Landfill. Revenue sources from prior years included transfers from other funds and contributions from outside parties identified as potentially responsible parties.

<u>Capital Improvements Projects</u> - This fund accounts for earmarked revenue set aside for public improvements of a major nature. Revenue sources include General Fund transfers, grants from other units of government, private contributions and bond proceeds.

<u>Building Authority Justice Facilities</u> - This fund accounts for earmarked revenue set aside for public improvements associated with justice facilities.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2006

	Cork Street Landfill Cap Construction		Capital Improvements Projects		Building Authority Justice Facilities		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	-	\$	7,108,201	\$	24,613	\$ 7,132,814
Special assessments		_		18,464		_	18,464
Accrued interest		4,022		-		_	4,022
Other		3,691		298,817		-	302,508
Due from other funds		-		130,496		-	130,496
Due from component units		-		100,000		-	100,000
Advances to other funds		-		7,329		-	7,329
Restricted cash		1,955,462		-		-	1,955,462
Investments with agents		-		1,095,310		-	1,095,310
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,963,175	\$	8,758,617	\$	24,613	\$ 10,746,405
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	143,887	\$	-	\$ 143,887
Due to other funds		160,718		272,318		20	433,056
Due to other governments		-		2,689		-	2,689
Deposits payable		927,765		10.245		-	927,765
Deferred revenue		7,041		18,245		-	25,286
Total liabilities		1,095,524		437,139		20	1,532,683
Fund balance							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances		-		984,065		-	984,065
Long-term receivables		-		200,000		- 24.502	200,000
Debt-financed projects Advances to other funds		-		7,329		24,593	24,593 7,329
Non-current due from component unit		-		100,000		-	100,000
Unreserved:		-		100,000		-	100,000
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures		-		6,712,043		-	6,712,043
Undesignated		867,651		318,041		-	1,185,692
Total fund balance		867,651		8,321,478		24,593	9,213,722
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,963,175	\$	8,758,617	\$	24,613	\$ 10,746,405

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Cork Street Landfill Cap Construction		Capital Improvements Projects		Building Authority Justice Facilities		Total
Revenue							
Interest	\$	47,689	\$	277,424	\$ 1	,064	\$ 326,177
Local contributions		6,153		132,701		_	138,854
Other revenue				568,811		-	568,811
Total revenue		53,842		978,936	1	,064	1,033,842
Expenditures							
Capital outlay:							
General services		272,695		4,137,461		32	4,410,188
Public safety		-		53,967		-	53,967
Public works		-		379,878		-	379,878
Parks and recreation		-		210,004		-	210,004
Other		-		71,664		-	71,664
Total expenditures		272,695		4,852,974		32	5,125,701
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(218,853)		(3,874,038)	1	,032	(4,091,859)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		-		1,309,613		-	1,309,613
Transfers out		-		(2,335,878)		-	(2,335,878)
Bond proceeds		-		7,110,000		-	7,110,000
Bond premium		-		23,732		-	23,732
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		6,107,467		-	6,107,467
Net change in fund balances		(218,853)		2,233,429	1	,032	2,015,608
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,086,504		6,088,049	23	,561	7,198,114
Fund balance, end of year	\$	867,651	\$	8,321,478	\$ 24	,593	\$ 9,213,722

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

<u>Cemetery Perpetual Care</u> - This fund is used to account for money held in trust for the perpetual care of graves in the City cemeteries. Revenues consist of interest earnings from the investments, gain on sale of investments and charges for services.

<u>Recreational Endowment</u> - This fund is used to account for monies accumulated for the eventual endowment of recreation activities. Revenues consist of donations and interest earnings of the endowment fund.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds December 31, 2006

	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		Recreation Endowment Funds		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	180,336	\$	-	\$ 180,336
Investments		4,366,705		-	4,366,705
Accounts receivable		270		-	270
Investments with agents		-		1,008,188	1,008,188
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,547,311	\$	1,008,188	\$ 5,555,499
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities					
Accrued and other liabilities	\$	4,491	\$	-	\$ 4,491
Due to other funds		197,000		-	197,000
Total liabilites		201,491			201,491
Fund balance					
Reserved for:					
Cemetery perpetual care		1,735,160		-	1,735,160
Recreational activities		-		1,008,188	1,008,188
Unreserved, undesignated		2,610,660		-	2,610,660
Total fund balance		4,345,820		1,008,188	5,354,008
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	4,547,311	\$	1,008,188	\$ 5,555,499

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund			Recreation Endowment Funds	Total
		are runu		runus	Total
Revenue					
Charges for services	\$	36,099	\$	-	\$ 36,099
Interest and rent		183,513		-	183,513
Net investment earnings		540,650		119,472	660,122
Local contributions		-		8,478	8,478
Total revenue		760,262		127,950	888,212
Expenditures					
Current expenditures:					
Recreation		-		5,624	5,624
Cemeteries		21,585		-	21,585
Total expenditures		21,585		5,624	27,209
Excess of revenues over expenditures		738,677		122,326	861,003
Other financing uses					
Transfers out		(377,249)		-	(377,249)
Net change in fund balance		361,428		122,326	483,754
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,984,392		885,862	4,870,254
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,345,820	\$	1,008,188	\$ 5,354,008

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Engineering Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's Engineering Department. Financing is provided through user charges.

<u>Printing Services Fund</u> - This fund is used to record the operations of printing and mailing services. Financing is provided by reimbursements from operating funds for materials and services rendered.

<u>City-Wide Maintenance Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for buildings and grounds maintenance operations for the City's various properties. User fees are charged to various funds and departments.

<u>Management Information Systems Fund</u> - This fund is used to record the operations of the management information systems department, which includes procurement and maintenance of equipment and computing support for informational needs of the City. Financing is provided by reimbursement from user service charges.

<u>Public Works Equipment Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the procurement and maintenance of equipment to be used on various public work projects. Revenues are provided through vehicle and equipment rental charges and maintenance service billings. This fund also accounts for the administration and engineering of streets, storm sewers, parks and sidewalks. User funds and departments are billed to recover costs.

<u>Insurance and Benefits Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for payment of approved insurance claims, public liability, hospitalization insurance, workers' compensation, pension contributions, postemployment benefits, etc. The City is primarily self-insured and finances its insurance payments through budgeted transfers from other funds.

<u>Public Utilities Equipment Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the procurement and maintenance of equipment to be used by the Wastewater and Water Departments. Revenues are provided through vehicle and equipment rental charges and maintenance service billings.

Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds December 31, 2006

				Governmental Activities			
	En	gineering	Printing Services	City-Wide Maintenance	M	anagement nformation Systems	
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	561	\$ 539	\$ 776	\$	587,956	
Other receivables		5,798	-	2,607		2,712	
Due from other funds		1,128,140	44,519	446,158		1,190,463	
Due from component units		-	-	-		23,583	
Inventories		-	-	-		-	
Prepaid items and other assets		230	-	-		-	
Total current assets		1,134,729	45,058	449,541		1,804,714	
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash		_	-	-		_	
Capital assets		_	_	-		688,067	
Total noncurrent assets		-	-	-		688,067	
Total assets		1,134,729	45,058	449,541		2,492,781	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		2,009	606	31,797		106,682	
Accrued and other liabilities		39,982	-	17,713		17,969	
Due to other funds		1,079,037	44,452	393,206		19,637	
Due to component units		-	- 1,132	3,3,200		30	
Advance from other funds		_	_	_		-	
Deferred revenue		_	_	_		17,600	
Current portion of compensated absences		_	_	_		6,065	
Current portion of long-term debt		_	_	_		0,003	
Total current liabilities		1,121,028	45,058	442,716		167,983	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable			_	_		42,453	
Employee death benefits payable						-2,-33	
Uninsured claim liability		-	-	-		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	-					42,453	
Total honeutrent habilities						72,733	
Total liabilities		1,121,028	45,058	442,716		210,436	
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets		-	-	-		688,067	
Restricted for asset replacement		-	-	-		1,594,278	
Unrestricted (deficit)		13,701	-	6,825		-	
Total net assets	\$	13,701	\$ -	\$ 6,825	\$	2,282,345	

	Public Works			Business-type Activities Subtotal Public nce Governmental Utilities					
177			nsurance			10			T-4-1
<u> </u>	quipment	ar	d Benefits		Activities	<u>E</u>	Equipment		Total
\$	1,089	\$	6,155,401	\$	6,746,322	\$	715	\$	6,747,037
	55,472		18,577		85,166		-		85,166
	774,146		2,258,841		5,842,267		419,389		6,261,656
	3,406		112,811		139,800		-		139,800
	182,710		-		182,710		38,424		221,134
			-		230		<u> </u>		230
	1,016,823		8,545,630		12,996,495		458,528		13,455,023
							824,627		824,627
	1,534,689		_		2,222,756		1,522,431		3,745,187
	1,534,689				2,222,756		2,347,058		4,569,814
	1,334,009				2,222,730		2,347,038		4,509,814
	2,551,512		8,545,630		15,219,251		2,805,586		18,024,837
	13,772		10,306		165,172		111,007		276,179
	45,480		430,551		551,695		5,045		556,740
	1,507,783		112,088		3,156,203		173,114		3,329,317
	-		-		30		-		30
	-		340,000		340,000		-		340,000
	-		-		17,600		-		17,600
	10,301		-		16,366		4,704		21,070
	-		1,853,632		1,853,632				1,853,632
	1,577,336		2,746,577		6,100,698		293,870		6,394,568
	72,107		2 62 22 5		114,560		32,929		147,489
	-		263,829		263,829		-		263,829
	-		2,046,688		2,046,688				2,046,688
	72,107		2,310,517		2,425,077		32,929		2,458,006
	1,649,443		5,057,094		8,525,775		326,799		8,852,574
	1,534,689		_		2,222,756		1,522,431		3,745,187
	1,557,007		_		1,594,278		824,627		2,418,905
	(632,620)		3,488,536		2,876,442		131,729		3,008,171
_								_	
\$	902,069	\$	3,488,536	\$	6,693,476	\$	2,478,787	\$	9,172,263

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

					Governmental Activities					
	Engineering		Printing Services		City-Wide Maintenance			anagement aformation Systems		
Operating revenue										
Charges for services	\$	1,831,890	\$	7,255	\$	1,235,502	\$	2,366,380		
Operating expenses										
Operation and maintenance		1,757,631		4,961		1,235,504		1,962,069		
Risk management Depreciation		- -		-		-		183,111		
Total operating expenses		1,757,631		4,961		1,235,504		2,145,180		
Operating income (loss)		74,259		2,294		(2)		221,200		
Non-operating revenue Interest income Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		- 2,852		-		41,365		
Total non-operating revenue		-	2,852				41,365			
Net income (loss) before transfers		74,259		5,146		(2)		262,565		
Transfers Transfers in				26,461		-				
Net income (loss)		74,259		31,607		(2)		262,565		
Net assets (deficit), beginning of year		(60,558)		(31,607)		6,827		2,019,780		
Net assets (deficit), end of year	\$	13,701	\$	-	\$	6,825	\$	2,282,345		

						siness-type Activities		
	Public			 Subtotal		Public		
_	Works		rance	vernmental	_	Utilities		
E	Equipment	and E	Benefits	Activities	E	quipment		Total
\$	2,048,471	\$ 18,	709,315	\$ 26,198,813	\$	1,152,140	\$	27,350,953
	1,689,976 - 431,910	17,	400,081	6,650,141 17,400,081 615,021		867,932 - 406,285		7,518,073 17,400,081 1,021,306
	2,121,886	17,	400,081	24,665,243		1,274,217		25,939,460
-	(73,415)	1,	309,234	1,533,570		(122,077)		1,411,493
	3 27,638		171,203	212,571 30,490		34,940 146,886		247,511 177,376
	27,641		171,203	243,061		181,826		424,887
	(45,774)	1,	480,437	1,776,631		59,749		1,836,380
	-		730,390	756,851				756,851
	(45,774)	2,	210,827	2,533,482		59,749		2,593,231
	947,843	1,	277,709	4,159,994		2,419,038		6,579,032
\$	902,069	\$ 3,	488,536	\$ 6,693,476	\$	2,478,787	\$	9,172,263

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

					Governmental Activities			
	Engineering			Printing Services	City-Wide Maintenance			lanagement nformation Systems
Cash flows from operating activities								
Cash received from providing interfund services	\$	1,029,908	\$	(8,598)	\$	1,046,902	\$	2,027,190
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(122,934)		(22,073)		(588,459)		(1,456,541)
Cash payments to employees for services		(929,410)		(56)		(485,591)		(504,167)
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities		(22,436)		(30,727)		(27,148)		66,482
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities								
Transfers in		-		26,461		-		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Purchases of capital assets		_		_		_		(508,333)
Sale of capital assets		-		2,852		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and								
related financing activities		-		2,852		-		(508,333)
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest received		-		-		-		41,365
Net increase (decrease) in cash								
and cash equivalents		(22,436)		(1,414)		(27,148)		(400,486)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		22,997		1,953		27,924		988,442
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	561	\$	539	\$	776	\$	587,956
								_
Statement of net assets classification								
of cash and cash equivalents	ø	561	ф	520	Ф	77.	ф	507.054
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	561	\$	539	\$	776 -	\$	587,956 <u>-</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	561	\$	539	\$	776	\$	587,956

E	Public Works quipment	Insurance and Benefits	Subtotal Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities Public Utilities Equipment			Total
\$	1,780,876 (529,348) (756,920)	\$ 17,461,507 (17,687,097)	\$	23,337,785 (20,406,452) (2,676,144)	\$	876,071 (479,238) (190,779)	\$	24,213,856 (20,885,690) (2,866,923)
	494,608	(225,590)		255,189		206,054		461,243
		730,390		756,851		<u>-</u>		756,851
	(524,465) 28,657	-		(1,032,798) 31,509		(611,994) 151,416		(1,644,792) 182,925
	(495,808)	<u>-</u>		(1,001,289)		(460,578)		(1,461,867)
	3	171,203		212,571		34,940	_	247,511
	(1,197)	676,003		223,322		(219,584)		3,738
	2,286	5,479,398		6,523,000		1,044,926		7,567,926
\$	1,089	\$ 6,155,401	\$	6,746,322	\$	825,342	\$	7,571,664
\$	1,089	\$ 6,155,401	\$	6,746,322	\$	715 824,627	\$	6,747,037 824,627
\$	1,089	\$ 6,155,401	\$	6,746,322	\$	825,342	\$	7,571,664

(Continued...)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds (Concluded) For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

					Acti	ctivities	
						Ma	nagement
				Printing	City-Wide	In	formation
	<u>En</u>	Engineering		Services	Maintenance	Systems	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash pro	ovided						
by (used in) operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	74,259	\$	2,294	\$ (2)	\$	221,200
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
to net cash from operating activities:							
Depreciation		-		-	-		183,111
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Receivables		7,951		-	2,502		(805)
Due from other funds		(809,933)		(19,583)	(191,102)		(324,324)
Due from component units		-		3,730	-		(14,061)
Inventories		-		12,786	-		-
Prepaid items and other assets		675		-	-		225
Accounts payable		(4,738)		293	13,757		(4,629)
Accrued and other liabilities		(2,212)		(372)	941		(1,484)
Due to other funds		711,562		(29,851)	146,756		7,035
Due to component units		-		(24)	-		30
Compensated absences payable		-		-	-		184
Employee death benefits payable		-		-	-		-
Uninsured claim liability		-		-	-		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(22,436)	\$	(30,727)	\$ (27,148)	\$	66,482

E	Public Works Equipment		Insurance nd Benefits	Sub-total overnmental Activities	 siness-type Activities Public Utilities quipment	Total
\$	(73,415)	\$	1,309,234	\$ 1,533,570	\$ (122,077)	\$ 1,411,493
	431,910		-	615,021	406,285	1,021,306
	(7,841)		(284)	1,523	-	1,523
	(267,527)		(1,191,879)	(2,804,348)	(276,069)	(3,080,417)
	7,773		(55,645)	(58,203)	-	(58,203)
	(37,375)		-	(24,589)	(4,543)	(29,132)
	-		-	900	-	900
	(88,991)		(148,692)	(233,000)	68,538	(164,462)
	375		37,896	35,144	1,858	37,002
	523,839		(624,319)	735,022	131,066	866,088
	-		-	6	_	6
	5,860		-	6,044	996	7,040
	-		11,784	11,784	-	11,784
	-		436,315	436,315	 	 436,315
\$	494,608	\$	(225,590)	\$ 255,189	\$ 206,054	\$ 461,243

AGENCY FUND

<u>Tax Collector's Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for tax collections which are held by the City in an agency capacity. The collections are then transferred to the City General Fund and to other governmental units on a timely distribution basis.

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	D	Balance ecember 31, 2005	Additions	Deletions	D	Balance becember 31, 2006
TAX COLLECTOR'S						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,557,088	\$ 87,128,339	\$ 78,006,778	\$	10,678,649
Taxes receivable		35,975,419	174,929,025	167,811,315		43,093,129
Other receivables		3,491,170	140,568	3,629,501		2,237
Total assets	\$	41,023,677	\$ 262,197,932	\$ 249,447,594	\$	53,774,015
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	2,126,546	\$ 35,733,617	\$ 37,855,344	\$	4,819
Due to component units		-	1,870	-		1,870
Due to other governments		38,897,131	226,462,445	211,592,250		53,767,326
Total liabilities	\$	41,023,677	\$ 262,197,932	\$ 249,447,594	\$	53,774,015

Statement of Net Assets / Governmental Fund Balance Sheet Downtown Development Authority Component Unit December 31, 2006

	 General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 207,528	\$ -	\$ 207,528	
Receivables, net:				
Taxes	2,053,473	572,282	2,625,755	
Other	162,544	-	162,544	
Due from primary government	18,933	-	18,933	
Prepaids	54,576	-	54,576	
Restricted cash	1,503,865	-	1,503,865	
Capital assets, net	 -	295,701	295,701	
Total assets	\$ 4,000,919	867,983	4,868,902	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 200,091	-	200,091	
Accrued liabilities	_	40,260	40,260	
Due to primary government	60,450	5,580,000	5,640,450	
Deferred/unearned revenue	108,774	-	108,774	
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	-	307,785	307,785	
Due in more than one year	 _	350,251	350,251	
Total liabilities	369,315	6,278,296	6,647,611	
Fund balance / net assets				
Fund balance:				
Reserved for prepaids	54,576	(54,576)	-	
Unreserved, undesignated	 3,577,028	(3,577,028)		
Total fund balance	3,631,604	(3,631,604)	<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,000,919	:		
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		289,513	289,513	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(2,068,222)	(2,068,222)	
Total net assets (deficit)		\$ (1,778,709)	\$ (1,778,709)	

Reconciliation of Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to Net Assets Downtown Development Authority Component Unit December 31, 2006

Fund balance - governmental fund

\$ 3,631,604

Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets are not financial resources, and therefore not reported in the governmental fund.

Add: capital assets, net 295,701

Because the focus of the governmental fund is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental fund, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Add: deferred property taxes 572,282

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund.

Subtract: long-term debt payable (658,036)
Subtract: accrued interest on long-term debt (40,260)
Subtract: long-term due to primary government (5,580,000)

Net assets (deficit) \$ (1,778,709)

Statement of Activities / Governmental Fund Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Downtown Development Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	General Fund		1	Adjustments	 tement ctivities
Expenditures / expenses	\$	7,228,604	\$	(551,156)	\$ 6,677,448
Program revenues					
Charges for services		2,470,120		-	2,470,120
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted interest		255,983		-	255,983
Capital grants and contributions		74,210		-	74,210
Total program revenues		2,800,313		-	2,800,313
Net program (expense) revenue		(4,428,291)		551,156	(3,877,135)
General revenues					
Property taxes		3,005,407		403,954	3,409,361
Unrestricted investment earnings		96,068		-	96,068
Total general revenues		3,101,475		403,954	3,505,429
Change in fund balance / net assets		(1,326,816)		955,110	(371,706)
Fund balances / net assets (deficit):					
Beginning of year		4,958,420		(6,365,423)	(1,407,003)
End of year	\$	3,631,604	\$	(5,410,313)	\$ (1,778,709)

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to Changes in Net Assets Downtown Development Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	(1,326,816)
Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:		
The governmental fund reports capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Subtract: depreciation expense		(74,757)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental fund, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year.	t	
Add: net change in property tax revenues		403,954
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Add: principal payments on long-term liabilities		623,185
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.	1	
Subtract: change in accrued interest		2,728
Change in net assets	\$	(371,706)

Statement of Net Assets / Governmental Fund Balance Sheet Economic Development Corporation Component Unit December 31, 2006

	 General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 79,357	\$ -	\$ 79,357	
Notes receivable	 1,535,627		1,535,627	
Total assets	\$ 1,614,984	<u>-</u>	1,614,984	
Liabilities				
Accrued liabilities	\$ 2,001	-	2,001	
Due to primary government	308	-	308	
Advance from primary government	1,435,627	-	1,435,627	
Deferred revenue	 100,000	(100,000)		
Total liabilities	1,537,936	(100,000)	1,437,936	
Fund balance / net assets				
Fund balance:				
Unreserved, undesignated	 77,048	(77,048)		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,614,984	(177,048)	1,437,936	
Net assets				
Unrestricted		\$ 177,048	\$ 177,048	

Reconciliation of Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to Net Assets Economic Development Corporation Component Unit December 31, 2006

Fund balance - governmental fund \$ 77,048

Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:

Because the focus of the governmental fund is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental fund, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Add: deferred notes receivable 100,000

Net assets \$ 177,048

Statement of Activities / Governmental Fund Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Economic Development Corporation Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	General Fund		Adjı	ıstments	Statement of Activities	
Expenditures / expenses	\$	80,767	\$	-	\$	80,767
Program revenues		24.524				04.504
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted interest		91,784		-		91,784
Net (expense) revenue		11,017		-		11,017
General revenues						
Unrestricted investment earnings		1,966		-		1,966
Change in fund balance / net assets		12,983		-		12,983
Fund balances / net assets:						
Beginning of year		64,065		100,000		164,065
End of year	\$	77,048	\$	100,000	\$	177,048

Statement of Net Assets / Governmental Fund Balance Sheet Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit December 31, 2006

	General Fund		Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,559,571	\$ -	\$ 1,559,571
Receivables, net:				
Notes		710,895	-	710,895
Due from other governments		240,251	-	240,251
Due from primary government		-	3,933	3,933
Taxes		154,280	-	154,280
Total assets	\$	2,664,997	3,933	2,668,930
Liabilities				
Account payable	\$	11,480	-	11,480
Accrued liabilities		5,074	-	5,074
Due to primary government		1,284	-	1,284
Advance from primary government		710,895	-	710,895
Deferred/unearned revenue		95,753	(16,981)	78,772
Total liabilities		824,486	(16,981)	807,505
Fund balance / net assets				
Fund balance:				
Unreserved, undesignated		1,840,511	(1,840,511)	
Total fund balance		1,840,511	(1,840,511)	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,664,997	:	
Net assets				
Unrestricted			\$ 1,861,425	\$ 1,861,425

Reconciliation of Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to Net Assets Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit December 31, 2006

Fund balance - governmental fund

\$ 1,840,511

Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:

Because the focus of the governmental fund is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental fund, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Add: deferred notes receivable

16,981

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is allocated to the Authority and reported in the statement of activities.

Add: net operating gain from component unit activities accounted for in governmental internal service funds

3,933

Net assets \$ 1,861,425

Statement of Activities / Governmental Fund Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 General Fund		justments	Statement of Activities
Expenditures / expenses	\$ 796,328	\$	(1,190) \$	795,138
Program revenues				
Intergovernmental revenue	306,906			306,906
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted interest	 514,200		-	514,200
Total program revenues	821,106			821,106
Net (expense) revenue	 24,778		1,190	25,968
General revenues				
Property taxes	358,028		4,818	362,846
Unrestricted investment earnings	43,058		-	43,058
Proceeds / gain from the sale of capital assets	 2,500		-	2,500
Total general revenues	 403,586		4,818	408,404
Change in net assets	428,364		6,008	434,372
Fund balances / net assets:				
Beginning of year	 1,412,147		14,906	1,427,053
End of year	\$ 1,840,511	\$	20,914 \$	1,861,425

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to Changes in Net Assets Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	428,364
Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are no reported as revenues in the governmental fund, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year.	ot	
Add: net change in notes receivable		4,818
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such a insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue (expense) certain internal service funds is allocated to the Authority and reported in the statement of activities.		
Add: net operating gain from component unit activities accounted for in governmental internal service funds		1,190
Change in net assets	\$	434,372

Statement of Net Assets / Governmental Fund Balance Sheet Local Development Finance Authority Component Unit December 31, 2006

	General		A 11. 4		Statement	
		Fund	A	djustments	- 0	of Net Assets
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	156,904	\$	-	\$	156,904
Taxes receivable		92,189		-		92,189
Due from primary government		969		133		1,102
Total assets	\$	250,062		133		250,195
Liabilities						
Due to primary government	\$	82,671	\$	-	\$	82,671
Advance from primary government		1,860,379		-		1,860,379
Deferred revenue		40,730		(40,730)		
Total liabilities		1,983,780		(40,730)		1,943,050
Fund balance / net assets						
Fund balance:						
Unreserved, undesignated		(1,733,718)		1,733,718		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	250,062	=			
Net assets						
Unrestricted (deficit)			\$	(1,692,855)	\$	(1,692,855)

Reconciliation of Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to Net Assets Local Development Finance Authority Component Unit December 31, 2006

Fund balance - governmental fund

\$ (1,733,718)

Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:

Because the focus of the governmental fund is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental fund, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Add: deferred notes receivable

40,730

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. A portion of the net assets of certain internal service funds are allocated to the Authority and included in the statement of net assets.

Add: net assets allocated to the Authority from governmental activity internal service funds

133

Net assets (deficit)

\$ (1,692,855)

Statement of Activities / Governmental Fund Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Local Development Finance Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	General Fund		Adjustments		Statement of Activities	
Expenditures / expenses	\$	268,951	\$	-	\$	268,951
General revenues Property taxes		305,887		32,563		338,450
Change in net assets		36,936		32,563		69,499
Fund balances / net assets: Beginning of year		(1,770,654)		8,300		(1,762,354)
End of year	\$	(1,733,718)	\$	40,863	\$	(1,692,855)

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to Changes in Net Assets Local Development Finance Authority Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	36,936
Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are no reported as revenues in the governmental fund, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year.	t	
Add: net change in deferred property taxes		32,563
Change in net assets	\$	69,499

Statement of Net Assets

Metro Transit System Component Unit December 31, 2006

	Er	iterprise			S	Statement
		Fund	Adjustn	nents	of	Net Assets
Assets						
Current assets:	Φ	2.520.420	Φ		Φ	2 520 420
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,538,420	\$	-	\$	3,538,420
Receivables, net		795,714	_	-		795,714
Due from primary government		-	5	34,859		534,859
Other assets		314,335		-		314,335
Total current assets		4,648,469	5	34,859		5,183,328
Non-current assets:						
Restricted investments		1,132,909		-		1,132,909
Capital assets, net		19,485,300		-		19,485,300
Total non-current assets		20,618,209		-		20,618,209
Total assets		25,266,678	5	34,859		25,801,537
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Account payable and accrued liabilities		751,533		_		751,533
Due to primary government		296,350		_		296,350
Deferred revenue		1,138,304		_		1,138,304
Current portion of long-term debt		21,257		_		21,257
Total current liabilities	-	2,207,444		-		2,207,444
Long-term liabilities:						
Due in more than one year		148,800		-		148,800
Total liabilities		2,356,244		-		2,356,244
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets		19,485,300		_		19,485,300
Unrestricted		3,425,134	5	34,859		3,959,993
Total net assets	\$	22,910,434	\$ 5	34,859	\$	23,445,293

Reconciliation of Fund Net Assets of the Enterprise Fund to Net Assets Metro Transit System Component Unit December 31, 2006

Fund net assets \$ 22,910,434

Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is allocated to the System and reported in the statement of activities.

Add: net operating gain from component unit activities accounted for in governmental internal service funds

534,859

Net assets \$ 23,445,293

Statement of Activities and Enterprise Fund Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Metro Transit System Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Enterprise Fund			Adjustments	Statement of Activities	
Expenses	\$	13,232,912	\$	(77,127)	\$	13,155,785
Program revenues						
Charges for services		2,100,135		-		2,100,135
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted interest		8,608,399		-		8,608,399
Capital grants and contributions		3,861,724		=		3,861,724
Total program revenues		14,570,258				14,570,258
Net revenue		1,337,346		77,127		1,414,473
General revenues						
Property taxes		1,589,909		-		1,589,909
Loss on sale of capital assets		(75,011)		75,011		
Total general revenues		1,514,898		75,011		1,589,909
Change in net assets		2,852,244		152,138		3,004,382
Net assets, beginning of year		20,058,190		382,721		20,440,911
Net assets, end of year	\$	22,910,434	\$	534,859	\$	23,445,293

Reconciliation of Enterprise Fund Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets to the Statement of Activities Metro Transit System Component Unit For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

\$

2,852,244

3,004,382

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is allocated to the System and reported in the statement of activities.

Add: net operating gain from component unit activities accounted for in governmental internal service funds

Change in net assets - enterprise fund

Change in net assets

STATISTICAL SECTION INDEX

The statistical section of the City of Kalamazoo's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

TABLE NO. TABLE DESCRIPTION

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

- 1 Net Assets by Component
- 2 Changes in Net Assets
- 3 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader understand the City's financial most significant local revenue source, property tax.

- 5 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 6 Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments
- 7 Principal Property Taxpayers
- 8 Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

- 9 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 10 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
- Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
- 12a Legal Debt Margin Information Computation of Legal Debt Margin
- 12b Legal Debt Margin Information Historical
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Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with which the City's financial activities take place.

- 14 Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 15 Principal Employers

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

- Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 17 Operating Indicators by Function
- 18 Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Supplementary Schedules

These schedules contain additional supplementary information.

- Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures for Activities Related to the State of Michigan Construction Code Act
- 20 Pension Plan Revenues by Source and Expense by Type

Security and Exchange Commission (SEC) Additional Disclosures

These schedules provide additional disclosures to comply with the SEC rule 15c2-12 for continuing disclosures. The information in these schedules provides additional data not included elsewhere in the comprehensive annual financial report or statistical data.

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 - Taxable Value by Use and Class
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- 22 State Equalized Value (SEV):
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Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information on these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Assets by Component Last Four Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2003		2004		2005	2006	
Governmental activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	107,634,804	\$	107,099,832	\$	105,799,049	\$	109,408,557
Restricted		13,611,731		11,360,665		30,173,266		28,757,898
Unrestricted		19,450,183		22,618,398		13,089,868		18,356,265
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	140,696,718	\$	141,078,895	\$	149,062,183	\$	156,522,720
Business-type activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	147,019,802	\$	145,705,440	\$	148,221,106	\$	152,082,594
Restricted		12,521,283		15,616,902		14,823,500		11,618,293
Unrestricted		11,151,951		12,307,683		12,425,961		13,279,738
Total business-type activities	\$	170,693,036	\$	173,630,025	\$	175,470,567	\$	176,980,625
Primary government								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	254,654,606	\$	252,805,272	\$	254,020,155	\$	261,491,151
Restricted	Ф	26,133,014	Ф	26,977,567	Ф	44,996,766	Φ	40,376,191
Unrestricted		30,602,134		34,926,081		25,515,829		31,636,003
Total primary government net assets	\$	311,389,754	\$	314,708,920	\$	324,532,750	\$	333,503,345
Total primary government net assets	Ψ	311,307,734	Ψ	317,700,720	Ψ	324,332,730	Ψ	333,303,343

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Changes in Net Assets Last Four Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2003		2004		2005		2006
Expenses						_		
Governmental activities:	ф	6 275 045	ф	5 254 674	ф	5 207 002	Φ.	6 401 007
General government Public safety	\$	6,275,945 31,128,037	\$	5,354,674 32,320,014	\$	5,307,982 30,897,982	\$	6,491,807 29,898,894
Economic development		1,048,265		982,743		902,612		527,345
Community development and planning		5,587,120		7,676,008		6,363,525		5,051,199
Parks		844,727		1,039,470		905,279		894,120
Recreation		1,904,491		1,670,349		1,583,015		1,855,689
Public works		6,720,951		6,240,100		5,532,502		5,255,159
Streets		6,543,652		6,883,911		7,085,322		6,636,399
Interest on long-term debt	Φ.	2,489,721	Φ.	2,582,855	Φ.	3,119,829	Φ.	3,091,454
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	62,542,909	\$	64,750,124	\$	61,698,048	\$	59,702,066
Business-type activities:								
Wastewater	\$	20,109,707	\$	19,904,896	\$	20,770,198	\$	20,370,767
Water		10,982,741		10,936,547		11,392,060		11,875,242
Other Total business-type activities expenses	\$	192,711 31,285,159	\$	195,459 31,036,902	\$	1,119,540 33,281,798	\$	40,649 32,286,658
Total primary government expenses	\$	93,828,068	\$	95,787,026	\$	94,979,846	\$	91,988,724
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services: General government	\$	2,598,972	\$	2,746,278	\$	2,507,300	\$	2,988,396
Community development and planning	Ф	1,574,513	Ф	1,560,806	φ	2,985,821	Φ	1,166,367
Other		1,008,671		1,012,056		1,003,322		1,085,864
Operating grants and contributions		15,874,688		16,811,523		18,002,937		13,439,433
Capital grants and contributions		90,690		532,334		479,577		393,565
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	21,147,534	\$	22,662,997	\$	24,978,957	\$	19,073,625
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Wastewater	\$	19,582,578	\$	19,266,485	\$	18,424,157	\$	17,996,945
Water		8,010,662		8,284,199		8,914,883		10,933,129
Other		115,912		136,499		32,560		45,611
Operating grants and contributions		327,609		236,315		1,422,097		1,010,733
Capital grants and contributions	-	5,717,560	-	5,674,667	-	6,316,121	-	3,618,003
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$	33,754,321	\$	33,598,165	\$	35,109,818	\$	33,604,421
Total primary government program revenue:	\$	54,901,855	\$	56,261,162	\$	60,088,775	\$	52,678,046
Net (Expense) Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(41,395,375)	\$	(42,087,127)	\$	(36,719,091)	\$	(40,628,441)
Business-type activities		2,469,162		2,561,263		1,828,020		1,317,763
Total primary government net expense	\$	(38,926,213)	\$	(39,525,864)	\$	(34,891,071)	\$	(39,310,678)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets								
Governmental activities:								
General revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	30,937,165	\$	31,803,955	\$	33,066,650	\$	35,148,859
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		11,436,571		10,499,478		10,461,886		10,967,559
Unrestricted investment earnings		488,519		513,444		1,119,704		1,757,763
Gain on sale of assets Contributions to permanent funds		80,533 55,275		35,020		54,139		44,577
Transfers- internal activities		(32,000)		(319,342)		54,137		
Total governmental activities	\$	42,966,063	\$	42,560,308	\$	44,702,379	\$	47,918,758
Business-type activities:								
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	\$	5,035	\$	29,593	\$	(8,646)	\$	8,645
Unrestricted investment earnings		15,276		15,085		16,454		36,799
Gain on sale of assets		14,912		11,706		4,714		146,851
Transfers - internal activities		32,000		319,342		-		-
Special item - loss on sale of capital assets/inventory Total business type activities	\$	(4,218,681)	•	375 726	•	12 522	•	192,295
Total business-type activities	<u> </u>	(4,151,458)	\$	375,726	\$	12,522	\$	174,493
Total primary government	\$	38,814,605	\$	42,936,034	\$	44,714,901	\$	48,111,053
Change in Net Assets								
Governmental activities	\$	1,570,688	\$	473,181	\$	7,983,288	\$	7,290,317
Business-type activities Total primary government	\$	(1,682,296) (111,608)	\$	2,936,989 3,410,170	\$	1,840,542 9,823,830	\$	1,510,058 8,800,375
rotal primary government	φ	(111,000)	ф	3,410,170	Ф	7,043,030	Ф	0,000,373

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Four Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006
General fund				
Reserved	\$ 243,823	\$ 117,087	\$ 584,441	\$ 600,835
Unreserved	4,091,213	2,053,381	2,772,957	5,554,688
Total general fund	\$ 4,335,036	\$ 2,170,468	\$ 3,357,398	\$ 6,155,523
All other governmental funds				
Reserved	\$ 7,613,117	\$ 8,864,237	\$ 11,659,071	\$ 9,177,854
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	5,335,006	9,100,034	3,714,325	4,006,455
Debt service funds	206,447	175,966	407,306	248,595
Capital project funds	2,661,899	5,743,562	5,152,200	7,897,735
Permanent funds	1,693,125	2,189,177	2,249,232	2,610,660
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 17,509,594	\$ 26,072,976	\$ 23,182,134	\$ 23,941,299

The increase in the total fund balance of the general fund in 2006 is explained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Four Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2003	 2004		2005		2006
Revenues						
Property taxes and special assessments	\$ 30,187,060	\$ 31,059,692	\$	32,472,148	\$	34,508,937
Licenses and permits	1,797,321	1,972,128		2,187,748		1,937,580
Intergovernmental revenue	21,477,998	22,951,771		22,062,498		20,120,520
Charges for services	1,009,499	1,520,621		1,362,100		1,599,259
Fines and forfeits	220,918	313,457		412,643		241,075
Interest and dividends	707,975	919,177		1,545,668		2,132,582
Net investment earnings	1,188,778	662,985		293,975		660,122
Rental of facilities	2,473,297	2,440,467		2,407,576		2,803,567
Other revenue	7,110,905	6,358,129		7,076,876		7,580,521
Total revenues	\$ 66,173,751	\$ 68,198,427	\$	69,821,232	\$	71,584,163
Expenditures						
Current Expenditures:						
General government	\$ 9,454,312	\$ 9,290,156	\$	8,588,226	\$	8,988,625
Public safety	30,164,964	31,422,767	•	30,677,808	·	30,547,482
Economic development	1,315,177	1,183,684		1,039,477		565,017
Community development and planning	5,614,165	7,735,233		6,362,662		5,127,485
Parks and recreation	2,503,219	2,824,267		2,540,006		2,587,159
Public works	1,368,157	1,357,049		1,292,281		1,143,920
Cemeteries	393,555	413,008		571,613		555,138
Solid waste	2,018,457	2,296,871		2,109,015		2,239,957
Streets	3,167,739	3,432,117		3,647,201		9,580,546
Other	3,107,737	3,132,117		92,747		169,271
Debt service:				>2,717		107,271
Principal	5,149,510	5,060,999		13,754,076		5,067,709
Interest and fiscal charges	2,537,353	2,503,431		3,315,456		2,912,669
Capital outlay	9,531,293	7,790,172		18,582,210		5,125,701
Total expenditures	\$ 73,217,901	\$ 75,309,754	\$	92,572,778	\$	74,610,679
Total expenditures						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (7,044,150)	\$ (7,111,327)	\$	(22,751,546)	\$	(3,026,516)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	\$ 8,190,472	\$ 9,119,874	\$	10,466,647	\$	10,001,607
Transfers out	\$ (8,102,193)	\$ (8,275,022)	\$	(9,634,221)	\$	(10,758,458)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	29,566	21,293		1,896,539		36,705
Issuance of long-term debt	1,940,000	12,735,000		18,145,000		7,110,000
Bond premium	147			173,669		23,732
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 2,057,992	\$ 13,601,145	\$	21,047,634	\$	6,413,586
Net change in fund balances	\$ (4,986,158)	\$ 6,489,818	\$	(1,703,912)	\$	3,387,070
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	13.7%	12.6%		30.0%		13.0%

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

		Ta	axable	Assessed Value	(A)								Ratio of Total
Year	Real Personal				Industrial and Commercial Subject to Act 198			Total Taxable sessed Value (A)				Estimated Actual Value	Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value
1997	\$	935,384,020	\$	233,108,300	\$	48,893,850	\$	1,217,386,170	\$	21.1079	\$	2,524,211,040	48.2%
1998		975,989,650		227,662,700		46,185,125		1,249,837,475		21.1440		2,585,878,800	48.3%
1999		1,016,391,380		237,632,548		43,084,950		1,297,108,878		21.5667		2,673,281,256	48.5%
2000		1,034,261,518		229,137,050		32,650,000		1,296,048,568		21.5667		2,964,880,756	43.7%
2001		1,090,113,040		238,143,600		32,089,500		1,360,346,140		21.5667		3,076,324,910	44.2%
2002		1,175,434,380		238,009,950		15,096,550		1,428,540,880		21.9205		3,219,520,360	44.4%
2003		1,213,441,494		244,276,534		35,442,050		1,493,160,078		21.9205		3,404,210,728	43.9%
2004		1,274,216,408		219,353,550		36,821,197		1,530,391,155		22.1405		3,546,183,600	43.2%
2005		1,330,662,249		213,784,700		33,929,243		1,578,376,192		22.1405		3,657,698,240	43.2%
2006		1,393,452,901		225,841,898		23,178,428		1,642,473,227		21.9049		3,841,553,300	42.8%

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Assessor Division

Note:

Property in the city is reassessed annually. State statute requires all taxable property to be assessed at 50% of the market value, except certain facilities which are granted exemption certificates under Act 198, Public Acts of Michigan. This Act was designed to provide a stimulus in the form of tax incentives to industrial and commercial enterprises to renovate and expand aging facilities and to build new facilities. However, Proposal A limits the increase of the taxable value to 5% or the Consumer Price Index, whichever is lower. The rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

(A) Taxable values include adjustments to the final adopted assessment roll due to Tax Tribunal Judgments, Board of Review decisions and other adjustments affecting the assessment roll or the tax levy as of December 31, 2006. These values do not reflect adjustments for real estate taxes cancelled through foreclosure, or personal property taxes cancelled by the Circuit Court. These adjustments increased the 2006 roll by \$693,581.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years

-		City of Kala	amazoo					Totals				
Year ended December 31	Operating	Refuse Collection and Disposal	Mass Trans- portation	Total City Millage (A)	Kalamazoo Public Schools (B)	County	State Education Tax	Kalamazoo Valley Intermediate School District	Kalamazoo Valley Community College	District Library	Non- Homestead	(C) Homestead
1997	19.3440	1.2639	0.5000	21.1079	21.2000	5.8405	6.0000	3.0500	2.8231	4.0000	64.0215	46.0220
1998	19.3440		0.5000		21.2000	6.1400	6.0000	3.0500	2.8231	4.0000	64.3571	46.3571
1999	19.2705		0.9962		21.0500	6.1400	6.0000	3.0416	2.8152	3.9583	64.5718	46.5718
2000	19.2705	1.3000	0.9962	21.5667	21.0500	6.1400	6.0000	3.0416	2.8151	3.9583	64.5717	46.5717
2001	19.2705	1.3000	0.9962	21.5667	22.0800	6.1400	6.0000	3.0416	2.8151	3.9853	65.6287	47.6017
2002	19.2705	1.6500	1.0000	21.9205	22.2000	6.1362	6.0000	3.0416	2.8139	3.9583	66.0705	48.0705
2003	19.2705	1.6500	1.0000	21.9205	22.2000	6.1362	5.0000	3.0416	2.8139	3.9583	65.0705	47.0705
2004	19.2705	1.8700	1.0000	22.1405	22.2000	6.1362	6.0000	3.0416	2.8135	3.9583	66.2901	48.2901
2005	19.2705	1.8700	1.0000	22.1405	22.2000	6.1362	6.0000	4.5416	2.8135	3.9583	67.7901	49.7901
2006	19.1606	1.7500	0.9943	21.9049	23.3500	6.5862	6.0000	4.5416	2.8135	3.9583	69.1545	51.1545

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Treasury Division

Note: Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Kalamazoo. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Kalamazoo property owners (e.g., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the city's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district). Tax rates are expressed as a dollar for each \$1,000 of taxable property value.

- (A) The City's Downtown Development Authority levies an additional \$1.9638 for each \$1,000 of Taxable Value within the City's Downtown Development District
- (B) Kalamazoo Public Schools is the largest school district within the City. Portions of other school districts overlap the City's boundaries. Of those which do, the millage rates for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 ranged from \$20.7000 to 23.3500 for each \$1,000 of Taxable Value. The total tax rates for property owners in these other school districts would differ accordingly.
- (C) Homestead means a dwelling or unit in a multiple-unit dwelling subject to ad valorem property taxes that is owned and occupied as a principal residence by the owner of the dwelling or entity. Homestead also includes certain agricultural property, registered life care facilities, and property owned by a cooperative housing corporation and occupied as a Homestead.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

					1997 (C)						
		Tax	able Value of Pr	opert	y		(B) Percent		Taxable Assessed		Percent
Taxpayer	Industry	Ad Valorem	Abated (A)	Total		Rank	of Total	Value		Rank	of Total
Pfizer Corporation /											
Pharmacia & Upjohn	Pharmaceuticals	\$ 103,846,416	\$ 415,421	\$	104,261,837	1	6.35%	\$	141,397,100	1	11.60%
Graphic Packaging Consumer's Energy /	Paper Products	29,652,841	309,300		29,962,141	2	1.82%		-	-	-
Consumer's Power Company	Utility	25,653,550			25,653,550	3	1.56%		28,077,600	3	0.23%
Greenleaf Holdings	Real Estate	25,546,265			25,546,265	4	1.56%		-	-	-
James S. Smith Trust	Rental Properties	13,133,742			13,133,742	5	0.80%		-	-	-
American Greetings	Paper Products	13,006,861			13,006,861	6	0.79%		-	-	-
Bronson Hospital	Health Care	10,976,380			10,976,380	7	0.67%		-	-	-
Cytec Industries	Chemical Manufacturing	10,669,613			10,669,613	8	0.65%		8,559,250	6	0.70%
Lifecare (Friendship Village)	Retirement Community	9,837,399			9,837,399	9	0.60%		-	-	-
TVO Candlewyck Apartments	Apartment Complex	9,476,789			9,476,789	10	0.58%		6,814,000	8	0.56%
James River Corporation	Paper Products								48,883,900	2	4.01%
Parker - Hannifin Co.	Industrial Manufacturing								9,330,550	4	0.77%
Drake Pond Apartments	Residential Development								8,808,200	5	0.72%
First of America Bank	Banking								7,068,000	7	0.58%
Beach Products	Paper Products								6,501,150	9	0.53%
Durametalic	Valve Seals								5,726,350	10	0.47%
		\$ 251,799,856	\$ 724,721	\$	252,524,577		15.37%	\$	271,166,100		22.24%

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Assessor Division

⁽A) Represents equivalent taxable value of property granted tax abatement under Acts 198.

⁽B) The City's total taxable value of \$1,642,473,227 for the year ending December 31, 2006 includes the taxable value of property granted tax abatement under Act 198 and board adjustments. See Table 5 for data on taxable values.

⁽C) Values are the basis for the 1997 Assessment Roll and the 1997 Tax Roll. The City's Total Taxable Valuation, including Act 198 and Act 255 values totaled \$1,219,355,050.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Property Tax Levies and Collections General Property Tax Levy Last Ten Years

Year	 (A) Total Adjusted Tax Levy	3	Collection of Current Year's Taxes During Year Levied	Percent of Levy Collected During Year Levied	(B) Collection Subsequent to the Year of Tax Levy	 Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy
1997	\$ 23,487,443	\$	20,357,523	86.67%	\$ 3,095,730	\$ 23,453,253	99.85%
1998	24,039,638		20,944,734	87.13%	3,064,000	24,008,734	99.87%
1999	24,946,250		22,061,411	88.44%	2,840,107	24,901,518	99.82%
2000	25,548,795		22,249,362	87.09%	3,117,982	25,367,344	99.29%
2001	26,109,481		22,719,024	87.01%	3,187,627	25,906,651	99.22%
2002	27,447,616		24,051,078	87.63%	3,094,305	27,145,383	98.90%
2003	28,428,822		24,665,670	86.76%	3,317,739	27,983,409	98.43%
2004	29,063,140		25,195,702	86.69%	3,619,339	28,815,041	99.15%
2005	30,046,920		25,828,635	85.96%	3,612,278	29,440,913	97.98%
2006	31,177,140		26,574,222	85.24%	-	26,574,222	85.24%

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Treasury Division

- (A) Reflects general operating levy only, whereas General Fund property tax revenues in the general purpose financial statements include the general levy, payments in lieu of taxes and special assessments. All total tax levies reflect adjustments for Tax Tribunal consent judgments, Board of Review decisions, real estate taxes cancelled through foreclosure and state scavenger sales, and personal property taxes cancelled by Circuit Court.
- (B) Reflects collections through December 31, 2006

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

		Governmental	Activities		Bu	siness-Type Activ	rities			
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Installment Purchase Contracts	Special Assessment Bonds (A)	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Installment Purchase Contracts	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita (B)
1997	\$ 23,690,000	\$ 12,655,000	\$ 4,799,580	\$ -	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 28,450,000	\$ 609,000	\$ 71,603,580	3.52%	\$ 892
1998	27,935,000	10,990,000	3,558,453	-	1,200,000	26,440,000	538,000	70,661,453	3.30%	880
1999	35,935,000	9,720,000	3,179,772	670,000	1,000,000	24,335,000	463,000	75,302,772	3.47%	938
2000	35,810,000	11,640,000	3,290,378	625,000	750,000	22,060,000	382,000	74,557,378	3.48%	966
2001	37,520,000	10,505,000	2,899,955	575,000	500,000	21,055,000	296,000	73,350,955	3.32%	951
2002	36,320,000	11,575,000	2,425,594	525,000	-	20,850,000	204,000	71,899,594	3.15%	932
2003	35,065,000	10,120,000	1,831,084	475,000	-	30,010,000	105,000	77,606,084	3.29%	1,006
2004	40,740,000	12,925,000	970,085	425,000	-	23,885,000	-	78,945,085	3.26%	1,023
2005	46,940,000	11,395,000	736,009	380,000	-	22,690,000	-	82,141,009	3.32%	1,065
2006	50,920,000	9,805,000	433,300	335,000	-	23,735,000	-	85,228,300	3.44%	1,105

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽A) Special assessment bonds were issued in 1999.

⁽B) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics at Table 14 for personal income and population data.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

		Less:	Percentage of Estimated						
	General	Amounts Available in			Actual				
	Obligation	Debt Service			Value	Per			
Year	Bonds	Funds (A)		Total	of Property (B)	Capita (C)			
1997	\$ 25,090,000	\$ 74,963	\$	25,015,037	0.99%	\$ 311.61			
1998	29,135,000	19,516		29,115,484	1.13%	362.69			
1999	36,935,000	2,835		36,932,165	1.38%	460.06			
2000	36,560,000	3,524		36,556,476	1.23%	473.87			
2001	31,560,000	181		31,559,819	1.03%	409.10			
2002	36,320,000	1,000		36,319,000	1.13%	470.79			
2003	35,065,000	795		35,064,205	1.03%	454.52			
2004	40,740,000	258		40,739,742	1.15%	528.09			
2005	46,940,000	245,300		46,694,700	1.28%	605.28			
2006	50,920,000	89,319		50,830,681	1.32%	658.90			

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (A) The net assets of the special assessment debt service fund are not available to general obligation bonds and are excluded from the amounts available in debt service funds.
- (B) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property at Table 4 for property value data.
- (C) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics at Table 14.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2006

Overlapping:

	 Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Comstock School District	\$ 8,441,000	16.09%	\$	1,358,157	
Kalamazoo School District	137,006,000	61.90%		84,806,714	
Parchment School District	16,910,000	1.05%		177,555	
Portage School District	32,963,000	1.60%		527,408	
Kalamazoo County	9,300,000	21.74%		2,021,820	
Kalamazoo Library District	9,020,000	58.98%		5,319,996	
Total overlapping debt	\$ 213,640,000		\$	94,211,650	

Direct:

	Gross Debt	Self-			Net Direct Debt	
General obligation bonds:	 Debt	Supporting (A)		-	Debt	
Building Authority	\$ 38,000,000	\$	27,972,005	\$	10,027,995	
Downtown Development	5,480,000		5,480,000		-	
Capital improvement	7,440,000		210,420		7,229,580	
Revenue bonds:						
Michigan Transportation Fund	9,805,000		9,805,000		-	
Special assessment bonds	335,000		335,000		-	
Installment purchase contracts	433,300		98,000		335,300	
Total direct debt	\$ 61,493,300	\$	43,900,425	\$	17,592,875	

Total net direct and overlapping debt of governmental activities	\$ 111,804,525
11 0 0	

Sources: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Accounting Division Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Kalamazoo. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden born by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every tax payer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(A) Self-Supporting debt obligations are to be repaid through sources other than the City's general property tax revenues.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Legal Debt Margin Information Computation of Legal Debt Margin December 31, 2006

State Equalized Value (A)	
Ad valorem property	\$ 1,895,004,224
Tax abated property	 23,390,200
Total State Equalized Value (SEV)	\$ 1,918,394,424
Limitation per Section 5.2074 of the Home Rule Act of the State of Michigan	10.0%
the State of Whengan	 10.070
Legal Limitation	\$ 191,839,442
Debt Obligations of the Primary Government (B)	\$ 85,228,300
Less debt not subject to limitation:	
Water System and Wastewater System Revenue Bonds	\$ (23,735,000)
Michigan Transportation Fund Bonds	(9,805,000)
Special Assessment Bonds	(335,000)
	(33,875,000)
Total Debt of the City Subject to Limitation	 51,353,300
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$ 140,486,142

Note:

Under Michigan Home Rule Cities Act, the City of Kalamazoo's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed value of all real and personal property in the city.

Significant exceptions to the debt limitation have been permitted by the Home Rule Cities Act for certain types of indebtedness which include: special assessment bonds and Michigan transportation fund bonds; revenue bonds payable from revenues only; bonds issued or contract obligations assessments incurred to comply with an order of the Water Resources Commission of the State of Michigan; obligations incurred for water supply, sewage, drainage, or refuse disposal or resource recover projects necessary to protect public health; bonds issued, assessments, or contract obligations incurred for the construction, improvement, or replacement of a combined sewer overflow abatement facility.

- (A) State equalized assessed property values are assessed at December 31, 2005 for the basis of the year ending December 31, 2006 tax levy. See supplemental Schedule of State Equalized Value at Table 22 for property value data.
- (B) See the Schedule of Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type at Table 9 for the outstanding debt of the primary government.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Legal Debt Margin Historical Information Last Ten Years

					Total
					Net Debt
			Total		Applicable
			Net Debt	Legal	to Limit as a
	Debt	1	Applicable	Debt	Percentage of
Year	Limit		to Limit	Margin	Debt Limit
1997	\$ 128,361,385	\$	32,012,300	\$ 96,349,085	24.9%
1998	134,769,835		32,391,000	102,378,835	24.0%
1999	147,357,950		39,577,772	107,780,178	26.9%
2000	150,699,450		39,482,378	111,217,072	26.2%
2001	154,204,477		40,715,956	113,488,521	26.4%
2002	160,757,278		38,699,595	122,057,683	24.1%
2003	170,336,373		36,321,084	134,015,289	21.3%
2004	176,969,170		41,415,085	135,554,085	23.4%
2005	182,904,652		47,676,009	135,228,643	26.1%
2006	191,839,442		51,535,300	140,304,142	26.9%

Source:

City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Accounting Division

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Years

Governmental Activities:

Michigan	Transportation	Revenue	Ronds	(A)
Michigan	i i ansivii tauvii	KUVUHUU	Dunus '	

	Whenigan Transportation Revenue Bonus (A)								
	Gas and								
	Weight Tax		Debt Service						
Year	Revenues (A)	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage				
1997	\$ 4,187,429	\$ 780,000	\$ 601,427	\$ 1,381,427	3.03				
1998	5,022,638	766,827	571,124	1,337,951	3.75				
1999	5,107,161	910,453	573,719	1,484,172	3.44				
2000	4,378,739	940,000	584,653	1,524,653	2.87				
2001	5,283,656	1,135,000	610,791	1,745,791	3.03				
2002	5,079,877	1,230,000	554,849	1,784,849	2.85				
2003	5,313,674	1,455,000	502,143	1,957,143	2.72				
2004	5,568,127	1,515,000	512,153	2,027,153	2.75				
2005	5,316,925	1,530,000	529,523	2,059,523	2.58				
2006	5,278,013	1,590,000	466,840	2,056,840	2.57				

Special	Assessment	Bonds (B)	١
D p c c i a i	LIBBOODIIICIIC	Dullus	,	

	Special rissessment bonds (b)									
		Special								
	As	ssessment	ssment Debt Service							
Year	Collections		P	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage	
1999	\$	110,015	\$	10,000	\$	9,244	\$	19,244	5.72	
2000		78,968		45,000		33,146		78,146	1.01	
2001		57,171		50,000		32,824		82,824	0.69	
2002		67,990		50,000		29,175		79,175	0.86	
2003		74,553		50,000		25,976		75,976	0.98	
2004		43,503		50,000		23,447		73,447	0.59	
2005		52,539		45,000		21,241		66,241	0.79	
2006		61,480		45,000		19,210		64,210	0.96	

⁽A) Gas and weight tax revenues are reported in the Major and Local Streets funds. Amounts required for debt service are transferred to the Michigan Transportation Bond debt service fund for payment.

⁽B) Special assessment bonds were issued in 1999.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Concluded Last Ten Years

Business-type Activities

Wastewater System Revenue Bonds

					wastewater	Sys	tem Kevenue	Bonas				
			Direct		Net			Б	1.0			
			Operating		Available			D	ebt Service			
Year I	R	devenues (C)	Expense (B)		Revenue		Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
1996	\$	18,652,352	\$ 14.901.719	\$	3,750,633	\$	1.320.000	\$	647.882	\$	1.967.882	1.91
1997		18,470,158	14,744,094	·	3,726,064	·	1,410,000		587,822	·	1,997,822	1.87
1998		19,374,346	15,859,622		3,514,724		1,465,000		520,848		1,985,848	1.77
1999		19,468,532	14,776,483		4,692,049		1,535,000		448,330		1,983,330	2.37
2000		20,051,449	15,193,703		4,857,746		1,675,000		370,045		2,045,045	2.38
2001		19,095,217	15,546,031		3,549,186		270,000		108,568		378,568	9.38
2002		18,047,797	16,018,129		2,029,668		170,000		209,035		379,035	5.35
2003		19,689,923	15,480,424		4,209,499		175,000		203,680		378,680	11.12
2004		19,165,678	16,537,269		2,628,409		180,000		197,993		377,993	6.95
2005		19,604,929	15,825,509		3,779,420		185,000		191,783		376,783	10.03
2006		18,644,955	15,751,408		2,893,547		195,000		185,123		380,123	7.61

Water Sys	stem Revenu	e Bonds
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				Direct		Net						
				Operating		Available						
Year	R	Revenues (C)	Е	Expense (B)	Revenue		F	Principal	Interest		Total	Coverage
												_
400 5		0.700.710				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		207.000	00= 10=		1 2 12 10 7	
1996	\$	8,788,543	\$	6,748,604	\$	2,039,939	\$	305,000	\$ 937,485	\$	1,242,485	1.64
1997		8,898,031		6,552,109		2,345,922		520,000	1,109,316		1,629,316	1.44
1998		10,113,204		5,843,320		4,269,884		545,000	1,082,584		1,627,584	2.62
1999		9,810,609		6,808,040		3,002,569		570,000	1,054,259		1,624,259	1.85
2000		9,804,250		6,945,196		2,859,054		600,000	1,024,231		1,624,231	1.76
2001		9,937,764		7,334,374		2,603,390		630,000	992,193		1,622,193	1.60
2002		10,664,599		7,547,334		3,117,265		665,000	796,662		1,461,662	2.13
2003		9,716,990		7,435,078		2,281,912		785,000	554,405		1,339,405	1.70
2004		9,926,656		7,281,642		2,645,013		940,000	800,314		1,740,314	1.52
2005		11,248,538		7,376,725		3,871,813		1,010,000	890,428		1,900,428	2.04
2006		11,304,497		7,909,955		3,394,542		1,050,000	845,568		1,895,568	2
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005		9,937,764 10,664,599 9,716,990 9,926,656 11,248,538		7,334,374 7,547,334 7,435,078 7,281,642 7,376,725		2,603,390 3,117,265 2,281,912 2,645,013 3,871,813		630,000 665,000 785,000 940,000 1,010,000	992,193 796,662 554,405 800,314 890,428		1,622,193 1,461,662 1,339,405 1,740,314 1,900,428	1.6 2.1 1.7 1.5 2.0

Note: Detail regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽C) Includes charges for services, operating revenues, and interest earned, excluding grant revenues and interest earned on construction bond monies.

⁽D) Includes operations, amortization of bond issuance costs, and other expenses, excluding expenses associated with grant revenues.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	(A) Population	(B) Per Capita Income	 Personal Income	(A) Median Age	(D) School Enrollment	(E) Unemployment Rate
1997	80,277	\$ 25,332	\$ 2,033,576,964	26.8	12,355	4.2%
1998	80,277	26,692	2,142,753,684	26.8	11,600	3.8%
1999	80,277	27,024	2,169,405,648	26.8	11,305	4.0%
2000	77,145	27,809	2,145,325,305	26.1	11,212	4.2%
2001	77,145	28,626	2,208,352,770	26.1	16,124	5.7%
2002	77,145	29,590	2,282,720,550	26.1	16,195	7.6%
2003	77,145	30,534	2,355,545,430	26.1	15,859	7.6%
2004	77,145	31,411	2,423,201,595	26.1	15,019	7.9%
2005	77,145	32,089	2,475,505,905	26.1	15,285	7.2%
2006	77,145	32,089	2,475,505,905	26.1	15,800	7.2%

Data Sources:

- (A) Bureau of the Census 1990 Population Report for the 1997 to 1999 population data. Bureau of the Census 2000 Population Report for the 2000 to 2006 population data.
- (B) Bureau of Economic Analysis for 1997 to 2005 data, as updated May, 2007. Updated 2006 data is not yet available.
- (D) City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department. Data summarized from contacting individual public and private school systems in the City. Kalamazoo Public Schools represents the largest school district in the City, with a total enrollment of 11,446 in 2006.
- (E) Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth Office of Labor Market Information, as updated May, 2007. See the Schedule of Employment Statistics at Table 27 for employment data.

Note: Population and median age are based on the most current available census data. Personal income information is an estimate based on the per capita income of the Kalamazoo County. Unemployment rate information is an unadjusted annual rate for the City of Kalamazoo as included in Table 27. School enrollment is based on student counts in February 2007.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Principal Employers in Kalamazoo County Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2006			1997	
		Approx. Number of		Percentage of	Approx. Number of		Percentage of
Company	Principal Product or Service	Employees (A)	Rank	Employment (B)	Employees (A)	Rank	Employment (B)
Pfizer Corporation /							
Pharmacia and Upjohn, Inc.	Pharmaceuticals	4,300	1	3.2%	6,238	1	5.0%
Bronson Healthcare Group /							
Bronson Methodist Hospital	Health Care	3,400	2	2.5%	2,800	4	2.2%
Borgess Health Alliance /							
Borgess Medical Center	Health Care	2,685	3	2.0%	2,410	5	1.9%
Western Michigan University	Education	2,657	4	2.0%	3,200	2	2.5%
Kalamazoo Public Schools	Education	2,200	5	1.6%	2,200	6	1.8%
Stryker Corporation	Medical Equipment	1,750	6	1.3%	-	-	-
National City Bank /							
First of America Bank	Banking Services	1,500	7	1.1%	2,922	3	2.3%
Meijer, Inc.	Retail	1,500	8	1.1%	2,100	7	1.7%
MPI Research	Toxicology Contract Research	1,400	9	1.0%			
Portage Public Schools	Education	1,261	10	0.9%	1,162	9	0.9%
General Motors Corporation	Automotive Manufacturing	-	-	-	1,348	8	1.1%
County of Kalamazoo	Government	-	-	-	1,000	10	0.8%
Total		22,653		16.8%	25,380		20.2%

Sources:

City of Kalamazoo, Community Planning and Economic Development Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth - Office of Labor Market Information

Note: Only data for the top ten employers for the respective year are shown above.

- (A) The approximate number of employees represents only full time employees. The Economic Development department obtained data from contacting major employers in the area.
- (B) Percentage of employment from major employers is based on the total labor force for Kalamazoo-Portage Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) as employees above are not limited to residents of the City of Kalamazoo. The Kalamazoo-Portage MSA total labor force of 175,941 in 2006 and 162,024 in 1997 were obtained from the Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth Office of Labor Market Information.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Four Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees (A)					
	2003	2004	2005	2006		
Function/Program						
General government	80	79	75	74		
Public safety	307	308	301	296		
Economic development	6	6	7	7		
Community development and planning	44	43	42	41		
Parks and recreation	26	26	20	20		
Public works	52	52	44	44		
Streets	27	27	28	28		
Wastewater	97	97	112	111		
Water	95	95	88	88		
Total	734	733	717	709		

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Accounting Division

⁽A) Data represents the number of full-time equivalent positions allocated in the respective year's annual budget.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO Operating Indicators by Function Last Two Years

Last I wo Teats		
	2005	2006 (A)
General Government:	2003	2000 (A)
Assessors:		
Number of real property parcels	24,331	24,404
Cost to assess real property - per parcel	\$16.84	\$16.21
Revenue gained per real property parcel for new development	\$11.65	\$11.37
Number of personal property accounts	3,244	3,030
Cost to assess personal property - per parcel	\$31.67	\$38.38
New personal property accounts	235	270
Treasury:		
Percent of City operation tax collected at year end	86%	86%
Average rate of return on investments	3.19%	4.85%
Public Safety:		
Fire safety:		
Number of residential fires/Number of fatal fires	156/1	150/1
Number of fire inspections completed	2,700	2,700
Kalamazoo Valley Enforcement Team (KVET):		
Number of investigations	844	750
Number of arrests (includes warrants)	1,151	1,175
Operations:		
Number of calls for service	86,477	89,323
Number of persons arrested	9,145	9,868
Traffic citations issued	33,537	32,433
Traffic accidents / OUIL Arrests	3,473 / 293	2,976 / 228
Economic development:		
Number of tax exempt acres redeveloped	21.22	3.26
Private investment leveraged / jobs created	\$9,683,000	\$1,925,000
New taxable value added to the City	\$836,247	\$962,000
Community development and planning:		
Number of rental units inspected/reinspected	12,470	13,000
Number of rental units certified	8,134	7,245
Zoning enforcement actions	174	195
Number of persons impacted by housing-related grant award activities	18,625	20,000
Parks and recreation:		
Number of park reservations and public events	135	190
Number of family programs	14	13
Number of people served through family programs	9,700	11,000
Number of youth development programs	37	40
Number of people served through youth development programs	9,000	10,500
Number of youth served through grant programs	6,900	13,265

CITY OF KALAMAZOO Operating Indicators by Function, Concluded Last Two Years

	Year	
	2005	2006 (A)
Public works:		
Number of sidewalk repairs	127	85
Volume of leaves collected (cubic yards)	67,879	70,000
Volume of material recycled (tons)	2,831	2,950
Number of housing units participating in recycling activities	20,000	21,000
Volume of solid waste collected (cubic yards)	9,972	10,000
Streets:		
Number of repairs on major streets	185	190
Value of Repairs per staff hour on major streets	\$298	\$280
Number of repairs on local streets	482	480
Value of Repairs per staff hour on local streets	\$252	\$248
Water:		
Cubic meters of water billed (millions)	22.7	23.3
Average operating cost to produce one cubic meter of water	\$0.451	\$0.460
Number of utility bills mailed	238,689	252,219
Wastewater:		
Cubic meters of wastewater treated (millions)	36.0	33.0
Average operating cost to treat one cubic meter of wastewater	\$0.442	\$0.456
Number of sanitary main line stoppages	14	26

Source: City of Kalamazoo, 2007 Proposed Budget

⁽A) 2006 data is projected in conjunction with the City of Kalamazoo 2007 proposed budget procedures. Actual data is not currently available.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Two Years

	Year			
Function/Program	2005	2006		
General government:				
Administration buildings	1	1		
Vehicles	2	6		
Parking lots	7	7		
Parking ramps	3	3		
Public safety:				
Public safety headquarters building	1	1		
Public safety stations	7	7		
Training facility	1	1		
Vehicles	193	194		
Community development and planning:				
Vehicles	25	25		
Parks and recreation:				
Administration building	1	1		
Youth development center	1	1		
Acreage of parks:				
Mini-parks	8.9	8.9		
Neighborhood parks and playgrounds	111.5	111.5		
Major community parks	728.5	728.5		
Open green space and preserves	137.0	137.0		
Number of parks:				
Mini-parks	9	9		
Neighborhood parks and playgrounds	14	14		
Major community parks	8	8		
Open green space and preserves	17	17		
Festival site	1	1		
Farmers market	1	1		
Cemeteries	2	2		
Swimming pool	1	1		
Beach	1	1		
Golf courses	3	3		
Vehicles	2	2		
Public works:				
Gravel pit	1	1		
Salt storage building	-	1		
Streets:				
Local streets (miles)	166.29	166.29		
Major streets (miles)	82.39	82.39		
Traffic signals	135	135		
•				

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Capital Asset Statistics by Function, Concluded Last Two Years

	Year			
Function/Program	2005	2006		
Wastewater:				
Sanitary sewers (miles)	291	291		
Storm sewers mains (miles)	187.5	187.5		
Number of lift stations maintained	52	60		
Maximum daily treatment capacity				
(millions of gallons)	53.5	53.5		
Water:				
Water facility	1	1		
Storage stations	8	8		
Pumping stations	18	18		
Booster/bleeder stations	13	13		
Water mains (miles)	665	665		
Wells in Service	103	103		
Maximum daily well capacity				
(millions of gallons)	66.79	66.79		
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	17.80	17.80		
Internal service:				
Public works equipment (A)				
Utility and other vehicles	84	95		
Public utilities equipment (B)				
Utility and other vehicles	102	120		

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the economic development function.

- (A) The Public Works Equipment fund holds assets allocated primarily to general government, community development and planning, parks and recreation, and public works based on actual use.
- (B) The Public Utilities Equipment fund holds assets allocated primarily to water and wastewater based on actual use.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures For Activities Related to the State Construction Code Act Michigan Public Act 245

For the Year Ending December 31, 2006

REVENUES:			
Building Permits	\$	365,239	
Electrical Permits		118,319	
Mechanical Permits		74,624	
Plumbing Permits		39,365	
Other Permits & License Fees		79,345	
TOTAL REVENUES			\$ 676,892
EXPENDITURES:			
Wages, Salaries and Benefits		433,281	
Supplies		5,374	
Services		50,543	
Administrative Overhead*		79,378	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 568,576
EXCESS/(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPEND	S	\$ 108,316	

^{*}Administrative overhead is computed for all City departments using a full cost-allocation plan. However, it is not charged to General Fund departments. Public Act 245 of 1999, which requires the inclusion of this schedule, also includes overhead as part of the expenditures to be reported.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Employees' Retirement System Revenue by Source and Expenses by Type Last Ten Years

Revenue by Source

			Employer Contributions		
Year Ended December 31	Employee Contributions	Employer Contributions	as a % of Covered Payroll	Investment Income (Loss)	Total
1997	1,918,690	840,966	2.3%	58,295,099	61,054,755
1998	1,912,918	-	-	40,484,951	42,397,869
1999	1,632,579	-	-	48,075,425	49,708,004
2000	1,464,329	-	-	9,692,656	11,156,985
2001	1,421,887	-	-	5,455,410	6,877,297
2002	1,472,060	-	-	(33,506,436)	(32,034,376)
2003	1,477,702	-	-	91,757,266	93,234,968
2004	1,517,175	-	-	56,524,988	58,042,163
2005	1,458,491		-	32,199,000	33,657,492
2006	1,518,785	-	-	66,454,372	67,973,157

Expenses by Type

	Expense	s by Type		
Year Ended		Administrative		
December 31	Benefits	Expenses (A)	Refunds	Total
				_
1997	8,101,582	284,899	212,831	8,599,312
1998	8,728,177	326,725	2,187,714 (B)	11,242,616
1999	9,651,489	347,015	342,280	10,340,784
2000	9,787,860	388,328	281,804	10,457,992
2001	11,125,036	350,335	321,125	11,796,496
2002	10,941,864	370,572	216,108	11,528,544
2003	12,206,053	373,945	184,431	12,764,429
2004	13,400,871	381,913	154,161	13,936,945
2005	13,421,166	474,191	305,481	14,200,838
2006	14,256,358	435,034	109,250	14,800,642

⁽A) Investment advisor fees are reported as a reduction of investment income, rather than as administrative expense.

⁽B) Includes transfer to Kalamazoo County of \$1,800,000 during 1998 for District Court Employees.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Taxable Value Last Five Years

TOTAL TAXABLE VALUE

Taxable	Year of State					Abated		Percent
Value as of	Equalization	Year Ended		Ad Valorem		Taxable	Total	Increase over
December 31	and Tax Levy	December 31	Ta	axable Value (1)		Value (2)	 Taxable Value	Prior Year
2001	2002	2002	\$	1,411,144,730	\$	15,108,650	\$ 1,426,253,380	4.70%
2002	2003	2003		1,460,450,750		35,442,050	1,495,892,800	4.88%
2003	2004	2004		1,491,444,525		37,257,246	1,528,701,771	2.19%
2004	2005	2005		1,544,579,241		33,836,143	1,578,415,384	3.25%
2005	2006	2006		1,614,675,385		23,178,428	1,637,853,813	3.77%
Per Capita Tota	al Taxable Value for	the Fiscal Year End	ing De	ecember 31, 2006 (2	3)		 	\$ 21,230.85

Note: The taxable values represent starting taxable property values rendered by the March Board of Review. The taxable values above do not reflect final adjustments of the Tax Tribunal Judgments, Board of Review decisions, or other adjustments.

- (1) Does not include the value of property located within the City's Renaissance Zone which was created pursuant to the provisions of Act 376 of the Michigan Public Acts of 1996, as amended ("Act 376"). Act 376 was designed to stimulate private investment within the Zone through the abatement of certain property, income, and business taxes. For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006, the Taxable Value of the property located in the Zone totaled \$3,925,833.
- (2) Abated taxable value is the equivalent taxable value of property granted tax abatement under Act 198.
- (3) Based on the City's 2000 census of 77,145

TOTAL TAXABLE VALUE BY USE AND CLASS

Years Ended December 31												
	2002 2003 2004 2005 2006											
<u>Use</u>												
Commercial	\$468,564,730	\$483,660,050	\$507,767,772	\$534,014,385	\$567,815,005							
Industrial	306,436,000	336,919,950	309,894,785	300,634,764	284,054,454							
Residential	651,252,650	675,312,800	711,039,214	743,766,235	785,984,354							
	\$1,426,253,380	\$1,495,892,800	\$1,528,701,771	\$1,578,415,384	\$1,637,853,813							
<u>Class</u>												
Real	\$1,184,635,880	\$1,237,383,700	\$1,296,480,721	\$1,351,560,784	\$1,406,290,065							
Personal	241,617,500	258,509,100	232,221,050	226,854,600	231,563,748							
	\$1,426,253,380	\$1,495,892,800	\$1,528,701,771	\$1,578,415,384	\$1,637,853,813							

PERCENT OF TOTAL TAXABLE VALUE BY USE AND CLASS

	Years Ended December 31							
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006			
<u>Use</u>								
Commercial	32.85%	32.33%	33.22%	33.83%	34.67%			
Industrial	21.49%	22.52%	20.27%	19.05%	17.34%			
Residential	45.66%	45.14%	46.51%	47.12%	47.99%			
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			
Class								
Real	83.06%	82.72%	84.81%	85.63%	85.86%			
Personal	16.94%	17.28%	15.19%	14.37%	14.14%			
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Assessor Division

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN State Equalized Valuation Last Five Years

Total State Equalized Value (SEV)

Assessed	Year of State						
Value as of	Equalization	Year Ended	Ad Valorem		Abated	Total	Percent
December 31	and Tax Levy	December 31	 SEV Value (1)	SE	EV Value (2)	SEV Value	Increase
2001	2002	2002	\$ 1,580,375,980	\$	28,091,000	\$ 1,608,466,980	4.30%
2002	2003	2003	1,667,513,680		35,850,050	1,703,363,730	5.90%
2003	2004	2004	1,732,394,900		37,296,800	1,769,691,700	3.899
2004	2005	2005	1,795,070,620		33,975,900	1,829,046,520	3.35%
2005	2006	2006	1.895.004.224		23,390,200	1,918,394,424	4.889

- (1) Does not include the value of property located within the City's Renaissance Zone which was created pursuant to the provisions of Act 376 of the Michigan Public Acts of 1996, as amended ("Act 376"). Act 376 was designed to stimulate private investment within the Zone through the abatement of certain property, income, and business taxes. For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006, the SEV of the property located in the Zone totaled \$4,605,188.
- (2) Abated taxable value is the equivalent taxable value of property granted tax abatement under Act 198.
- (3) Based on the City's 2000 census of 77,145

Total SEV by Use and Class

		Years Ended	December 31		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
<u>Use</u>					
Commercial	\$500,713,730	\$528,423,500	\$576,772,600	\$593,461,785	\$648,762,947
Industrial	326,477,700	346,110,900	316,876,700	271,393,700	291,139,765
Residential	781,275,550	828,829,330	876,042,400	930,215,135	983,096,900
	\$1,608,466,980	\$1,703,363,730	\$1,769,691,700	\$1,795,070,620	\$1,922,999,612
Class					
Real	\$1,369,591,030	\$1,444,661,180	\$1,538,229,150	\$1,578,198,420	\$1,690,650,764
Personal	238,875,950	258,702,550	231,462,550	216,872,200	232,348,848
	\$1,608,466,980	\$1,703,363,730	\$1,769,691,700	\$1,795,070,620	\$1,922,999,612

Percent of Total SEV by Use and Class

	Years Ended December 31						
_	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
Use							
Commercial	31.13%	31.02%	32.59%	33.06%	33.74%		
Industrial	20.30%	20.32%	17.91%	15.12%	15.14%		
Residential	48.57%	48.66%	49.50%	51.82%	51.12%		
=	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Class							
Real	85.15%	84.81%	86.92%	87.92%	87.92%		
Personal	14.85%	15.19%	13.08%	12.08%	12.08%		
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Assessor Division

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Maximum and Actual Tax Rates December 31, 2006

Millage Classification	Millage Authorized	Cumulative Millage Reduction Fraction (A)	Maximum Allowable Millage	Actual Millage Levied
Operating	20.0000	0.9943	19.1606	19.1606
Refuse Collection and Disposal	3.0000	0.9943	2.8741	1.7500
Mass Transportation	1.0000 24.0000	0.9943	0.9943 23.0290	0.9943 21.9049

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Treasury Division

(A) The cumulative millage reduction fraction reduces the authorized millage based on the Headlee amendment which limits the rate of growth of property tax revenue to the consumers price index.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Revenue Sharing Payments from the State of Michigan Last Five Years

		2002	 2003	 2004	 2005	 2006
Constitutional Statutory	\$	5,058,883 7,151,236	\$ 5,066,411 6,214,348	\$ 5,067,393 5,245,601	\$ 5,250,646 5,082,985	\$ 5,270,861 4,920,760
Total payments received	\$	12,210,119	\$ 11,280,759	\$ 10,312,994	\$ 10,333,631	\$ 10,191,621
Disbursement to other governmental units (1)	_\$	(243,183)	\$ (243,183)	\$ (243,183)	\$ (243,183)	\$ (243,183)
Net revenue sharing	\$	11,966,936	\$ 11,037,576	\$ 10,069,811	\$ 10,090,448	\$ 9,948,438
% of General Fund revenue (2)		25.4%	23.3%	21.3%	20.4%	18.8%

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Accounting Division

⁽¹⁾ The City receives revenue sharing payments on behalf of the Kalamazoo Library, Parchment Library, Metro Transit, and Downtown Development Authority.

⁽²⁾ The percentage of General Fund revenue is calculated using the non-GAAP, budgetary basis of actual revenues.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Receipts from the Michigan Transportation Fund Last Four Years

		2003		2004		2005		2006
Cash Basis	'	_						
Major Streets		\$4,107,782		\$4,363,410		\$4,163,652		\$4,145,499
Local Streets		1,146,596		1,219,380		1,164,396		1,159,416
	\$	5,254,378	\$	5,582,790	\$	5,328,048	\$	5,304,915
		Years Ended December 31						
		2003		2004		2005		2006

Years Ended December 31

	2003	2004	2005	2006
Accrual Basis			 	
Major Streets	\$4,154,486	\$4,351,527	\$4,154,921	\$4,124,532
Local Streets	1,159,188	1,216,600	1,162,004	1,153,481
	\$ 5,313,674	\$ 5,568,127	\$ 5,316,925	\$ 5,278,013

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Management Services Department, Accounting Division

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Labor Contracts December 31, 2006

Bargaining Unit	Membership	Contract Expiration Date
American Federation of State, County and		
Municipal Employees	162	October 2, 2008
Kalamazoo Municipal Employees Association	128	December 31, 2008
Kalamazoo Police Supervisors Association		
(Captains, Lieutenants and Sergeants)	49	December 31, 2005*
Kalamazoo Police Officers Association		
(Officers and Detectives)	220	December 31, 2005*
Amalgamated Transit Union		
(Bus Drivers and Mechanics)	83	February 13, 2007
Non-Union	177	Not Applicable
Total Employees	819	

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Human Resources

^{*}In process of negotiation at December 31, 2006.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Employment Statistics Last Ten Years

City of Kalamazoo State of Michigan Unemployed as Unemployed as Total Labor a % of Labor Total Labor a % of Labor Employed Force Unemployed Force Force Employed Unemployed Force 1997 37,921 1,665 39,586 4.2% 4,749,000 214,000 4,963,000 4.3% 1998 40,278 1,593 41,871 3.8% 4,810,000 198,000 5,008,000 4.0% 4,897,000 1999 40,930 1,688 42,618 4.0% 192,000 5,089,000 3.8% 2000 37,838 1,648 39,486 4.2% 4,953,000 190,000 5,143,000 3.7% 2001 37,207 2,257 39,464 5.7% 4,876,000 268,000 5,144,000 5.2% 2002 36,289 2,964 39,253 7.6% 4,725,000 315,000 5,040,000 6.3% 2,964 2003 36,167 4,681,000 358,000 5,039,000 39,131 7.6% 7.1% 2004 36,395 3,126 39,521 7.9% 4,695,000 356,000 5,051,000 7.0% 2005 37,135 2,869 40,004 7.2% 4,726,000 346,000 5,072,000 6.8% 2006 2,902 40,366 7.2% 4,730,000 351,000 5,081,000 6.9% 37,464

Source: Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth - Office of Labor Market Information

Note: Unemployment data represents annual averages not adjusted for seasonal changes. 1997-2005 data is updated to reflect current labor data available.

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Water Supply Franchises

<u>Franchisor</u>	Effective Date	Year of Renewal
Comstock Township Cooper Township	23-Dec-64 18-Nov-68	1994* 1998*
Kalamazoo Township	30-Jan-70	2000*
Oshtemo Township	8-Feb-65 18-Nov-68	1995* 1998*
Pavilion Township City of Portage (1)	28-May-74	2004*
City of Portage (1)	21-Apr-80	2010
City of Portage (1) Richland Township	10-Jul-89 28-Feb-72	2019 2002*
Richland Village	26-Jul-76	2002*
Texas Township	11-Dec-67	1997*

^{*} For any contracts which have expired, the City and the affected Township(s) are continuing their relationship under the continuation continuation portion of the agreement(s).

⁽¹⁾ The City of Portage has three agreements due to the addition of new service areas at different times.

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Approximate Number of Water Supply Customers by Location and User Classification Last Five Years

Customer Location and Classification	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
City:					
Residential	18,115	18,148	18,102	18,101	18,094
Commercial / Industrial	4,907	4,939	4,907	4,973	5,040
Total City	23,022	23,087	23,009	23,074	23,134
Out City:					
Residential	14,165	14,487	14,970	15,393	15,889
Commercial / Industrial	3,896	4,013	4,198	4,226	4,510
Total Out City	18,061	18,500	19,168	19,619	20,399
Total System:					
Residential	32,280	32,635	33,072	33,494	33,983
Commercial / Industrial	8,803	8,952	9,105	9,199	9,550
Total System	41,083	41,587	42,177	42,693	43,533

Source: City of Kalamazoo, Public Services Department, Water Division

(1) Data listed represents the number of meters and/or fire protection lines/hydrants for each year.

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM

Approximate Number of Water Customers by Location and Size of Meter or Fire Protection Line/Hydrant

	2005	<u>2006</u>
Meter Location and Size		
City: 5/8" - 3/4" 1"	16,703 2,168	16,579 2,254
1 1/2"	236	245
2"	1,049	1,063
3"	183	187
4"	98	92
6" 8"	11	12
Total City	20,448	20,433
Out City:		
5/8" - 3/4"	8,485	8,446
1"	6,952	7,505
1 1/2"	306	324
2"	825	851
3" 4"	113	117
4 6"	53 10	54 10
8"	0	0
Total Out City	16,744	17,307
Total Meters	37,192	37,740
Location and Size of Fire		
Protection Line/Hydrant City:		
4"	156	168
6"	135	139
8"	78	78
10"	1	1
Hydrants	2,256	2,315
Total City	2,626	2,701
Out City:		
4"	140	155
6"	82	86
8" 10"	63 4	66
Hydrants	2,586	4 2,781
Total Out City	2,875	3,092
·		
Total Fire Protection	5,501	5,793
Total Service Connections	42,693	43,533

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Water Supply Ready-to-Serve Charges by Meter Location and Size Last Five Years

	-				
Meter Location and Size	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
City (Quarterly Billed Accounts):					
5/8" Meter	\$ 12.03	\$ 12.03	\$ 11.93	\$ 14.92	\$ 16.35
1" Meter	15.35	15.35	14.86	18.84	20.87
1-1/2" Meter	18.67	18.67	17.78	22.75	25.40
2" Meter	27.81	27.81	25.83	33.51	37.85
2 Meter	27.01	27.01	23.63	33.31	37.03
City (Monthly Billed Accounts):					
5/8" Meter	6.49	6.49	7.06	8.40	8.80
1" Meter	7.60	7.60	8.03	9.71	10.31
1-1/2" Meter	8.70	8.70	9.01	11.01	11.82
2" Meter	11.75	11.75	11.69	14.60	15.97
3" Meter	34.18	34.18	31.43	41.01	46.53
4" Meter	42.49	42.49	38.75	50.79	57.85
6" Meter					
	61.87	61.87	55.81	73.62	84.25
8" Meter	84.03	84.03	75.31	99.70	114.43
City (Monthly Fire Protection Charge):					
4" Detector Check	17.27	17.27	15.94	15.57	15.27
6" Detector Check	21.52	21.52	19.82	19.45	19.02
8" Detector Check	29.77	29.77	27.28	27.29	26.56
10" Detector Check	59.81	59.81	54.00	59.87	57.14
Fire Hydrant	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33
Out City (Quarterly Billed Accounts):	1001	1201		10.51	24.40
5/8" Meter	13.84	13.84	14.62	18.61	24.18
1" Meter	17.89	17.89	18.62	23.99	31.84
1-1/2" Meter	21.94	21.94	22.62	29.38	39.50
2" Meter	33.07	33.07	33.63	44.20	60.57
Out City (Monthly Billed Accounts):					
5/8" Meter	7.09	7.09	7.95	9.63	11.41
1" Meter	8.44	8.44	9.29	11.42	13.97
1-1/2" Meter	9.79	9.79	10.62	13.22	16.52
2" Meter	13.50	13.50	14.29	18.16	23.54
3" Meter	40.83	40.83	41.30	54.52	75.26
4" Meter	50.95	50.95	51.30	67.99	94.41
6" Meter	74.56	74.56	74.64	99.41	139.10
8" Meter	101.55	101.55	101.31	135.33	
8 Weter	101.33	101.55	101.51	155.55	190.17
Out City (Monthly Fire Protection Charge):				
4" Detector Check	25.18	25.18	25.30	26.92	26.98
6" Detector Check	30.45	30.45	31.09	33.30	32.92
8" Detector Check	40.65	40.65	42.12	45.82	44.50
10" Detector Check	77.40	77.40	79.80	93.28	87.38
Fire Hydrant	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Water Supply Commodity Charges by Meter Location and Classification (1) Last Five Years

Meter Location and Classification	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
City:					
Residential	\$0.262	\$0.262	\$0.261	\$0.212	\$0.195
Multifamily	0.186	0.186	0.174	0.144	0.138
Commercial/Industrial	0.219	0.219	0.206	0.169	0.166
Fire Protection - First 15 M3	0.219	0.219	0.206	0.169	0.166
Fire Protection - Over 15 M3	0.657	0.657	0.618	0.507	0.498
Seasonal Uses	0.467	0.467	0.442	0.345	0.327
Out City:					
Residential	\$0.402	\$0.402	\$0.457	\$0.479	\$0.460
Multifamily	0.288	0.288	0.300	0.317	0.310
Commercial/Industrial	0.333	0.333	0.354	0.373	0.368
Fire Protection - First 15 M3	0.333	0.333	0.354	0.373	0.368
Fire Protection - Over 15 M3	0.999	0.999	1.062	1.119	1.104
Seasonal Uses	0.743	0.743	0.854	0.892	0.894

⁽¹⁾ per cubic meter

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM History of System Rate Increases

Date Increase Effective	Percent Increase (1)
Effective	increase (1)
January 1, 1984	5.00%
February 8, 1985	7.60%
March 2, 1987	5.00%
January 1, 1991	8.00%
January 1, 1993	8.00%
January 1, 1995	5.00%
March 3, 1997	5.00%
February 1, 1998	4.90%
March 15, 1999	2.00%
July 1, 2001	2.00%
February 1, 2002	2.00%
April 30, 2004	3.00%
March 4, 2005	3.00%
March 16, 2006	4.50%

⁽¹⁾ Reflects anticipated increase in total system revenues. The actual change in rates by meter location and classification vary.

CITY OF KALAMAZOO

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Water Supply Volume as Pumped and Billed (1) Last Five Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Pumped Billed Unaccounted (2)	27,801,468 25,568,124 2,233,344	26,627,560 22,717,891 3,909,669	25,794,132 22,715,384 3,078,748	27,341,264 24,137,318 3,203,946	25,118,117 22,879,533 2,238,584
Unaccounted as a Percent of Pumped (3)	8.03%	14.68%	11.94%	11.72%	8.91%

- (1) Measured in Cubic Meters
- (2) Unaccounted water volume is due primarily to the flushing of lines, pressure releases during routine maintenance and, to a diminishing degree, line loss and slow meters. As part of its quality control efforts, the City routinely flushes transmission lines.
- (3) From 2000 to 2002 the number of main breaks averaged approximately 78 per year. In 2003, the number of main breaks totaled 103, an increase of 32.1% over the average. The unusually large number of breaks attributed to the higher percentage of unaccounted water for the year.

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Water Volume as Billed by Meter Location and Classification Last Five Years

Meter Location and Classification	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
City:					
Residential	5,185,699	4,678,603	4,702,932	4,776,832	4,482,863
Multifamily	2,359,708	2,026,972	2,057,123	2,013,828	1,936,672
Commercial/Industrial	7,369,718	6,515,605	6,375,474	6,434,460	6,296,658
Fire Protection	24,145 (3)	17,526	13,226	2,020	5,849
Seasonal Uses (1)	682,097	533,360	427,194	564,031	482,159
Total City	15,621,367	13,772,066	13,575,949	13,791,171	13,204,201
Out City:					
Residential	5,507,974	4,863,779	4,999,192	5,799,993	5,398,303
Multifamily	1,573,023	1,490,873	1,542,022	1,621,964	1,546,052
Commercial/Industrial	2,332,723	2,163,269	2,206,978	2,355,603	2,279,672
Fire Protection	1,977	4,417	6,734	7,296	13,799
Seasonal Uses (1)	531,060	423,487	384,509	561,291	437,506
Total Out City	9,946,757	8,945,825	9,139,435	10,346,147	9,675,332
Total System:					
Residential	10,693,673	9,542,382	9,702,124	10,576,825	9,881,166
Multifamily	3,932,731	3,517,845	3,599,145	3,635,792	3,482,724
Commercial/Industrial	9,702,441	8,678,874	8,582,452	8,790,063	8,576,330
Fire Protection	26,122	21,943	19,960	9,316	19,648
Seasonal Uses (2)	1,213,157	956,847	811,703	1,125,322	919,665
Total System	25,568,124	22,717,891	22,715,384	24,137,318	22,879,533

- (1) Water volume is measured in cubic meters.
- (2) Represents flow relating to sprinkler systems which are metered separately.
- (3) A correction was made in 2000 that related to water volume that occurred in 1999. This correction exceeded the volume for 2000 and caused the net water volume for the year to appear as negative.

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Average and Peak Daily Water Supply Volume (1) Last Five Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Average Daily Water Supply	20.120	19.274	18.620	19.791	18.181
Peak Daily Water Supply	40.793	40.401	32.868	35.964	30.461
Peak as a Percent of Average	202.75%	209.61%	176.52%	181.72%	167.54%

⁽¹⁾ Measured in millions of gallons per day.

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Water Supply Revenue as Billed by Meter Location and Classification Last Five Years

Meter Location and Classification	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
City:					
Residential	\$ 2,214,094	\$ 2,053,156	\$ 2,105,124	\$ 2,077,008	\$ 2,032,474
Multifamily	556,324	494,134	480,151	440,957	428,355
Commercial/Industrial	1,871,601	1,685,351	1,585,398	1,428,144	1,377,491
Fire Protection	132,630	124,095	114,634	108,050	110,313
Seasonal Uses	353,737	286,379	227,223	240,876	207,027
Total City	5,128,386	4,643,115	4,512,530	4,295,035	4,155,660
Out City:					
Residential	\$ 3,057,363	\$ 2,780,762	\$ 3,166,987	\$ 3,970,922	\$ 4,107,645
Multifamily	566,432	536,870	576,265	668,041	689,119
Commercial/Industrial	933,956	884,258	941,205	1,094,782	1,128,341
Fire Protection	101,001	111,297	121,082	149,582	158,730
Seasonal Uses	425,357	344,883	358,216	509,619	457,896
Total Out City	5,084,109	4,658,070	5,163,755	6,392,946	6,541,731
Total System:					
Residential	\$ 5,271,457	\$ 4,833,918	\$ 5,272,111	\$ 6,047,930	\$ 6,140,119
Multifamily	1,122,756	1,031,004	1,056,416	1,108,998	1,117,474
Commercial/Industrial	2,805,557	2,569,609	2,526,603	2,522,926	2,505,832
Fire Protection	233,631	235,392	235,716	257,632	269,043
Seasonal Uses	779,094	631,262	585,439	750,495	664,923
Total System	\$ 10,212,495	\$ 9,301,185	\$ 9,676,285	\$ 10,687,981	\$ 10,697,391

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM Ten Largest Water Customers by Volume and Revenue Year Ended December 31, 2006

Customer	Principal Product or Service	Water Volume (cubic meters)	Percent of Total (1)	Water Revenue	Percent of Total (2)
Graphic Packaging	Paper Products	1,318,144	5.8%	\$ 223,635	2.1%
Western Michigan University	Higher Education	738,189	3.2%	198,879	1.9%
Pfizer Corporation	Pharmaceuticals	525,345	2.3%	148,130	1.4%
Occidental Development	Real Estate Development	134,017	0.6%	79,866	0.7%
Kalsec Inc.	Food Grade Flavoring	195,496	0.9%	78,950	0.7%
Borgess Medical Center	Hospital	497,044	2.2%	67,058	0.6%
Pavilion Estates	Mobile Home Park	118,920	0.5%	57,113	0.5%
Kalamazoo Public Schools	Education	110,831	0.5%	53,837	0.5%
Bronson Methodist Hospital	Hospital	224,871	1.0%	48,041	0.4%
Concord Place Apartments	Apartment Complex	121,750	0.5%	47,502	0.4%
		3,984,607	17.4%	\$ 1,003,011	9.4%

⁽¹⁾ Based on water volume of 22,715,384 cubic meters.

⁽²⁾ Based on Water System billed revenue of \$9,676,285.

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Wastewater Service Agreements

Municipality	Date of Execution	Year to be Renewed
City of Galesburg (2)	29-Jul-85	2025
City of Parchment (2)	23-Jul-85	2015
City of Portage (2)	27-Jan-86	2016
Village of Augusta (2)	26-Mar-81	2021
Village of Mattawan (2)	18-Nov-96	2026
Village of Vicksburg (2)	16-Apr-85	2015
Charleston Township (1)	3-Jul-98	2016
Comstock Township (1)	16-Sep-80	2010
Cooper Township (1)	10-Oct-83	2013
Kalamazoo Township (1)	6-Oct-80	2010
Oshtemo Township (1)	8-Oct-84	2014
Pavilion Township (1)	16-Mar-81	2011
Schoolcraft Township (1)	25-Oct-82	2012
Texas Township (1)	22-Oct-84	2014
Gull Lake Sewer Authority (2)	15-Sep-80	2010
Barry County		
Prairieville Township		
Richland Township		
Ross Township		

⁽¹⁾ Served by a retail service agreement.

⁽²⁾ Served by a wholesale service agreement.

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Approximate Number of Wastewater Customers by Location and User Classification Last Five Years

Customer Location					
and Classification	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Retail Customers					
In-City Retail Customers					
Residential	16,678	16,719	16,724	16,693	16,699
Commercial	2,819	2,839	2,815	2,932	2,908
Industrial	182	155	153	152	165
Sub-Total	19,679	19,713	19,692	19,777	19,772
Out-City Retail Customers					
Residential	7,734	7,946	8,259	8,486	8,876
Commercial	1,226	1,251	1,265	1,378	1,411
Industrial	70	49	49	46	47
Sub-Total	9,030	9,246	9,573	9,910	10,334
Total Retail Customers	28,709	28,959	29,265	29,687	30,106
•					
Wholesale Customers					
Industries	2	2	2	2	2
Wholesale Municipal Customers	8	8	8	8	8
Dewatering Accounts	12	10	7	6	8
Septage Haulers	20	9	20	21	8
Sub-Total	42	29	37	37	26
Flat Rate Customers	1,325	1,380	1,412	1,442	1,434
Total Sewer Customers	30,076	30,368	30,714	31,166	31,566
:					

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Number of Retail Customers by Meter Size Last Five Years

Meter Size	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
5/8" - 3/4"	22,583	22,644	22,561	22,475	22,410
1"	3,918	4,106	4,449	4,746	5,208
1-1/2"	368	384	385	421	443
2"	1,426	1,427	1,466	1,598	1,596
3"	264	256	260	288	293
4"	138	130	132	146	139
6"	12	12	12	13	17
	28,709	28,959	29,265	29,687	30,106

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Wastewater Ready to Serve Charges by Water Meter Location and Size Last Five Years

	1999 - 2001 (1)			2001- 2003 (2)			2003-2006 (3)					
Meter Location and Size	<u>M</u>	<u>onthly</u>	Q	uarterly	<u>M</u>	<u>[onthly</u>	Q	<u>uarterly</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>[onthly</u>	Qı	<u>uarterly</u>
City:												
5/8"	\$	6.41	\$	8.27	\$	6.51	\$	7.77	\$	6.87	\$	8.00
3/4"		6.49		8.55		6.57		7.96		6.93		8.17
1"		6.77		9.39		6.77		8.53		7.10		8.68
1-1/2"		7.15		10.51		7.02		9.28		7.33		9.36
2"		8.18		13.59		7.71		11.36		7.94		11.23
3"		15.73		36.26		12.80		26.65		12.53		24.96
4"		18.54		44.66		14.69		32.31		14.22		30.05
6"		25.06		64.24		19.09		45.52		18.18		41.93
Out City:												
5/8"	\$	6.59	\$	10.24	\$	6.91	\$	10.25	\$	7.50	\$	11.30
3/4"		6.77		10.79		7.08		10.76		7.69		11.88
1"		7.31		12.43		7.59		12.27		8.26		13.59
1-1/2"		8.05		14.63		8.25		14.27		9.02		15.87
2"		10.06		20.66		10.09		19.80		11.11		22.14
3"		24.86		65.06		23.64		60.44		26.51		68.34
4"		30.34		81.51		28.66		75.49		32.21		85.45
6"		43.13		119.87		40.36		110.61		45.53		125.37

⁽¹⁾ Rate change effective September 27, 1999.

⁽²⁾ Rate change effective July 1, 2001.

⁽³⁾ Rate change effective April 30, 2004.

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Wastewater Treatment Charges by Customer Classification (1) Last Five Years

Fiscal Years Ended	In-City Retail	Out-City Retail	Wholesale Municipal	City of	Septage	In-City Dewatering	Out-City Dewatering
December 31	Customers	Customers	Customers	Galesburg (2)	Haulers	Customers	Customers
1999-2000 (3)	0.299	0.446	0.244	0.268	13.919	0.268	0.459
2000-2003 (4)	0.282	0.488	0.259	0.291	17.802	0.258	0.501
2003-2006 (5)	0.288	0.561	0.312	0.351	27.978	0.261	0.574

- (1) Per cubic meter
- (2) Since the City of Galesburg does not have a master meter, the wastewater treatment charge is adjusted for the cost of infiltration and inflow, which is water other than wastewater entering the System.
- (3) Rate change effective September 27, 1999.
- (4) Rate change effective July 1, 2001.
- (5) Rate change effective April 30, 2004.

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Wastewater Treatment Volume as Billed by Customer and User Classification (1) Last Five Years

Retail Customers	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Residential	6,566,366	6,353,479	6,075,815	5,940,966	5,539,562
Commercial	9,081,189	8,112,063	8,158,941	8,393,078	8,265,253
Industrial	1,815,409	1,898,414	1,734,399	1,896,469	1,674,535
Sub-Total	17,462,964	16,363,956	15,969,155	16,230,513	15,479,350
Wholesale Customers					
Industries	7,223,118	6,937,039	6,238,942	6,052,304	5,047,683
Wholesale Municipal	7,594,052	7,984,969	8,126,901	8,096,596	8,047,185
Dewatering Accounts	641,582	187,542	124,769	176,306	224,917
Septage Haulers	25,569	23,847	12,559	10,173	14,109
Sub-Total	15,484,321	15,133,397	14,503,171	14,335,379	13,333,894
Total Wastewater Billed	32,947,285	31,497,353	30,472,326	30,565,892	28,813,244

⁽¹⁾ Measured in Cubic Meters.

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Wastewater Volume as Treated and Billed (1) Last Five Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Metered Wastewater Volume	38,959,122	36,869,796	36,075,759	36,859,197	33,119,030
Wastewater Consumption as Billed	32,947,285	31,497,353	30,472,326	30,565,892	28,813,244
Difference (2)	6,011,837	5,372,443	5,603,433	6,293,305	4,305,786
Difference as a % of Metered Wastewater Volume	15.4%	14.6%	15.5%	17.1%	13.0%

- (1) Measured in Cubic Meters.
- (2) The difference between the wastewater volume as treated and billed is due, in part, to slow meters and infiltration and inflow which is water other than wastewater that enters the System.

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Average and Peak Daily Wastewater Treatment Volume (1) Last Five Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Average Daily Sewage Disposal Volume	28.2	26.7	26.0	26.7	24.0
Peak Daily Sewage Disposal Volume	36.6	32.7	33.6	42.7	39.5
Peak as a Percent of Average	129.79%	122.47%	129.23%	159.93%	164.72%

⁽¹⁾ Measured in millions of gallons per day.

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Ten Largest Customers by Wastewater System Revenue and Volume as Billed Year Ended December 31, 2006

Customer	Principal Product or Service	Wastewater Volume (cubic meters)	Percent of Total (1)	Wastewater Treatment Revenue	Wastewater Surcharge Revenue	Wastewater System Revenue	Percent of Total (2)
Pfizer	Pharmaceuticals	4,041,997	13.9%	\$ 662,888	\$ 2,809,428	\$ 3,472,315	21.4%
City of Portage	Municipality	5,869,694	20.2%	1,831,345	-	1,831,345	11.3%
Graphic Packaging	Paper Products	1,005,740	3.5%	74,425	827,056	901,480	5.6%
Kalsec	Food Grade Flavorings	145,890	0.5%	23,321	574,755	598,076	3.7%
Gull Lake Sewer Authority District	Municipality	979,889	3.4%	305,728	-	305,728	1.9%
Cytec	Chemicals	284,831	1.0%	33,325	243,031	276,356	1.7%
Western Michigan University	Higher Education	586,051	2.0%	168,783	-	168,783	1.0%
JR7 (Graphic Packaging)	Paper Products	98,486	0.3%	11,523	143,854	155,377	1.0%
Hazelton	Research	52,551	0.2%	20,705	109,236	129,941	0.8%
Mattawan	Municipality	358,099	1.2%	111,727		111,727	0.7%
		13,423,228	46.3%	\$ 3,243,769	\$ 4,707,360	\$ 7,951,129	49.1%

⁽¹⁾ Based on wastewater treatment volume of 30,565,892 cubic meters.

⁽²⁾ Based on Wastewater System billed revenue of \$19,030,333

WASTEWATER SYSTEM Wastewater Revenue as Billed by Meter Location and Classification Last Five Years

Meter Location and Classification	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
City:					
Residential	\$ 1,747,103	\$ 1,659,454	\$ 1,674,809	\$ 1,654,702	\$ 1,602,182
Commercial	2,030,099	1,758,104	1,836,798	1,829,068	1,739,142
Industrial	218,098	186,282	163,914	175,900	179,884
Industrial Monitored	362,670	633,268	820,588	868,508	549,187
Contract	834,965	915,469	919,462	907,089	901,480
Municipalities	-	-	-	, -	, -
Septage Haulers	-	-	-	-	-
Dewatering	132,618	21,725	12,224	38,524	32,942
Total City	5,325,553	5,174,302	5,427,795	5,473,791	5,004,817
Out City:					
Residential	\$ 1,696,410	\$ 1,708,603	\$ 1,887,708	\$ 1,923,100	\$ 1,818,635
Commercial	1,425,529	1,317,917	1,488,569	1,728,051	1,845,624
Industrial	109,991	123,721	105,912	112,742	87,990
Industrial Monitored	621,299	742,607	902,925	993,519	1,054,791
Contract	6,371,252	6,401,938	4,653,742	5,975,185	3,472,315
Municipalities	1,973,103	2,076,481	2,365,379	2,533,583	2,512,287
Septage Haulers	479,060	507,895	305,516	284,542	395,402
Dewatering	56,012	42,791	35,088	5,821	16,791
Total Out City	12,732,654	12,921,953	11,744,839	13,556,543	11,203,835
Total System:					
Residential	\$ 3,443,513	\$ 3,368,057	\$ 3,562,517	\$ 3,577,802	\$ 3,420,817
Commercial	3,455,628	3,076,021	3,325,367	3,557,119	3,584,766
Industrial	328,089	310,003	269,826	288,642	267,874
Industrial Monitored	983,969	1,375,875	1,723,513	1,862,027	1,603,978
Contract	7,206,216	7,317,407	5,573,204	6,882,274	4,373,795
Municipalities	1,973,103	2,076,481	2,365,379	2,533,583	2,512,287
Septage Haulers	479,060	507,895	305,516	284,542	395,402
Dewatering	188,629	64,516	47,312	44,345	49,733
Total System	\$ 18,058,207	\$ 18,096,255	\$ 17,172,634	\$ 19,030,334	\$ 16,208,652

WASTEWATER SYSTEM History of System Rate Increases

Date Increase	Percent
<u>Effective</u>	<u>Increase</u>
January 1, 1984	0.00%
February 8, 1985	0.00%
March 2, 1987	2.40%
January 1, 1991	-7.50%
January 1, 1993	0.00%
January 1, 1995	0.00%
March 3, 1997	0.00%
February 1, 1998	0.00%
March 15, 1999	0.00%
July 1, 2001	4.00%
February 1, 2002	0.00%
April 30, 2004	6.75%

^{*} In 1999 there was a revenue neutral rate change. That is, rates for some classifications increased while rates for other classifications decreased. Overall, there was no increase in revenue.

SINGLE AUDIT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006



CITY OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN Single Audit

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Federal/	
Pass-through	1

	Pass-through			
Federal/Pass-through Grantor	CFDA	Grantor	Award	Federal
Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Direct programs:				
Community Development Block Grant:				
Program year 1998/99	14.218	B-98-MC-26-0022	\$ 2,300,016	\$ 15,209
Program year 1999/00	14.218	B-99-MC-26-0022	2,290,000	82,182
Program year 2000/01	14.218	B-00-MC-26-0022	2,316,000	2,400
Program year 2001/02	14.218	B-01-MC-26-0022	2,410,000	2,544
Program year 2002/03	14.218	B-02-MC-26-0022	2,396,000	36,692
Program year 2003/04	14.218	B-03-MC-26-0022	2,168,000	69,237
Program year 2004/05	14.218	B-04-MC-26-0022	2,166,000	228,757
Program year 2005/06	14.218	B-05-MC-26-0022	2,056,687	1,077,307
Program year 2006/07	14.218	B-06-MC-26-0022	1,872,055	646,995
Total Community Development Block Grant	- 11	_ *************************************	2,0.2,000	2,161,323
Home Investment Partnerships Program:				
Program year 2003/2004	14.239	M-03-MC-26-0207	3,954,217	436,863
Total U.S. Department of				
Housing and Urban Development				2,598,186
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct programs:				
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant:				
Program year 2004/05	16.592	04-LB-BX-0350	64,918	9,255
Weed and Seed Grant:				
Program year 2004/05	16.595	2004-WS-Q4-0145	224,997	1,076
Bulletproof Vest Program:				
Program year 2006	16.607	-n/a-	14,443	4,807
Project Safe Neighborhood:				
Program year 2003/04	16.609	2003-GP-CX-0561-4-24003	125,000	75,425
COPS In School Grant:				
Program year 2003/04	16.710	2002SHWX0469	375,000	62,497
Justice Administration Grant	16.738	2005DJBX0103	72,406	33,209
Total U.S. Department of Justice				186,269
				(Continued)
				(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Concluded) For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Federal/		
Federal/Pass-through Grantor	CFDA	Pass-through Grantor	Award	Federal
Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	penditures
110grum 1100	Tullioei	Tumber	- Iniount	 penditures
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Direct programs:				
Federal Transit Administration -				
Capital, Planning, and Operating Assistance:				
Capital 1999	20.507	MI-90-X317	\$ 1,604,901	\$ 5,755
Capital 2003	20.507	MI-90-X404	858,655	5,354
Capital 2004	20.507	MI-03-X206	3,775,993	1,108,854
Capital 2004	20.507	MI-90-X431	503,325	201,920
Capital 2005	20.507	MI-90-X455	1,632,732	77,053
Capital 2006	20.507	MI-03-0216	2,993,076	980,102
Operating	20.507		1,239,132	1,612,434
Total FTA Capital, Planning, and Operating Assistance				3,991,472
Environmental Protection Agency				
Direct program:				
National Brownfield Pilot - Redevelopment				
Initiative - Assistance Amendment	66.807	V985392-01-1	100,000	 5,904
Passed-through the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality:				
Wellhead Protection Grant:				
Program year 2004/05	66.468	-n/a-	70,000	 67,900
Total Environmental Protection Agency				 73,804
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Direct program:				
Assistance to Firefighters	97.044	EMW-2004-FP-00656	161,770	133,092
Assistance to Firefighters	97.044	EMW-2005-FP-01410	339,000	 15,335
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				 148,427
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 6,998,158

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the City of Kalamazoo, Michigan (the "City"). Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on this schedule.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

The City of Kalamazoo reporting entity is defined in Note I of the City's basic financial statements.

The City administers certain federal awards programs through subrecipients. Those subrecipients are not considered part of the City of Kalamazoo reporting entity. Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City of Kalamazoo provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
Community Development		
Block Grant	14.218	\$ 1,230,163
Home Investment Partnership		
Program	14.239	363,151
Local Law Enforcement		
Block Grant	16.592	9,255
Assistance to Firefighters	97.044	127,300
Total		<u>\$ 2,867,134</u>

* * * * * *



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

August 28, 2007

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kalamazoo, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan*, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2007. We did not audit the financial statements of the Downtown Development Authority and the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association, which represent 13.3% and 4.1% of the assets and 24.2% and 5.3% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units, respectively. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Downtown Development Authority and the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Kalamazoo Golf Association were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. The significant deficiencies are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2006-1 and 2006-2.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be presented or detected by the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* internal control. Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests and the reports of the other auditors disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Kalamazoo, Michigan, in a separate letter dated August 28, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, City Commission, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Lohan



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

August 28, 2007

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kalamazoo, Michigan

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan* with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2006. The *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the *City of Kalamazoo, Michigan's* compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the *City of Kalamazoo, Michigan's* compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan* complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan* is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan's* internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Kalamazoo*, *Michigan*, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2007. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Kalamazoo's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Downtown Development Authority and the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association, which represents 13.3% and 4.1% of the assets and 24.2% and 5.3% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units, respectively. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Downtown Development Authority and the Kalamazoo Municipal Golf Association, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, City Commission, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Lobson

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unqualified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	X yes none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unqualified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section 510(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS (Concluded)

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
14.218	Community Development Block Grant
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes no

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2006-1 Utility Billing System

Criteria: The City is responsible for maintaining a general ledger that accurately reflects

its financial position. In addition, balances on the general ledger should be

supported be adequate subsidiary ledgers and documentation.

Condition: At year end, there was a \$40,000 unreconciled difference between the general

ledger and the utility billing system for accounts receivable from utility

customers.

Cause: The cause of this condition is two-fold: 1) reports are generated by the utility

billing system before all prior period dated items have been identified, and 2)

the inexperience of assigned staff to recognize items for reconciliation.

Effect: This condition increases the risk that revenues and receivables related to the

utility billing system could be misstated by an amount that is more than inconsequential. Also, the unreconciled differences between the general ledger and the utility billing system lead to less useful information for decision making

throughout the year.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Recommendation: We recommend that the City take the steps necessary to ensure that these amounts are accurately reconciled each month on a timely basis so that decision makers have the best information at their disposal throughout the year.

Management's

Response:

The City experienced a large turnover in key financial staff, which led to less experienced staff reconciling accounts. The City agrees that the current Utility Billing subsidiary ledger system has reporting limitations, which require detailed reconciliations to be completed between the billing system and the general ledger system. The City recognizes that these system limitations increase our risk that revenues and receivables related to the utility billing system to be misstated.

During 2006, the City began a multi-year conversion to a new Enterprise Resource System that includes a new Utility Billing module. We completed the implementation of our general ledger in the fall of 2006. A new Utility Billing module will be implemented in 2008 and we are confident that the ERP system will improve the reconciliation process of the Utility Billing module and the General Ledger.

2006-2 **Accounting for Assets Held for Resale**

Criteria:

Generally accepted accounting principles require capital assets acquired with the express intent of resale to be reported as financial assets in governmental funds. The City's internal controls should include procedures to identify all significant assets held by the City and to record such assets in the accounting system.

Condition:

External audit procedures (which, by definition, cannot be a part of an entity's internal control structure) detected the existence of significant balances of assets held for resale.

Cause:

The internal controls of the City failed to identify assets held for resale in the Neighborhood and Community Development Fund.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Concluded)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Effect: Assets of the government-wide and Neighborhood and Community

Development Special Revenue Fund were initially understated by \$412,633. When the condition was detected during the audit, management performed an analysis of properties held for resale and recorded entries to properly reflect the

inclusion of such assets in the accounting system.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City analyze its internal controls to ensure all

significant assets are identified and recorded.

Management's

Response: The City agrees that our internal controls failed to identify assets held for resale

in the Neighborhood and Community Development Fund.

The City has identified and developed an internal control process to ensure that these types of transactions and purchases are recorded properly in the future. The new process will ensure that any future property purchases and rehabilitation costs are recorded in accordance with generally accepted

accounting principles.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.

SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None.

* * * * * *



August 28, 2007

To the City Commission of the City of Kalamazoo Kalamazoo, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Kalamazoo for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2007. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America and OMB Circular A-133

As stated in our engagement letter dated January 30, 2007, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Kalamazoo's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Kalamazoo's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also, in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Kalamazoo's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the City of Kalamazoo's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the City of Kalamazoo's compliance with those requirements.

Significant Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we advised management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Kalamazoo are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the City of Kalamazoo during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the original cost and accumulated depreciation of its infrastructure capital assets is based on current replacement costs, and an assumed rate of inflation from the dates of original acquisition/construction. We evaluated the key factors assumptions used to develop the original cost and accumulated depreciation of the City's infrastructure capital assets in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable capital assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of those assets in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the liability for uninsured risks of loss, including incurred but not reported claims, which are accounted for in certain of the City's internal service funds and for which the City utilizes the services of an independent third-party risk management consultant to estimate the liability. We relied upon the work of the third-party expert in determining that the liability is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Audit Adjustments

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define an audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the City of Kalamazoo's financial reporting process (that is, cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). In our judgment, none of the adjustments we proposed, whether recorded or unrecorded by [the City of Kalamazoo, either individually or in the aggregate, indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the City of Kalamazoo's financial reporting process.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Issues Discussed Prior to Retention of Independent Auditors

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City of Kalamazoo's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

This letter and the accompanying memorandum are intended for the use of the City Commission management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Rehmann Lobson

City of Kalamazoo

Comments and Recommendations

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Kalamazoo as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. The deficiencies we noted that we consider to be significant deficiencies are described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in the City's Single Audit report.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Other Matters

Unlawful Expenditures

In its Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government, the State of Michigan provides guidance on determining lawful expenditures. Essentially, local units of government can only expenditures that relate to a public purpose unless specifically allowed by State statue or court decision. During our audit of the City, we came across several expenditures that appear to be unlawful, or illegal.

During the year, the City made a contribution of \$100,000 to the Kalamazoo Communities in Schools Foundation for the purpose of providing multiple services in area schools. In previous years, similar payments had been made under a subrecipient agreement between the City and the Foundation under the City's CDBG program. Due to a change in the funding of the City's CDBG program, the 2006 payment was made from the general fund as an appropriation. However, such payments are not lawful expenditures under State law. In order to comply with the guidance issued by the State of Michigan, we recommend that the City structure any future payments to nonprofit organizations as contracts for services, rather than as contributions or appropriations.

City of Kalamazoo

Comments and Recommendations (Concluded)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

It also came to our attention that City has been holding staff picnics and other celebrations for its employees and funding these with public dollars. Meals for employees during normal working hours are considered personal expenditures, not for a public purpose, and improper unless specifically provided for in a collective bargaining agreement. We reviewed the collective bargaining agreements for the employees who attended the specific events we discovered and found no such provision. It is our understanding that the City's provision of food and beverages to its employees during normal working hours is fairly pervasive. We recommend that the City coordinate with its attorney to develop a policy on such expenditures, and either amend its personnel handbook or otherwise restructure these payments in such a way as to comply with State law.

Undistributed Receipts

The City uses an undistributed receipts account to record payments that require a later distribution of funds. Activity in this fund includes monies received from City and State tax foreclosures as well as claw back monies received from companies in default of tax abatement agreements. Normally, it is expected that these funds will be distributed in a timely manner (i.e. within 30 days of receipt or City Commission approval). During fiscal year 2006, the City did not make any distributions while adding an additional \$100,000 to the account, bringing the 2006 year end balance close to \$340,000. We recommend that the Treasurer's Office distribute the balance of this account in accordance with State guidelines and City policy.

The City Treasurer, Tax Collection Coordinator and Treasury Records Clerk intend to focus on this account to disburse those funds that are deemed eligible for distribution. It is anticipated that this process will be completed by the end of July 2007. Thereafter, funds will be distributed within 30 days of receipt or within 30 days of City Commission approval to convey the property.

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